

All Electron User
programs also work
on the BBC Micro with
OS 1.2 and Basic II

A Database Publication

electron

user

Vol.2 No.12 September 1985 £1

Go West — for
our bumper game

TEX'N'DAN

— Full listing inside

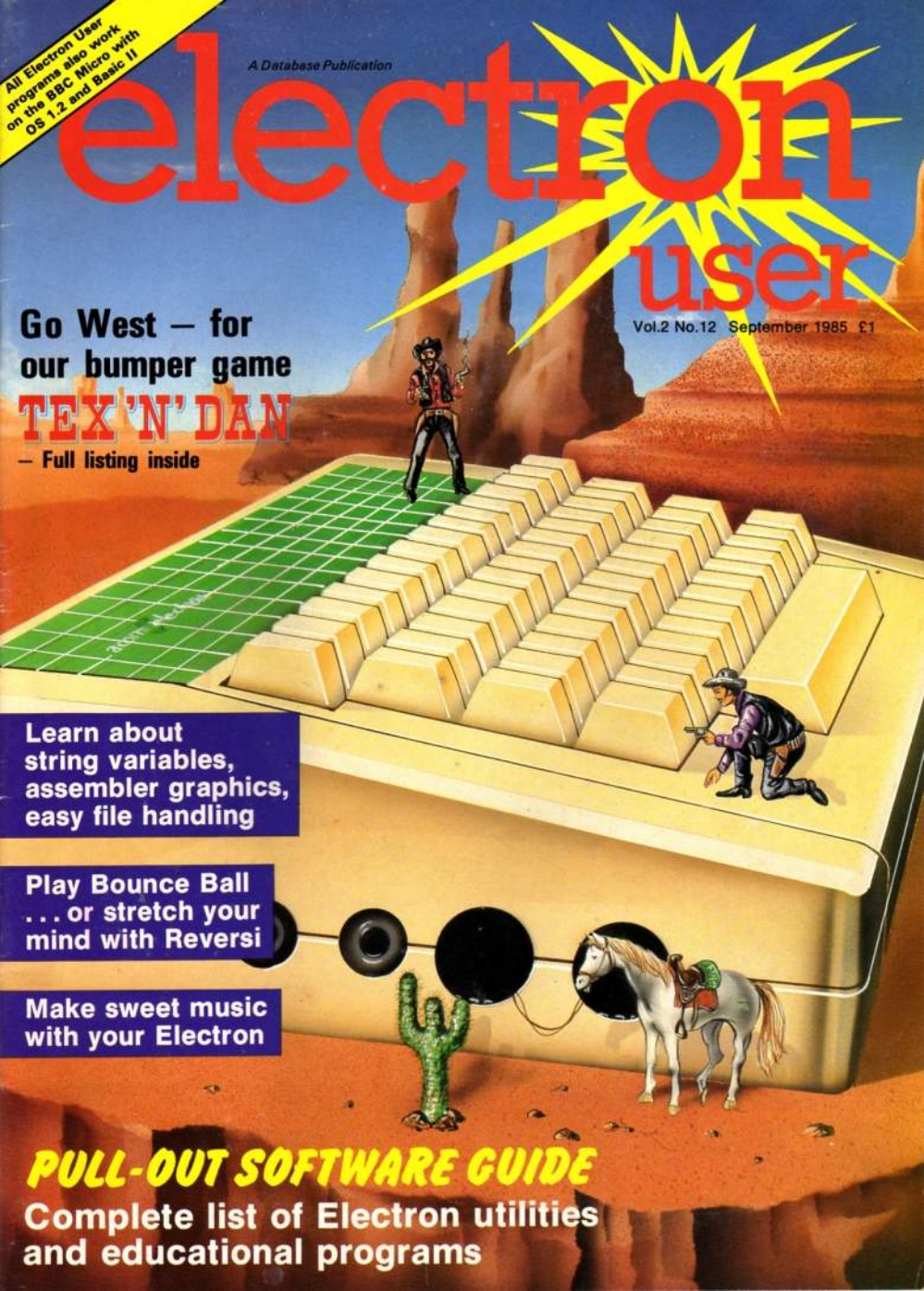
Learn about
string variables,
assembler graphics,
easy file handling

Play Bounce Ball
... or stretch your
mind with Reversi

Make sweet music
with your Electron

PULL-OUT SOFTWARE GUIDE

Complete list of Electron utilities
and educational programs



BLUE RIBBON



See us on Stand 21
UMIST,
Manchester
September 27-29, 1985

BBC 'B' & ELECTRON CASTLE ASSAULT



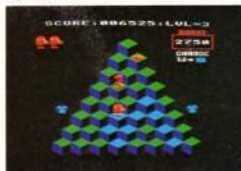
DIAMOND MINE



NIGHTMARE MAZE



BBC 'B' Q* MAN



DARTS



SCREWBALL



SECRET SAM 1/BANANA MAN



3-D MUNCHY/HANGMAN



SECRET SAM 2/GUY IN THE HAT



Q*MAN'S BROTHER



ALL TITLES R.R.P. £2.50

BBC GAMES DISK 1
RRP £9.95

QMAN
CASTLE ASSAULT
3D MUNCHY
BANANA MAN
NIGHTMARE MAZE



BLUE RIBBON SOFTWARE LTD.
SILVER HOUSE, SILVER ST.
DONCASTER TEL. (0302) 21137/8

BBC GAMES DISK 2
RRP £9.95

DARTS
QMAN'S BROTHER
SCREWBALL
GUY IN THE HAT
DIAMOND MINE

News

All that's new in the ever expanding world of the Electron.

5



Beginners

Al you ever wanted to know about CHR\$ but were afraid to Ascii.

19

M/c Code Graphics

Cursor controlled pints in the third of our series.

10



Showtime

Your invitation to the next Electron & BBC Micro User Show in Manchester.

16

Contest

Here's a unique competition for young programmers - with a job as the prize!

22



Compose

Composition made easy with this program of note!

26

Micro Messages

The pages you write yourself. A selection from our mailbag.

47

Tex'n'Dan

Do what a man's got to do in this superb wild west game.

50



Rotate

Animated action that has your Electron in a spin.

59

Order form

Take out an annual subscription, order a back issue, tape, dust cover or binder ... all on one simple form.

60

electron user Guide to Electron Software

PART ONE
Educational programs
Utility programs

Software Guide

The definitive guide to all the utilities and educational software on the Electron.

31

Notebook

A simple filing system simply explained.

30

Reversi

Combine cunning and chance as you aim to out-think your micro.

35

Bounce Ball

Two-player action in this electronic ball game.

44

Software Surgery

All you wanted to know about the latest in software from our frank reviewers.

39



Managing Editor

Derek Meakin

Features Editor

Pete Bibby

Production Editor

Peter Glover

Layout Design

Heather Sheldrick

Advertisement Manager

John Riding

Advertising Sales

John Snowden

Editor in Chief,

Database Publications

Peter Brameld

Published by Database Publications Ltd

Europa House, 68 Chester Road, Hazel Grove, Stockport SK7 5NY.

Telephone: 061-456 8835 (Editorial) 061-456 8383 (Administration) 061-456 8500 (Advertising)

Subscriptions: 061-480 0171. Telegram Gold Mailbox: 79-MAG001. Prestal: 614568383.

Telex: 265871 MONREF G. Quoting Ref. 79-MAG001.

ABC 18.052 July-Dec 1984

New trade distribution: Europress Sales and Distribution Limited, 11 Brighton Road, Crawley, West Sussex RH10 6AF. Circulation 0293 27053.

Electron User is an independent publication. Acorn Computers Ltd, manufacturers of the Electron, are not responsible for any of the articles in this issue or for any of the opinions expressed.

Electron User welcomes program listings and articles for publication. Material should be typed or computer-printed, and preferably double-spaced. Program listings should be accompanied by cassette tape or disc. Please enclose a stamped, self-addressed envelope, otherwise the return of material cannot be guaranteed. Contributions accepted for publication will be on an all-rights basis.

Subscription rates for 12 issues, post free:

£12 UK & Eire (Sterling only)

£20 Europe

£20 Rest of world (surface)

£40 Rest of world (airmail)

© 1985 Database Publications Ltd. No material may be reproduced in whole or in part without written permission. While every care is taken, the publishers cannot be held legally responsible for any errors in articles or listings.

DISC POWER

AT A NEW LOW PRICE!

NOW it's cheaper than ever to add the power of discs to your Electron Plus 1 – with the Cumana floppy disc system.

Easy to fit and simple to use, the Cumana system has the latest and most flexible DFS for the Electron – and much more besides.

It consists of an interface, electronics and software in a cartridge, a single 5 $\frac{1}{4}$ in disc drive with lead and a utilities disc.

The interface slots into the Plus 1's cartridge port. Up to

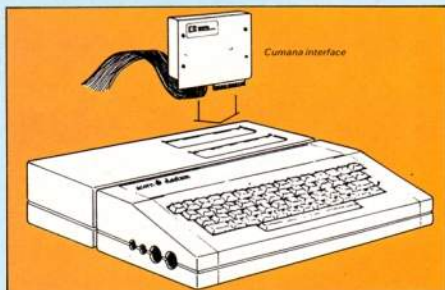
two 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ in or 5 $\frac{1}{4}$ in disc drives can be attached. The result is a whole new dimension of speed and reliability!

Its advanced features include:

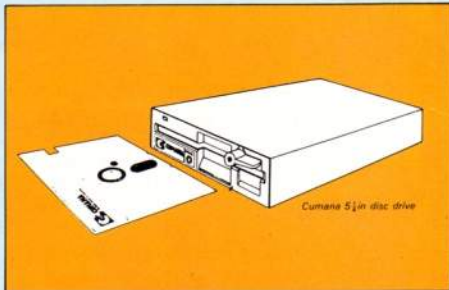
- Fast, reliable storage of programs, word processor files and databases.
- Double density format to maximise use of the discs.
- A complete set of commands for efficient disc management.
- Easy transfer from tape to disc. The DFS uses no precious RAM.
- Random access files for more advanced data storage.

- The ability to read programs from both BBC Micro single density discs and from the Plus 3 ADFS discs.
- A utilities disc packed full of useful programs, including a verify routine, formatters, copy and backup routines and a powerful disc editor.
- A thorough, straightforward manual.

When you add to this the fact that the cartridge has a built in real time clock and a ROM socket (for additional software on a chip) then you'll realise why the Cumana floppy disc system has been so warmly welcomed by Electron users.



Cumana interface



Cumana 5 $\frac{1}{4}$ in disc drive

- ☐ Please send me the Cumana Floppy Disc System
(£ £224.15 (inc. VAT & p&p) 3073)

Payment: please indicate method (✓)

- ☐ Access/Mastercard/Eurocard
No. _____
☐ Barclaycard/Visa
No. _____
☐ Cheque/PO made payable to Database Publications Ltd.

Name _____ Signed _____

Expiry date: / /

Address _____

Send to: Database Publications, FREEPOST,
Europa House, 68 Chester Road, Hazel Grove,
Stockport SK7 5NY.

(No stamp needed if posted in UK)

Please allow 28 days for delivery

You can
also order 061-480 0171
by phone

Don't forget to quote your
credit card number and
give your full address or use
the order form on Page 61.

Save £45
on the
**Cumana
floppy disc
system**
RRP £269.90
OUR PRICE £224.15
inc. VAT

electron user NEWS

Great sale is on

THE biggest Electron sale ever is under way as retailers, determined to clear shelf-space, have been drastically slashing the prices of old stocks.

An *Electron User* survey of major outlets has revealed that Electrons are selling for £100 and under at Macro, Laskys, Asda and Safeways – less than shops were paying distributors for the machines a few weeks ago.

At Rumbelows the price was £120.

However, W.H. Smith, Dixons and Boots were holding to the recommended retail price of £129 – at least for the time being.

Compete

Trade observers believe Smiths, Dixons and Boots will have to bring their prices down to compete against the "dumpers".

"They can't expect to sell Electrons for £30-plus above the price they can be bought in the next street", said one leading distributor.

The new low prices fixed by Macro, Laskys, Asda and Safeways have angered smaller retailers who are stuck with Electrons they paid more than £100 each for.

Software house raps soccer stars 'ransom'

A NUMBER of leading British "soccer heroes" are attempting to hold UK software houses to ransom, according to a publisher of Electron titles.

Footballing celebrities are said to be making extortionate demands for up to 75 per cent of all profits to allow their names to be used to promote games.

The claims come from Malcolm Howard of Qualsoft whose company has just released Mexico World Cup '86 for the Electron.

Nor is it simply a question of the stars requesting huge payments after they have been approached by software houses. It seems that famous players are actively tout-

ing themselves.

Malcolm Howard revealed to *Electron User* that three well known footballers approached Qualsoft with propositions while the new game was being written.

"They were quite willing to sell their names to the game", he said. "I find this worse than prostitution".

"We spent 12

months producing the soccer management game and there was no way we were going to debase it in that way", insisted Malcolm Howard.

"These people aren't interested in computing. In fact I'm sure they wouldn't know which keys to press".

But the Qualsoft executive feels other less scrupulous software houses would be eager to take on the stars for the promotional value of their names.

"It is this lack of real involvement that leaves many football simulation programs resembling little more than arcade games", he said.

And football players are not the only celebrities eager to jump onto the software names game bandwagon. Malcolm Howard says that athletes, cricketers and pop stars are looking at it as an easy way of making money.

Meanwhile Mexico World Cup '86 is due to be launched this month in time for the qualifying rounds of the World Cup proper.

"We will be relying on the skills of our programmers to ensure that it is a winner – not the name of some money-hungry player", said Howard.

ACORNSOFT PLEDGE

ACORNSOFT has pledged that in future all its products will be brought out for both the Electron and the BBC machines.

The undertaking was made despite the fact Acorn is currently believed to be offering the software house for sale.

The new policy is not yet in evidence. Only two of four titles in the company's home education range – Workshop

and Talkback – can run on both machines.

The reason, says Acornsoft's home education spokesman Don Clark, is that the programs were already in the pipeline before the policy decision was made.

The other two, Spooky Manor and ABC incorporate Mode 7, a facility not available on the Electron.

But he said Acornsoft plans to bring out a version of Spooky Manor for the machine.

Said Clark: "All the packs we are now working on will work on both the Electron and the BBC. But they will be designed, as far as possible, for the Electron's strengths – although they will behave differently on each machine."

COMMS INTERFACE SOON

A LEADING microelectronics company has confirmed that it is currently working on a top secret communications package for the Electron.

Pace Micro Technology of Bradford is about to launch the

interface card exclusively forecast in the August *Electron User*.

This will enable Electron owners to be able to reap the benefits of the telecommunications revolution for the first time.

Electron updates

BUSINESS software for the Electron from Slogger Software is claimed to challenge similar facilities on offer to the BBC Micro.

The first ROM, Starword, is a word processor developed exclusively for the Electron using tape or disc. It allows documents up to 132 characters wide and any length – depending on the size of tape or disc – to be created and edited.

Its features include 40 or 80 column screen display, choice of text colours, word search and replace, electronic cut and paste, programmable function keys, mail and file merge.

Price is £34.50.

Starstore, the second ROM, is a database system costing £29.95.

Show exhibitor helps medical research



Mike Mahon and Jim Notman with the new freezer

A CHANCE encounter at an Electron & BBC Micro User show has led to a major advance in research into crippling diseases at Manchester University Medical School.

The meeting resulted in an exhibitor donating an ultra-low temperature freezer worth £4,000 to a specialist team working on muscular dystrophy and related problems.

It all started when two freelance reviewers – Jim Notman and Mike Mahon – bumped into Nazir Jessa, the boss of Watford Electronics.

At that time, Jim and Mike bemoaned the fact that their work at the North West Regional Neuromuscular Unit was suffering from the Government cutbacks.

Critical

In passing, they told the company boss that they were short of a critical piece of equipment – the freezer.

"It was only an off-the-cuff remark", insists Jim Notman. "So you can imagine our surprise when Nazir Jessa took us up on it."

"Even though as a qualified optician he obviously has an interest in medical things, we have been overwhelmed by his

generosity".

Now that the medical freezer has been installed, it is being used to store human muscle specimens at minus 80 degrees Centigrade.

"This is the critical temperature at which they must be kept for biopsy purposes", explained Jim Notman.

"As such, the freezer solves a major problem for us".

Breakthrough

Eventually the Manchester research team, which has to rely on grant aid and public donations for funding, hopes to build up a bank of diseased muscle to aid the attempt to make the long-awaited breakthrough in the field of muscular dystrophy.

One of the number of projects currently under way is a study of Duchenne muscular dystrophy, a wasting disease which only effects small boys.

To analyse the progress of the disease in a quantitative way through muscle tissue BBC Micros are used.

"The machine – with its fast processing power, graphics and versatile interfacing, has a tremendous part to play in this area of research", says Jim Notman.

Products launch at micro spectacular

THE Electron and BBC Micro User Show, which broke all previous records in London last May, now moves to Manchester for the third year running.

It is to be held once again at UMIST from September 27 to 29 inclusive.

Such was the success of the show earlier this year among both exhibitors and public alike that the Manchester event was guaranteed to be a virtual sell-out several months ago.

Advance ticket sales for UMIST are reported to have never been heavier, and the scene is now set for a microcomputer spectacular.

"Once again we are about to see a demonstration of support for Acorn products which will convince everyone

that the future of the company is assured", says Derek Meakin, head of Database, the show's organisers.

Early reports from exhibitors reveal that numerous new products will be launched for the Electron, ensuring its place as third most popular micro in the UK.

As a result of public demand, the Walk-In Forum will be repeated at UMIST. Here some of the leading experts on the BBC Micro and the Electron will be making guest appearances.

This year's distinguished line-up includes: Paul Beverley, Norwich Computer Services, taking an in-depth look at Wordwise; Peter Brameld, Database Publications, examining electronic mail and its potential for domestic use; Rob Mcmillan,

Acornsoft, discussing the View family of products; Peter Davidson, Database Software, revealing how to create a bestselling software package; Andy Hood, Pace Micro Technology and author of Commstar, unravelling the mysteries of communications.

COMPETITION'S PRIZE IS

A COMPETITION for unemployed youngsters in the North West has been launched jointly by *Electron User* and its sister publication *The Micro User* with the star prize on offer... a secure job.

Database Publications is to provide full-time employment

for the winner, who must be an out-of-work school-leaver aged between 16 and 20.

Participants are being asked to submit any program they have written – from a simple utility to an exciting game or business package. Full details of the contest and an entry

form can be found on Page 22.

The position to be won is that of a trainee programmer with Database Software, a division of Database Publications.

A panel of judges will interview all the finalists before making the "appointment" during



Extracting charge

DESIGNED to take the pain out of calculating National Health Service charges for dentists is a new program for the Amstrad called the Charge Master from Dentron Computers.

Its cassette program calculates charges in seconds and allows professional estimates

to be printed out.

Should there be any changes in NHS charges the company says it will provide low-cost updates.

Price of the system, which includes the Amstrad CPC464 Charge Master program and a printer, costs £399.85.

Budget packs

BUDGET packs of educational programs are being made available for the first time to Electron users.

Stell Software has released two double educational games packs at £2.50 although originally the individual games cost £7.95 each.

Included on the tapes are Stell's educational programs, Railroader and Maths Invaders, and Time and Identikit.

Sideways RAM

A NEW sideways RAM for the Electron from Advanced Computer Products allows users to write their own ROM-based software.

Priced £33, it comes with software support including loader, tape disc facilities and printer buffer.

Advanced has also brought out a disc filing system enabling the user to load and chain not only Electron software but also BBC disc-based software. It costs £20.

A fourth for bridge

MAKING a bid for part of the Acorn software market is Livewire Software, with its first games for the Electron, Bridge and Whist Challenge.

A contract bridge game, Bridge Challenge provides the player with a partner and opponents, makes bids for the opposition based on an analysis of their cards alone, and displays the cards and table on screen.

Whist Challenge is a partner whist game and features full scoring during play and screen of cards and table.

Both include auto and cheat-proof play and are provided with playing instructions or manual.

Education software gets a boost

THE *Electron User* campaign to get more educational software onto the shelves of computer retailers has been boosted by a new alliance of eight leading publishers.

This month sees the birth of British Educational Software Associates whose members are Applied Systems Knowledge, Bourne Educational Software, Calpac Computer Software, Collins Software, Griffin Software, Hill MacGibbon, Macmillan Software and Widgeit Software.

The aim is to encourage retailers to stock educational software and help them sell it by aggressively promoting public awareness of the range of programs available.

"There is a strong but frustrated demand for educational software", says Roy Davey, marketing director of Collins

Software and Hill MacGibbon, the leading figure in forming BESA.

"Would-be buyers have difficulty finding a retailer who offers a good choice and a fast ordering service.

"Educational software is not an impulse purchase. Customers want to know where they can find a good stock and see it demonstrated".

More than 200 specialist retailers will stock BESA's "core list" of 40 programs and will be able to meet orders for another 200-plus titles within 48 hours.

Distribution will be through Proteus Computing, which carries stocks of another 450 educational titles not

included in the BESA scheme.

Martin Neild of Macmillan Software told *Electron User*: "Declining computer sales have led to almost a complete shut-out of educational software by retailers in recent months.

Awareness

"We have started BESA to make sure educational programs are represented in the shops, to heighten public awareness of the excellent software available, and to help people realise that micro are not toys but serious learning tools.

"We aim to change the attitudes of dealers and the public - to bring computers out of the

cupboard if you like.

"Initially BESA will operate for a trial period until the end of this year. If it takes off we will have to think about opening it up to other educational software publishers who share our objectives".

Craig Thatcher of Proteus said: "This is not a software dumping exercise. We are offering dealers the very best titles from the BESA software houses.

"All schools and local education authorities will be informed what programs are available and where they can get them. There will be special competitions and promotions, and attractive inducements for dealers to stock our core list of educational titles".

Educational software publishers outside the BESA group have warmly welcomed the new initiative.

Kosmos Software boss Keith Spence said: "This is a very worthwhile idea and I wish BESA all the best of luck with it.

"Firms like mine will be following its progress with interest and will look forward to cooperating in this venture in the future".

A JOB IN COMPUTING

the first day of the Electron & BBC Micro User Show opening at UMIST, Manchester, on September 27.

"We want this to be a competition in which youngsters will be able to give full play to their imagination, says Derek Meakin, head of the Database Group. "It is

being designed so that even those with limited computer skills can still participate".

But why a job as a prize?

"The North West is a blackspot for unemployed school-leavers", says Derek Meakin. "So what could be more attractive than the

chance of a job?"

The lucky winner will be joining an elite team. Database Software has been responsible for a number of chart topping packages, including Mini Office which reached the finals of two categories in the British Microcomputing Awards 1985.

SOLIDISK EFS COMBINES DISC AND A SOCKET FOR THE WINCHESTER

Solidisk Double Density DFS is now the ultimate in reliability and supported by the largest amount of software available for the Electron.

Solidisk relies on a good product and a large support network to win the heart of the user.

With over 75 Local Experts, covering England, Scotland and Wales, Solidisk can offer many users regional free fitting and advice.

With an ever increasing catalogue of free software, even users who are new to the Disc system can expect to build up a large library in a fairly short time.

Solidisk Software Support Service already has responsibility for over 50,000 BBC computer users and the ability to give you the best service matched only by the largest companies.

Solidisk Double Density DFS handles both BBC Discs and Electron Discs, in single and double density whereas the Acorn's PLUS 3 can only handle ADFS discs.

Solidisk ADFS has nice features such as automatic disc format sensing, built-in disc formatter and verifier and programmable disc speed.

It also has more than 20 disc utilities built into the ROM.

Standard features for both BBC DFS and ELECTRON ADFS implementations include:

- 1) Automatic Write Error Correction.
- 2) Automatic 40/80 track stepping, the ADFS 2.1 will let you read and write 40 track discs if you have an 80 track drive.
- 3) Disc repair facilities.

Disc sector editor (*DZAP), memory editor (*MZAP), recover good sectors (*RECOVER) rewrite multiple sectors (*RESTORE), read bad sectors and bad track (*RTRACK), repair and restore bad sectors and track (*WTRACK) and the powerful disc copy (*DCOPY) which is capable of duplicating even some non BBC discs.

- 4) Tape to disc facilities.

Direct transfer from tapes to disc (*TAPEDISC) will work with all unprotected programs. *TAPELOAD and *TAPESAVE will cope with more difficult ones. Only in some cases (multipart games cassettes) will you need Solidisk tape copier.

- 5) Wordprocessing facilities.

This facility allows *BOOT and other text files to be edited, saved and printed in any screen mode.

- 6) Automatic disc format sensing.

On Shift-Break, the STL ADFS 2.1 will detect the disc format and use the right BBC DFS or Electron ADFS to run.

On the Electron ADFS side, the 2.1 ROM also has some very nice features:

- 1) Extensive Disc formatting facilities.
*FORM40, *FORM80, *FORM160 and *WFORM (for the Winchester) are available to handle any disc drive.
- 2) Disc verifying facilities.
*VERIFY will check all disc sizes including Winchester for media defects.
- 3) Number of opened channels.

This is the star feature of Solidisk ADFS.

This facility (*OPEN) allows you to specify how many files will be opened in a program, thus maximising the available RAM while avoiding buffer page swapping as on the Acorn ADFS.

It leaves PAGE at &1900 for most programs, gives more room to View and Viewsheets and avoids unnecessary conversion work for many programs originated for the BBC DFS to be run on your Electron.

On the BBC DFS side, the STL ADFS 2.1 handles both single and double density and in addition, it supports:

- 1) Unlimited catalogue entries.
- 2) Unlimited filesize.

THE SOLIDISK 16k SIDEWAYS RAM:

Solidisk Sideways RAM is an almost indispensable add-on for the Electron with disc drives.

The Sideways RAM occupies the same memory area as the BASIC or ADFS ROM in the micro's memory map. This means that Sideways RAM can run almost any ROM type software, including languages, utilities and games.

Sideways RAM is notably invaluable to run games and specially "MEGAGAMES".

Games and programs run at 2MHz clock speed in Sideways RAM, if loaded into the Electron RAM, they can only run at 1MHz clock speed, ie half the speed of Sideways based games.

Megagames are too large to be run on the unexpanded Electron. They use extensively 8 colour high resolution screen (mode 2), background music, sound and

high speed sprites.

Solidisk supply free software to maximise the use of Sideways RAM on the Electron. These include Wordprocessor, Spreadsheet, Database, Toolkit, Machine Code Monitor, Printer Buffer, Sprites, Playtunes, Virtual Memory Processor, VDU Replay, Screen Effects, digitised pictures etc...

THE WINCHESTER SOCKET:

Solidisk has the most powerful Winchester system for the BBC computers and the Electron. The Winchester system can provide from 20 Megabytes to a theoretically possible 1300 Gigabytes of storage, directly on line with the Electron.

The same Winchester unit can be used on the BBC B, the BBC PLUS and the Electron without any change.

You can read more about it in BBC Micro User or in Acorn User Magazines. Price of a 20 Megabyte system is only £700.00 + VAT (£805.00).



WE looked last month at a few simple machine code routines to print a character on the screen. Now we're going to see how we can control our character using the cursor keys.

There's only one machine code program this time but it's fairly complicated so I'm going to go through it line by line.

It contains some useful routines that you can incorporate into your own programs.

Type in and run Program I first and see what it does. It's a cursor controlled pint of beer! You'll understand the explanation better once you've played around with this program.

Right, having had our little play we'll get down to business.

First the print routine. It's basically the same as the one we developed last time and is taken from Program VI in the August *Electron User*.

I'll develop it further in the next part, but for the moment I'll leave it as it is. You'll find it starting at line 1050 in our Program I this month.

The routine has been given the label *print* for obvious reasons. It expects the data for the character to be stored at &C00.

This page of memory is reserved for characters defined using VDU 23 but, as we aren't defining any, it won't be used, allowing us to place our data there.

Lines 60 to 90 read the

How to control your drinking habit - with the cursor!

character data and store it in page &C. It's the same as last time.

The routine *print* uses two zero page locations which are labelled *old* and *new*. It erases the character at *old* and prints it again at *new* using the EOR method.

Each item of data is collected from page &C, EORed with the screen memory and stored back in the screen memory. This allows it to pass over background objects without erasing them. If you're a bit fuzzy about EOR then have another look at August's article.

There's a short initialisation routine which sets the two bytes at *old* to &8000 and similarly *new* and *print* to &64CB. *Print* is the address of the pint.

The reason for setting *old* to &8000 at the start is so that the first time the pint is printed it will EOR &8000 to erase it.

This is off the screen in the ROM, and as you know, ROM means Read Only Memory so

writing to it has no effect. If you don't do this you'll get two pints.

Try setting *old* to &5800 in lines 200 and 220 and you'll see what I mean.

Unsurprisingly *start*, at line 250, is the start of the main section. It first loads the A register with 19 and calls *osbyte* at &FFFF.

This is the same as *FX19 reducing the flicker when moving characters about the screen. Immediately after this *print* is called to print the pint at the new position.

This is followed by a short delay loop. Without it the pint will whizz off the screen so fast when you touch a key you won't even see it.

Next come four routines to read the keyboard and calculate the new address of the character. They are all similar, so there's no need to go through each one.

The routine to move the pint right starts at line 350. *Osbyte* &81 is used to read the keyboard so the A register is

loaded with &81.

Now the X register must be loaded with the two's complement of the negative inkey number and the Y register with &FF.

The cursor right key is INKEY(-122) so we have to work out the two's complement of -122. 122 in binary is 01111010. Now change all the 0s to 1s and the 1s to 0s to get the one's complement. This is 10000101.

Finally add 1 to get the result, 10000110. In hexadecimal this is &86, the two's complement of -122.

Surely there must be an easier way you're thinking. Well there is, just ask your Electron to work it out!

PRINT*=-122

will give the result FFFFFFFF86. The Electron uses bigger numbers than we do, so ignore the first 6 Fs and use the last two digits.

Having loaded the A register with &81 to read the keyboard and the X and Y

```
10REM PROGRAM I
20REM By R.A.Waddilove
30REM (c) Electron User
40MODE 5
50VDU 23,1,0;0;0;0;
60FOR byte=0 TO 15
70READ data
80byte%&C00=data
90NEXT
100old=&70:new=&72
110pint=&74
120osbyte=&FFFF
130FOR pass=0 TO 2 STEP 2
140PI=&900
150OPT pass
160
170initialise
```

```
180LDA #&00:STA old
190LDA #&00:STA old+1
200LDA #&CB
210STA pint:STA new
220LDA #&64
230STA pint+1:STA new+1
240
250.start
260LDA #19 \*FX19
270JSR osbyte
280JSR pint
290LDA #5 \delay loop
300LDA #0
310.here
320DEX:BNE here
330DEX:BNE here
340
```

```
350.right \INKEY(-122)
360LDA #&81
370LDA #&86
380LDA #&FF
390JSR osbyte
400TYA:BEQ left
410CLC
420LDA pint:STA old
430ADC #0
440STA pint:STA new
450LDA pint+1:STA old+1
460ADC #0
470STA pint+1:STA new+1
480JMP start
490
500.left \INKEY(-26)?
510LDA #&81
```

```
520LDA #&6
530LDA #&FF
540JSR osbyte
550TYA:BEQ up
560SEC
570LDA pint:STA old
580SBC #0
590STA pint:STA new
600LDA pint+1:STA old+1
610SBC #0
620STA pint+1:STA new+1
630JMP start
640
650.up \INKEY(-58)
660LDA #&81
670LDA #&C6
680LDA #&FF
```


Part 3 of ROLAND WADDILOVE's series on programming graphics with arcade games in mind



registers with the two's complement and &FF, *osbyte* is called. It returns with the Y register set to either TRUE or FALSE indicating whether the key was pressed or not.

PRINT*TRUE

and

PRINT*FALSE

to see the values returned. Y is either &FF, TRUE or 0, FALSE.

Y is transferred to the A register which sets the zero flag is Y was FALSE. So if the key isn't being pressed we skip to the next routine to test the left cursor key.

Alternatively, if the key is being pressed then &8 is added to the address stored in *point*. At the same time *old* is set to the old value of *point* and *new* set to the new value. A jump back to *start* follows this.

If you cast your mind back to the first article you'll remember that the Mode 5 screen is made up of 32 rows and that each row is made up

of 40 columns, each 8 bytes deep.

One character is two columns or 16 bytes and &140 separates the start address of one row and the start address of the next.

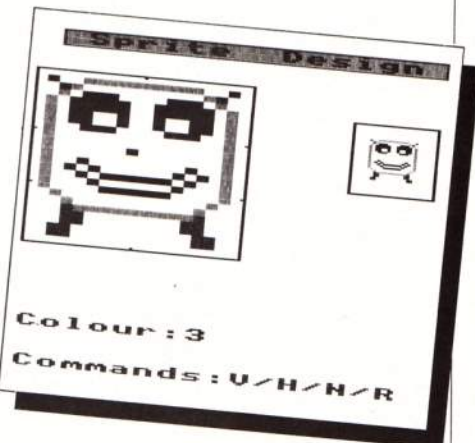
The routines to test the other cursor keys are the same as for the right cursor key. The only difference, apart from the negative inkeys, is the amount *point* is incremented or decremented by.

To move left 8 is subtracted, to move right 8 is added. Up is -&140 and down is +&140.

You're probably getting a bit fed up, or thirsty, looking at the same old character, so, as promised, I have included a sprite definer. This is Program 11.

At the moment our print routine can only cope with normal size characters, so stick to designing characters 8 by 8 pixels.

Try making up a few multi coloured characters - space invaders and monsters - and



substitute them for the pint of beer in Program 1.

When designing a sprite make sure that it's in the top left corner of the box. This is because there are four pixels per byte and if the character is four pixels wide say, it might use two pixels in one byte and two in the next when it only needs one.

The sprite designer creates data statements which are

*SPOOLED. To load them back *EXEC whatever you called the *SPOOLED file.

In the next article I'll list the full sprite print routine.

This can cope with any size sprite and can print it at any address, even when it's split over several lines - so get designing some sprites.

In the meantime I think I'll have a look at a few more pints!

```
690JSR osbyte
700TYA:BEQ down
710SEC
720LDA pint:STA old
730SBC #40
740STA pint:STA new
750LDA pint+1:STA old+1
760SBC #1
770STA pint+1:STA new+1
780JMP start
790
800.down \INKEY(-42)
810LDA #40
820LDX #40
830LDY #FF
840JSR osbyte
850TYA:BEQ escape
```

```
860CLC
870LDA pint:STA old
880ADC #40
890STA pint:STA new
900LDA pint+1:STA old+1
910ADC #1
920STA pint+1:STA new+1
930JMP start
940
950.escape \INKEY(-113)
960LDA #40
970LDX #40
980LDY #FF
990JSR osbyte
1000TYA:BEQ end
1010JMP start
1020.end
```

```
1030RTS
1040
1050.print
1060LDX #2
1070.loop1
1080LDY #15
1090.loop2
1100LDA #C00,Y
1110EOR (old),Y
1120STA (old),Y
1130DEY
1140BPL loop2
1150LDA new:STA old
1160LDA new+1:STA old+1
1170DEX
1180BNE loop1
1190RTS
```

```
1200J
1210NEXT
1220
1230*FX16
1240PRINT""Press"
1250PRINT""cursor"
1260PRINT""keys..."
1270CALL &900
1280
1290REM Beer
1300DATA 136,240,143,143,1
43,143
1310DATA 143,119,136,170,2
21,153
1320DATA 221,170,136,0
```

From Page 11

Program 11: Sprite Editor

```

10REM Sprite-Ed (MODE 5)
20REM By R.A.Waddilove
30REM (c) Electron User
40MODE 4:VDU 23,1,0;0;0;
0;
50PROCInstructions
60MODE 5:VDU 23,1,0;0;0;
0;
70PROCInitialise
80PROCscreen:PROCdesign:
PROCsave
90*FX1,0
100*FX12,0
110END
120
130DEF PROCInitialise
140*FX16,0
150*FX4,1
160VDU 23,224,&F0,&F0,&F0
,&F0,0,0,0,0
170LX=9000:ink=1
180color=70:color=703
8100
190ENDPROC
200
210DEF PROCPlot(CX)
220GCOL 0,CX:MOVE 96*YX*3
2,848-YX*16:VDU 5,224,4:PLD
T 69,960*XX*0,764-YX*4
230ENDPROC
240
250DEF PROCdesign
260COLOUR 3
270IX=0:YX=0:FX21,0
280REPEAT
290GCOL 3,3:MOVE 96*YX*32
,848-YX*16:VDU5,224
300KX=INKEY10:KX=KX-(KX=1
37 AND IX(15)+(KX=136 AND X
X30):YX=YX-(KX=138 AND YX(2
31)+(KX=139 AND YX)0)
310IF KX>47 AND KX<52 KX=
KX-49:color?KX:(color?KX+1)
MOD16:VDU 19,KX,color?KX;0;
320VDU22,24,4
330IF KX=67 ink=(ink+1)MO
D4:COLOUR ink:PRINT TAB(0,2
5);ink:COLOUR 3
340IF KX=127 PROCPlot(0)
350IF KX=135 PROCPlot(ink)
360IF KX=78 VDU 24,920;63
6;1130;780;16,26,24,80;456;
630;856;16,26
370IF KX=86 OR KX=72 PROC
mirror
380IF KX=82 PROCrotate
390UNTIL KX=13
400ENDPROC
410
420DEF PROCrotate
430LOCAL XX,YZ
440PRINT TAB(1,21)"Rotati
ng...":VDU5
450FOR YX=0 TO 15
460FOR XZ=0 TO 15
470GCOL 0,POINT(960*YX*8,7
64-YX*4):MOVE 96*(15-YX)*32
,848-XZ*16:VDU224
480NEXT
490NEXT
500PROCprint
510ENDPROC
520
530DEF PROCmirror
540LOCAL XX,YZ
550PRINT TAB(1,21)"Mirror
":VDU5
560FOR YX=0 TO 15
570FOR XZ=0 TO 23
580GCOL 0,POINT(960*YX*8,7
64-YX*4)
590IF KX=86 MOVE 96*(15-X
Z)*32,848-YX*16:VDU224 ELSE
MOVE 96*YX*32,848-(23-YX)*
16:VDU224
600NEXT
610NEXT
620PROCprint
630ENDPROC
640
650DEF PROCprint
660FOR YX=0 TO 15
670FOR YZ=0 TO 23
680GCOL 0,POINT(96*YX*32,
848-YZ*16):PLOT 69,960*YX*8
,764-YZ*4
690NEXT
700NEXT
710VDU4:PRINT TAB(1,21)SP
C(18):+FX21
720ENDPROC
730
740DEF PROCscreen
750GCOL 0,3:MOVE 0,0:DRAW
0,995:DRAW 1246,995:DRAW 1
246,0:DRAW 0,0
760COLOUR 3:COLOUR 129:PR
INT TAB(2,21) "Sprite Desig
n":COLOUR 128:COLOUR 2:PRI
NT TAB(1,28)"Commands:V/H/N
/R/TAB(1,25)"Colour:":COLO
ur:ink:PRINT:ink
770 MOVE 64,864:DRAW 640,
864:DRAW 640,440:DRAW 64,44
8:DRAW 64,864
780MOVE 912,880:DRAW 1136
,880:DRAW 1136,632:DRAW 912
,632:DRAW 912,880
790GCOL 0,2:MOVE 128,962:
DRAW 1150,962:DRAW 1150,924
:DRAW 128,924:DRAW 128,962
800GCOL 0,1:MOVE 32,1023:
MOVE 1280,1023:PLOT 85,32,1
000:PLOT 85,1280,1000:MOVE
1280,32:PLOT 85,1260,1000:P
LOT 85,1260,32
810GCOL 0,3:MOVE 32,1000:
DRAW 32,1023:DRAW 1276,1023
:DRAW 1276,32:DRAW 1260,32
820PLOT 69,352,860:PLOT 6
9,352,454:PLOT 69,72,720:PL
OT 69,634,720:PLOT 69,72,59
2:PLOT 69,634,592
830ENDPROC
840
850DEF PROCsave
860TX=0:FOR XZ=0 TO 15:FO
R YX=0 TO 23:TX=TX+POINT(9
60*YX*8,764-YX*4):NEXT:NE
XT
870IF TX=0 ENDPROC
880address=62F0
890TX=0:JX=FNlookx(1)
900address=address+(JXMOD
8)+140*(JXDIV8)
910rows=FNlookx(-1)-JX
920IX=FNlookx(1)
930address=address+8*(IXD
IV4)
940columns=FNlookx(-1)DIV
4-IXDIV4
950TX=6400
960FOR YX=0 TO columns
970AX=address+8*YX
980FOR YZ=0 TO rows
990?TX=74X
1000TX=TX+1:AX=AX+1-6138*(
(AZ AND 7)=7)
1010NEXT
1020NEXT
1030VDU 22,6
1040TX=6400
1050INPUT "Sprite's name
":name$
1060$CL "SPOOL "+name$
1070PRINT:LX:"REN ":name$:
LX=LX+10
1080PRINT:LX:"REN rows=":r
ows+:LX:/columns=":columns+:
LX=LX+10
1090data$=STR$IX+"DATA "
1100FOR YX=0 TO columns
1110FOR YZ=0 TO rows
1120data$=data$+STR$TX+" "
1130TX=TX+1
1140IF LEN data$>35 OR (IX
=columns AND YZ=rows) PRINT
LEFT$(data$,LEN data$-1):L
X=LX+10:data$=STR$IX+"DATA
"
1150NEXT
1160NEXT
1170$SPOOL
1180ENDPROC
1190
1200DEF FNlookx(FX)
1210YX=-23+(FX=-1):TX=0
1220REPEAT
1230FOR YX=0 TO 15
1240TX=TX+POINT(960*YX*8,7
64-YX*4)
1250NEXT
1260YX=YX-FX*(TX=0)
1270UNTIL TX
1280=YX
1290
1300DEF FNlookx(FX)
1310YX=-15+(FX=-1):TX=0
1320REPEAT
1330FOR YX=0 TO 23
1340TX=TX+POINT(960*YX*8,7
64-YX*4)
1350NEXT
1360YX=YX-FX*(TX=0)
1370UNTIL TX
1380=YX
1390
1400DEF PROCInstructions
1410VDU19,1,6;0;
1420COLOUR 129:COLOUR 0:PR
INT TAB(3,2) " S P R I T E
D E S I G N E R "
1430COLOUR 128:COLOUR 1:PR
INT "Max size 16x24 pixels
(2x3 chars)"
1440PRINT"Data statements
are created starting at li
ne 9000 and are SP00LED."
1450PRINT"Use cursor key
s to move, COPY to plot a p
ixel, DELETE to erase a pi
xel. RETURN saves current s
prite data."
1460PRINT"###.redefin
e colours"###.change co
lour"###.horizontal mir
ror"###.vertical mirror
"###.rotate top 16x16 p
ixels"###.end"
1470COLOUR 129:COLOUR 0:PR
INT TAB(0,17)"0-3""C""H"
"V""R""E"
1480PRINT"TAB(9,28)" Pres
s space bar...":FX21,0
1490REPEAT UNTIL GET=32
1500ENDPROC

```

This listing is included in this month's cassette tape offer. See order form on Page 61.

It has just about every utility you're likely to need

(Electron User)

INVALUABLE TO EVEN NON-DISC USERS

16k EPROM Advanced Disc Toolkit containing over 30 commands



It's excellent value for money (Acorn User)

Take a close look at ADT - it's superb (Electron User)

Due to the success of ADT, we are able to maintain the price of £29+p&p (£30+VAT)

Advanced Electron DFS

1770 DFS for the Electron

This EPROM allows ELK and Plus 3 users to use both ACORN DFS'S; ADFS & 1770 DFS (as supplied in the BBC+). Now you can load, chain etc. compatible BBC disc-based software

£20
+p&p
&
VAT

A unique facility for the ELK! Software/EPROMS can be loaded in and automatically write protected No links to pull or connect. Can be switched between 2 x 8k or 1 x 16k. FREE software support to include print buffer.

Advanced Sideways Ram £33 +p&p & VAT

As the ARA 1 but with 2 sockets, it is now possible to have 4 EPROMS on line without attaching bulky interfaces. A key feature of this product is the built in facility to upgrade to 8k or 6k RAM.

Advanced Rom Adaptor II £12 +p&p & VAT

Now you can gain access to many existing EPROMS by simply inserting them into this budget adaptor cartridge that plugs into the Plus 1

Advanced Rom Adaptor I £8 +p&p & VAT

All supplied in Acorn approved cartridges with 1 year warranty.

* NO SOLDERING REQUIRED *

ORDER FORM

Please send me

_____ A.D.T. @ 34.50 = _____
 _____ A.R.A. I @ 10.35 = _____
 _____ A.R.A. II @ 14.95 = _____
 _____ A.S.R. @ 39.10 = _____
 _____ A.E.D. @ 24.15 = _____
 _____ DFS Manual @ 4.75 = _____
 * Special Offers *
 _____ A.D.T. +ARA I @ 42.50 = _____
 _____ A.E.D. +ARA I @ 32.50 = _____

I enclose payment for £ _____

My Name _____

Address _____

Ref. DE



Advanced Computer Products

6 Ava House, High Street
Chobham, Surrey. GU24 8LZ
Telephone: (0276) 76545

ORDER
NOW



15 full-length programs

designed to stimulate, educate and entertain

– both in school and at home

£5.95 Electron cassette

All necessary instructions are contained within the programs themselves, but more detailed descriptions can be found in **The Micro user Education Special**. Originally written for the BBC Micro, it includes complete listings of all the programs, together with advice on how they can be adapted to cater for individual needs.

Book +
Electron
cassette
£7

Book
only
£1.95



MATHS TRIO

Three invaluable elementary maths programs, which give the child guided practice and also graphically demonstrate the reasoning behind the sums.

Tuadd: Teaches how to add up two digit numbers, including carry and is illustrated with animated graphics. At various stages in the addition the child has to tell the Electron what to do next.

Tusub: Covers subtracting two digit numbers where the units 'won't go'. The Electron shows the subtraction in all its stages with graphics designed to illustrate the reasons behind each stage.

Tumult: Helps with elementary multiplication of two digit numbers – in particular where there are 10s to carry.

Calculator: Sums at a stroke! We turn your micro's screen into an easy-to-use calculator.

Table Mountain: Despite ever-changing fashions in maths teaching, tables still have to be learned. This program adds a lively new dimension to what is all too often tedious rote.

Gottit!: An intriguing two player word guessing game packed full of educational potential. Has three levels of difficulty.

House: Gentle, pictorial word, number and colour recognition for the very early reader or for those with learning difficulties.

Gallery: Based on a shooting gallery, this typing tutor will not only have parents, teachers and children touch-typing with ease – it's fun, too!

Whatnumber?: "I'm thinking of a number" is a well known classroom standby. We've taken it much further in this computer version, giving children far more flexibility in their strategy.

Bridge Breaker: Find the hidden word before it is too late. This is an exciting and novel way to reinforce vocabulary and spelling skills.

Snap: Practice vital pre-reading skills with this letter and number recognition game. Also helps develop coordination.

Manipulation: This is a compulsive and thought-provoking maths game. Given the four rules of number and three integers to work with, how close can you get to the target number?

Matrices: Takes the calculations out of matrix manipulation, leaving the student free to understand the underlying concepts. (To obtain the fullest benefit from this program see *The Micro User Education Special*.)

Hidden Answers: Designed to help primary school children understand a maths learning technique called mapping maths. It explores the ideas of mapping with the use of simple number bonds.

Curvefit: Drawing lines of best fit between points, this program will find applications from the infants' class to the sixth form.

Organised by
The Micro User
and Electron User

It's back! The user-friendly show

On public display for the first time!

Here's your chance to have hands-on experience of the most talked-about communications development of 1985

MicroLink

in association with

TELECOM GOLD

The unique service that has brought big-business electronic mail down to a price every micro owner can afford.

Find out for yourself why it's such an outstanding success!



UMIST, Manchester

Only five minutes from



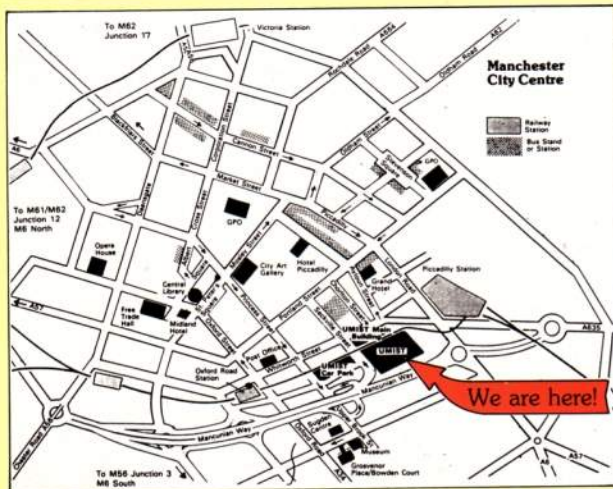
**Manchester
Piccadilly**

SAVE MONEY!

... with our special
rail travel offer

Arrangements have been made for discounted rail travel tickets to be made available to all visitors to the show.

For full details write to:
Travel Offer, PO Box 1, St Albans AL1 4ED, sending a stamped addressed envelope.
Or phone 0727-34475. Please quote the Electron & BBC Micro User Show.



Exhibitors to book stands are:
AMS, Alphadisk, Altra Roms, Blue Ribbon, Care Electronics, Gemini, IDS, LCL, Micro Aid, Miniature Tool Co, Norwich Computer Services, Opus Supplies, System, Viglen, Micro Aids, Holly, National Micro Centres, Watford Electronics, Kansas City Systems, Shards, Pace, Hantarex, Pastiche, Slogger, Aries, Microman, Modem House, NSC, Oxford Computer Systems, Wigmore House, UCC, Computasolve, Cambridge Electronic, Logic Sales, Wizard, Direct Disk, Miracle, Micronet, Computer Bookshops, Commotion, CJE Micros.

most of all!

...And
with more
GENUINE
bargains
than ever before!

All the big manufacturers and dealers are gearing themselves up for the big pre-Christmas selling period. So that means visitors to the September Show will enjoy the best of both worlds – a first look at all the fascinating new-season products **PLUS** a chance to pick up some really worthwhile bargains as old stock is sold at rock-bottom prices.

Reduced prices for School/ College Groups

Entry only £1 per student if bookings are made in advance. Send your cheque (made payable to Database Publications) and SAE to:

Electron & BBC Micro User Show
68 Chester Road, Hazel Grove
Stockport SK7 5NY.
Tel: 061-480 7863

Valid for a minimum of 10 people

THEY'LL ALL BE THERE!

Come and meet the people whose names you see regularly in the news pages of this magazine – the people who've helped both the BBC Micro and Electron evolve into the truly versatile computers they are today. They'll all be there on their stands, willing to give you help and advice. So too will be our writers and programmers. They will also be delighted to talk to you and give you the benefit of their experience.



This
voucher is worth
50p per head!



By handing in this voucher at the door you save 50p off the normal admission price of £2 (adults) and £1.50 (children).
(Valid for a maximum of 4 people)

10am-6pm, Friday, 27 September
10am-6pm, Saturday, 28 September
10am-4pm, Sunday, 29 September

Renold Building, UMIST, Manchester.

Number attending: 1 2 3 4

EUR



SLOGGER

ROMBOX

WOULD YOU LIKE TO RUN BBC ROM SOFTWARE?

THEN FIT THE SLOGGER ROMBOX AND YOU WILL INSTANTLY BE ABLE TO USE BBC ROM SOFTWARE

- ★ All good non mode 7 BBC ROM software will run without modification
- ★ Fully compatible with Plus 1 and Plus 3
- ★ Supports 8K and 16K RAM
- ★ Allows further expansion at rear

ONLY £44.95

(Note: Electron has no mode 7)



LATEST PRODUCT ROM BOX - P

Rom box with built-in parallel printer interface + FREE printer ROM (worth £20). **ONLY £69.95**

STARWORD (16K ROM)

A Word Processor for ONLY £34.50

- ★ Does everything VIEW does plus MUCH MORE!
- Designed for the home user, education or small business needs, STARWORD enables even those with limited typing skills to produce and print letters, manuals or reports using the Electron.
- ★ All standard Word Processing facilities.
- ★ Maximum 132 columns of text.
- ★ Sophisticated print facilities ... defaults to EPSON compatible printers.
- ★ Personalised letters.
- ★ Easy to use.
- ★ Fully cross-referenced comprehensive user manual.

STARSTORE ON ROM

Store and retrieve your names and addresses or any other information with the **STARSTORE DATABASE**, written specifically for the Electron. **STARSTORE** works with **STARWORD** for personalising standard letters (mailmerging).

- ★ For both tape and disc users.
- ★ Fully cross referenced comprehensive user manual.

ONLY £29.95

STARMON

The STARMON ROM is an invaluable tool for those who wish to debug, manipulate, control or study machine code programs.

- ★ Display of memory in: Ascii and binary, decimal, octal or hexadecimal.
- ★ Full support of sideways ROMs.
- ★ Comprehensive debugging facilities, including breakpoints, traces and events.
- ★ "a very professional piece of firmware" ... Acorn User.

ONLY £22.50

ELKMAN

The most powerful ROM Manager on the BBC is now available for the Electron.

- ★ Disable troublesome ROMs, even on a control-Break!
- ★ Full support of sideways RAM.
- ★ Supports function key editing etc.
- ★ Display ROM titles, sizes etc.
- ★ Peek, Poke and Disassemble ROM and RAM.
- ★ Reference ROM by title or page number.

ONLY £17.50

STARWORD for Printer Driver Generator

The printer driver generator program allows you to create your own printer drivers to personalise your printer characteristics.

- ★ Easy to use ... no special knowledge required.
- ★ Complete with comprehensive user manual.

Cassette **£7.95** +3 Disc/ROM **£9.95**

All prices include VAT P&PUK Mainland only

**SEND
FOR
THEM
TODAY**

Cheques payable to:
SLOGGER LTD.

☐ Access No.
☐ Visa
Name
Address

Signed Tel. No:
Send Orders to: **SLOGGER LTD.**
215 BEACON ROAD, CHATHAM, KENT.

ROMBOX (standard)	£44.95
ROMBOX (with printer interface)	£69.95
STARWORD	£34.50
STARSTORE	£29.95
PRINTER DRIVER GENERATOR	£7.95/£9.95
STARMON	£22.50
ELKMAN	£17.50
8K STATIC RAM CHIPS	P.O.A.
16K SIDEWAYS RAM BOARD	P.O.A.

DEALER ENQUIRIES WELCOME. TEL: 0634 811634/41622

THIS month we're going to be taking a look at string variables and exploring some of the Basic commands used to create and manipulate them.

You'll remember that string variables are the ones that end in the dollar sign, \$. They hold groups of letters, numbers, punctuation marks and spaces, all lumped together as one.

To be slightly formal, we can store the word CATS in the string variable *moggy\$* using the following assignment statement:

```
LET moggy$="CATS"
```

After this, a quick

```
PRINT moggy$
```

will result in

CATS

appearing onscreen.

Of course, we don't need the LET, but we do need the inverted commas. These are the delimiters, the things that mark the beginning and the end of the string. Try entering:

```
moggy$=CATS
```

and see what you get.

Notice, though, that they didn't appear when we used

```
PRINT moggy$
```

We got CATS and not "CATS". The point is that the inverted commas are there to mark the ends of the string, not to be part of the string itself.

What if we had wanted them to appear? Could we do it by putting the whole thing in inverted commas? Try it and see. Unless your Electron's very different from mine, I think that you'll find that

```
moggy$="\"CATS\""
```

results in a syntax error message.

Don't despair though – there is a way of doing it making use of Basic's CHR\$ function. But before we can do this we have to learn about something called the Ascii code.

As you probably know, your Electron works by numbers. Everything it does, from flashing an angry syntax error message to attacking Earth with aliens in an arcade game is done by numbers. Even

THE THINGS THAT STRINGS ARE MADE OF..

PETE BIBBY look at string variables and how to use them to good effect

when it's dealing with words, as in:

```
PRINT "CATS"
```

it does it by numbers. Every character has its own code number.

The code for A is 65, while a question mark is represented by the number 63.

All the letters, numerals 0-9 and punctuation marks have their own code numbers listed in a table known as the Ascii code. For what it's worth, Ascii – pronounced "askey" – stands for the American Standard Code for Information Interchange.

The full set of codes is shown in the table on page 285 of the User Guide. It's not exactly good reading, but browse through it sometime and get an idea of how it's laid out.

So, to recap, each character you see on the Electron's screen has a number that represents it. The capital letters have the Ascii codes 65 to 90. You can convert these codes to their characters using the Basic function CHR\$

mentioned earlier. Try entering:

```
PRINT CHR$(65)
```

and you'll have a capital A on the screen. It will probably come as no surprise then to find that:

```
PRINT CHR$(66)
```

produces B or that:

```
PRINT CHR$(67)
```

gives C. Once you've grasped how the CHR\$ function converts Ascii into alphabet, you'll be able to follow such masterpieces as Program 1:

```
10 REM PROGRAM I
20 PRINT CHR$(67);
30 PRINT CHR$(65);
40 PRINT CHR$(84);
50 PRINT CHR$(83)
```

Program 1

I hope that you're feeling outraged by the indiscriminate use of PRINTs in this last program. We don't have to use a separate PRINT for each

CHR\$, we can string them all together as in:

```
PRINT CHR$(67)CHR$(65)
CHR$(84)CHR$(83)
```

Now you see where the term string comes from!

So far, we've only used the Ascii codes ranging from 65 to 90. Program 11 uses a

```
10 REM PROGRAM II
20 FOR ascii=32 TO 126
30 PRINT CHR$(ascii); "
;
40 NEXT ascii
50 PRINT
```

Program 11

FOR...NEXT loop to show the characters whose codes go from 32 to 126.

Here we not only have capital letters, there are also punctuation marks, lower case letters, numbers and even a space – 32. All these are the

```
10 REM PROGRAM III
20 FOR upper=65 TO 90
30 PRINT CHR$(upper); "
;
40 NEXT upper
50 PRINT
```

Program 111

things that strings are made of. So using CHR\$ and the relevant Ascii code we can

**Each character
you see on the
Electron screen
has its own number**

From Page 19

create any string. However, for the moment, let's just look at the capital letters produced by Program III.

Each time round the FOR...NEXT loop, *upper* increases in value, ranging from 65 to 90. The result is

```
10 REM PROGRAM IV
20 offset=64
30 FOR letter=1 TO 26
40 PRINT CHR$(offset+letter); " ";
50 NEXT letter
60 PRINT
```

Program IV

that the CHR\$ of line 30 prints out the whole of the alphabet in turn in capital letters.

Program IV does exactly the same thing but in a rather better way:

Here the loop control variable *letter* ranges from 1 to 26. In line 40 this is added to the value of *offset* to produce an ASCII code for the CHR\$ to process. This will range from 65, when *offset* is 1, to 90, when *offset* is 26 and so the upper case letters appear. But, if the result is the same as in Program III, why bother to rewrite it?

The answer is that I find it much easier to grasp a loop

```
10 REM PROGRAM V
20 offset=96
30 FOR letter=1 TO 26
40 PRINT CHR$(offset+letter); " ";
50 NEXT letter
60 PRINT
```

Program V

going from 1 to 26 producing the alphabet, than one going from 65 to 90.

Also, look how easy it is to produce lower case letters using the offset method.

Notice how little Program V differs from Program IV, yet look at the difference in output. Here, having *offset* as 96 ensures that the values CHR\$ works on go from 97 to

122. These are the ASCII codes for the lower case letters, hence the differing output.

Can you modify the program to produce the numbers 0 to 9? The codes range from 48 to 57.

To save yourself the bind of looking up the ASCII code for each character, Electron Basic has a very useful function, the aptly named ASC. This takes a character and returns its ASCII code. So:

```
PRINT ASC("A")
```

returns 65 while:

```
PRINT ASC("a")
```

gives 97. You can use string variables inside the brackets as:

```
inside$="x"
PRINT ASC(inside$)
```

will show. Also ASC clearly differentiates between numbers and strings as shown by the differing results of:

```
PRINT ASC(7)
```

and

```
PRINT ASC("7")
```

Bear in mind that ASC only works on the first letter of a string. While it's perfectly allowable to have something like:

```
PRINT ASC("CAT")
```

you only get the code returned for the first letter. In other words,

```
PRINT ASC("XYZ")
```

gives exactly the same result as:

```
PRINT ASC("X")
```

the Y and Z being left out in the cold.

However ASC is a lot more than just a quick way of

```
10 REM PROGRAM VI
20 INPUT "Enter an upper case letter" TAB(30) entry$
30 IF ASC(entry$)<65 OR ASC(entry$)>90 THEN CLS:PRINT "I said an uppercase letter":GOTO 20
40 PRINT "Well done!"
```

Program VI

getting an ASCII code. It can be useful in mugging, as Program VI shows.

As you'll have found out if you've run it – and if you haven't, you should have – the program only accepts upper case letters.

Line 30 checks the ASCII value of *entry\$*. Only values in the range 65 to 90 produce the upper case alphabet, so if ASC(*entry\$*) is below or above this value there's been an erroneous input. This is another way of saying someone's made a mistake or is trying to crash your program.

The GOTO then sends the program back to line 20 for another try. Only when the ASCII code of *entry\$* is in the upper case range does the program get to the final message.

Program VI is a bit fierce, however. After all, someone might have put in p when they meant P. Rather than have the micro point out their error – which might put someone off computers for life – why not have the Electron do it for them?

After all, it's only an offset of 32 to allow for the 32 characters between an upper case letter and its lower case counterpart. Program VII shows how it's done.

Here the ASCII value of *entry\$* is held in *ascii*. Line 50 checks that *entry\$* is either upper or lower case. If it isn't the mugtrap has the user trying again.

By the time the program gets to line 70, *entry\$* must be one or the other. Here it's tested and if it's lower case – a code greater than 90 – then 32 is taken away to make it upper case.

In effect, ASC is allowing your Electron to correct

```
10 REM PROGRAM VII
20 INPUT "Enter a letter"
* TAB(30) entry$
30 ascii=ASC(entry$)
40 REM check if in letter range
50 IF ascii<65 OR ascii>90
122 OR (ascii>90 AND ascii<97) THEN GOTO 20
60 REM if lowercase subtract offset
70 IF ascii>90 THEN ascii=ascii-32
80 entry$=CHR$(ascii)
90 PRINT entry$
```

Program VII

human errors.

Before we leave the ASCII code, I want to deal briefly with the codes in the range 0 to 31. These codes are rather different from the other codes we've used so far.

All the codes in the range 32 to 126 produce output on the screen when used with CHR\$(). The codes from 0 to 31 don't display the character set but they do affect the micro.

They're what are known as control codes, and that's what they do, they control the micro. Try:

```
PRINT CHR$(12)
```

and see, or rather, don't see what happens. As you'll have seen, or not, as the case may be, 12 is the control code for clearing the text screen. In effect it's the same as CLS.

Try:

```
PRINT CHR$(7)
```

and you'll hear what for tradition's sake is known as the bell. The table on page 285 of the User Guide gives all the control codes. Try them all and



Concatenating – being joined together

see if you can figure out what's happening.

I particularly like codes 8, 9, 10 and 11 which move the text cursor backwards, forwards, down and up one character space respectively. You can have a lot of fun with them.

Try to explain what's happening with:

```
PRINT "CATS" CHR$(8);
```

and

```
PRINT "CATS"CHR$(8);CHR$(32)
```

You can even incorporate them inside string variables by adding – or rather, concatenating – them together just like normal strings. You can see what I mean by entering:

```
blank$="CATS"+CHR$(8)+
CHR$(8)+CHR$(8)+CHR$(8)+
CHR$(32)+CHR$(32)+
CHR$(32)+CHR$(32)
```

The string variable *moggy\$* now contains four characters, four control codes and four spaces. Now when you:

```
PRINT blank$
```

you'll see nothing as the four backspaces overwrite CATS.

Don't worry too much if you don't grasp control codes straight away. Like everything else on the Electron, understanding comes with practice.

Just so long as you have the idea that numbers or Ascii codes can represent characters, that's all you need to know for the time being.

Before we leave CHR\$ entirely, do you remember our problem with "CATS"? Ascii codes come in handy here. Enter:

```
moggy$=CHR$(34)+"CATS"+
CHR$(34)
```

and then:

```
PRINT moggy$
```

to get the sought-after

```
"CATS"
```

It should come as no surprise that the Ascii code for inverted commas is 34.

And now, how long is a piece of string? Actually, it's not such a silly question as it

might seem.

As you'll find out in the next couple of months, we do cut our strings into pieces – they're known as string slices – and it's important to know their length. Because of this, Electron Basic has the function LEN.

It's not hard to use. If, for reasons I can't imagine, you wanted to find the length of the string ABC using your Electron you'd just enter:

```
PRINT LEN("ABC")
```

and 3 would be returned. ABC is three characters in length. It's hardly a shock, is it?

More realistically, you might want to know the length of a string variable which could be changing all the time during the running of a program. Set up a string variable with:

```
yourchoice$="whatever"
```

and

```
PRINT LEN(yourchoice$)
```

will tell you the number of characters it contains.

As I said, LEN is fairly straightforward but there are a couple of special cases to watch out for. The length of a space is 1, not 0 as you might think. If you don't believe me, enter:

```
PRINT LEN(" ")
```

and see for yourself. Remember, spaces count as one character, so:

```
gap$="Hello Mum"
PRINT LEN(gap$)
```

gives the answer 9, not 8.

Another special case is that of the null string, the string that contains nothing. Set one

up with:

```
null$=""
```

and find its length with:

```
PRINT LEN(null$)
```

It makes sense that the answer is 0. After all, it contains no characters.

While it may seem a bit daft having a string that contains nothing, it comes in very handy as the end condition of a REPEAT...UNTIL loop when slicing strings.

But more of that next month.

```
10 REM PROGRAM VIII
20 REPEAT
30 INPUT "Enter a four l
  etter word ",entry$
40 PRINT
50 length=LEN(entry$)
60 UNTIL length=4
70 PRINT entry$
```

Program VIII

For the moment I leave you with Program VIII.

This is just a mugshot using LEN to ensure that words of the right length are entered.

Until next time I'll leave you with it and this problem.

The program is satisfied with 1234 but this isn't a word. Can you do anything about that?



Rather than have the micro point out a user's error – which might put someone off computers for life – why not have the Electron do it for them?

LEN is fairly straightforward – but watch out for a couple of special cases ...

**Database
Win A Job Contest**

*Gizza
job*

OK!

**Database Publications
is offering the most
valuable prize ever
given by a magazine to
one of its readers –
A SECURE JOB.**



If you are an out-of-work school leaver between 16 and 20 years of age and live in the NORTH WEST, you can win for yourself an unrivalled career opportunity.

The position is that of a trainee programmer with Database Software, the software division of Database Publications.

All you have to do is fill in the entry form on this page, then send it along with any program you have

written – from a simple utility to an exciting game or business package.

Entries must be received not later than September 13. Finalists will be notified before September 20.

A panel of judges will interview all the finalists before making the appointment during the first day of the Electron & BBC Micro User Show to be held at UMIST, Manchester, from September 27 to 29.

ENTRY FORM

Name _____ Age _____

Address _____

Telephone number _____

Educational qualifications _____

Description of program submitted _____

All entries must be sent to Database Software, Europa House, 68 Chester Road, Hazel Grove, Stockport SK7 5NY in an envelope clearly marked "Win A Job Competition". The judges' decision is final. Entries will only be returned if accompanied by a stamped address envelope.

Now No. 1 BBC
game on Micro Deal
Top Fifty chart

YOU can go for gold ...with the



Fancy pitting yourself against the world's best at this summer's Olympics?

You can do so without going anywhere near Los Angeles — with the most challenging package of programs of 1984.

MICRO OLYMPICS is more than a game. It's a brilliantly written collection of ELEVEN track and field events.

And because we know we're going to sell many thousands of them we've brought the price right down — to just £5.95.

Ever imagined yourself as another Seb Coe? Then try to run against the world record holder at 1500 metres. And if that distance is too much for you then there's always the 100, 200, 400 and 800 metres to have a go at.

Not much good at running? Don't worry, MICRO OLYMPICS has many more challenges for you. Why not try your skill at the high jump or the long jump?

And if you can't beat the computer at running or jumping then you can always throw things around in frustration! The trouble is that it's just as hard to be a champion at the discus, the hammer or the javelin.

And the pole vault takes the event to new heights!

• Yes, it's fast, furious fun, pitting yourself against the world's best times and distances on your micro.

You may not be another Steve Ovett or Alan Wells, but with practice you COULD become the Micro Olympics Champion!

Also available from WH Smith
and all other leading stores



**Play Micro Olympics
— and let your fingers
do the running!**

Send for it today

Please send me _____ copy/copies of
Micro Olympics

☐ I enclose cheque made payable to
Database Publications Ltd.
for £ _____

I wish to pay by

☐ Access ☐ Visa No. _____

Signed _____

Name _____

Address _____

<input type="checkbox"/> BBC 'B' cassette	£5.95
<input type="checkbox"/> Electron cassette	£5.95
<input type="checkbox"/> BBC 40-track disc	£7.95
<input type="checkbox"/> BBC 80-track disc	£7.95

Please tick box

Post to: Micro Olympics offer, Database Publications,
68 Chester Road, Hazel Grove, Stockport SK7 5NY.

EU9

QUICK TO LEARN

THAT'S...

MINI OFFICE



SPREADSHEET

	A	B	C	D
1	HOME	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH
2	1	85.72	85.72	85.72
3	2	48.24	48.47	76.45
4	3	48.25	47.28	76.28
5	4	21.00	20.00	20.00
6	5	17.12	17.12	17.12
7	6	17.12	17.12	17.12
8	7	17.12	17.12	17.12
9	8	17.12	17.12	17.12
10	9	17.12	17.12	17.12
11	10	17.12	17.12	17.12
12	11	17.12	17.12	17.12
13	12	17.12	17.12	17.12
14	13	17.12	17.12	17.12
15	14	17.12	17.12	17.12
16	15	17.12	17.12	17.12
17	16	17.12	17.12	17.12
18	17	17.12	17.12	17.12
19	18	17.12	17.12	17.12
20	19	17.12	17.12	17.12
21	20	17.12	17.12	17.12
22	21	17.12	17.12	17.12
23	22	17.12	17.12	17.12
24	23	17.12	17.12	17.12
25	24	17.12	17.12	17.12
26	25	17.12	17.12	17.12
27	26	17.12	17.12	17.12
28	27	17.12	17.12	17.12
29	28	17.12	17.12	17.12
30	29	17.12	17.12	17.12
31	30	17.12	17.12	17.12
32	31	17.12	17.12	17.12
33	32	17.12	17.12	17.12
34	33	17.12	17.12	17.12
35	34	17.12	17.12	17.12
36	35	17.12	17.12	17.12
37	36	17.12	17.12	17.12
38	37	17.12	17.12	17.12
39	38	17.12	17.12	17.12
40	39	17.12	17.12	17.12
41	40	17.12	17.12	17.12
42	41	17.12	17.12	17.12
43	42	17.12	17.12	17.12
44	43	17.12	17.12	17.12
45	44	17.12	17.12	17.12
46	45	17.12	17.12	17.12
47	46	17.12	17.12	17.12
48	47	17.12	17.12	17.12
49	48	17.12	17.12	17.12
50	49	17.12	17.12	17.12
51	50	17.12	17.12	17.12
52	51	17.12	17.12	17.12
53	52	17.12	17.12	17.12
54	53	17.12	17.12	17.12
55	54	17.12	17.12	17.12
56	55	17.12	17.12	17.12
57	56	17.12	17.12	17.12
58	57	17.12	17.12	17.12
59	58	17.12	17.12	17.12
60	59	17.12	17.12	17.12
61	60	17.12	17.12	17.12
62	61	17.12	17.12	17.12
63	62	17.12	17.12	17.12
64	63	17.12	17.12	17.12
65	64	17.12	17.12	17.12
66	65	17.12	17.12	17.12
67	66	17.12	17.12	17.12
68	67	17.12	17.12	17.12
69	68	17.12	17.12	17.12
70	69	17.12	17.12	17.12
71	70	17.12	17.12	17.12
72	71	17.12	17.12	17.12
73	72	17.12	17.12	17.12
74	73	17.12	17.12	17.12
75	74	17.12	17.12	17.12
76	75	17.12	17.12	17.12
77	76	17.12	17.12	17.12
78	77	17.12	17.12	17.12
79	78	17.12	17.12	17.12
80	79	17.12	17.12	17.12
81	80	17.12	17.12	17.12
82	81	17.12	17.12	17.12
83	82	17.12	17.12	17.12
84	83	17.12	17.12	17.12
85	84	17.12	17.12	17.12
86	85	17.12	17.12	17.12
87	86	17.12	17.12	17.12
88	87	17.12	17.12	17.12
89	88	17.12	17.12	17.12
90	89	17.12	17.12	17.12
91	90	17.12	17.12	17.12
92	91	17.12	17.12	17.12
93	92	17.12	17.12	17.12
94	93	17.12	17.12	17.12
95	94	17.12	17.12	17.12
96	95	17.12	17.12	17.12
97	96	17.12	17.12	17.12
98	97	17.12	17.12	17.12
99	98	17.12	17.12	17.12
100	99	17.12	17.12	17.12

JUST LOOK WHAT THIS PACKAGE CAN DO!

WORD PROCESSOR – Ideal for writing letters or reports! *Features:* Constant time display ● Constant word count (even shows words per minute) ● Normal or double-height text on screen or printout.

SPREADSHEET – Use your micro to manage your money! *Features:* Number display in rows and columns ● Continuous updating ● Update instantly reflected throughout spreadsheet ● Save results for future amendments.

GRAPHICS – Turn those numbers into an exciting visual display! *Features:* 3D bar chart ● Pie chart ● Graph.

DATABASE – Use it like an office filing cabinet! *Features:* Retrieve files at a keystroke ● Sort ● Replace ● Save ● Print ● Search.

DATABASE

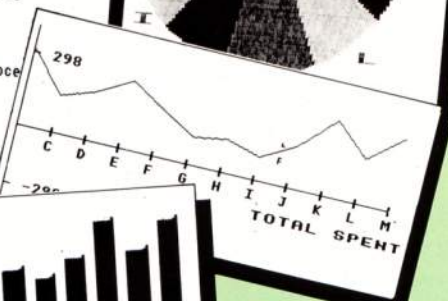
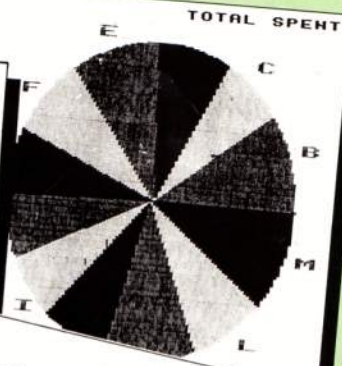
RECORD No. 1	SURNAME: JONES FIRST NAME: SIMON ADDRESS1: 8 BROAD LAKE ADDRESS2: LIVERPOOL TELEPHONE1: 051-637 8000 AGE: 42	RECORD No. 3	SURNAME: ANDREWS FIRST NAME: JAMES ADDRESS1: 12 ELF ROAD ADDRESS2: HEREFORD TELEPHONE1: 721-627451 AGE: 13
RECORD No. 2	SURNAME: ANDREWS FIRST NAME: PETER ADDRESS1: 12 ELF ROAD ADDRESS2: HEREFORD TELEPHONE1: 721-627451 AGE: 19	RECORD No. 4	SURNAME: ANDREWS FIRST NAME: PETER ADDRESS1: 12 ELF ROAD ADDRESS2: HEREFORD TELEPHONE1: 721-627451 AGE: 19
RECORD No. 3	SURNAME: SMITH FIRST NAME: JANE ADDRESS1: 42 HIGH STREET ADDRESS2: BIRMINGHAM TELEPHONE1: 825-61421 AGE: 27	RECORD No. 5	SURNAME: BROWN FIRST NAME: JIM ADDRESS1: 17 LEAGWORTH ADDRESS2: NANTWICH TELEPHONE1: 911-74381 AGE: 21
RECORD No. 4	SURNAME: VATES FIRST NAME: IAN ADDRESS1: 177 FORD ROAD ADDRESS2: GULLHAW TELEPHONE1: 452-986 76543 AGE: 25	RECORD No. 6	SURNAME: BROWN FIRST NAME: JIM ADDRESS1: 17 LEAGWORTH ADDRESS2: NANTWICH TELEPHONE1: 911-74381 AGE: 21
RECORD No. 5	SURNAME: ANDREWS FIRST NAME: JAMES ADDRESS1: 12 ELF ROAD ADDRESS2: HEREFORD TELEPHONE1: 721-627451 AGE: 13	RECORD No. 7	SURNAME: BROWN FIRST NAME: JIM ADDRESS1: 17 LEAGWORTH ADDRESS2: NANTWICH TELEPHONE1: 911-74381 AGE: 21

...and it's all at
price of just

RN, EASY TO USE

BBC MODEL 'B'
and **ELECTRON**

GRAPHICS



WORD PROCESSOR

This is a demonstration of the
MINI OFFICE word processor
showing the various printout
options available.

This is a demonstration of the MINI
OFFICE word processor showing the
various printout options available.

This is a demonstration of the MINI OFFICE word processor showing the
various printout options available.

This is a demonstration of the MINI OFFICE word processor showing the
various printout options available.

This is a demonstration of the MINI OFFICE word processor showing the
various printout options available.

the unbelievable
£5.95
CASSETTE

DATABASE SOFTWARE

Please send me a copy of Mini Office

☐ I enclose my cheque made payable to
Database Publications Ltd.

- | | |
|--|-------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Electron cassette | £5.95 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> BBC 'B' cassette | £5.95 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> BBC 40-track disc | £7.95 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> BBC 80-track disc | £7.95 |
- Please tick box

I wish to pay by
☐ Access ☐ Visa No. _____ Expiry date _____

Signed _____

Name _____

Address _____

POST TO: Mini-Office Offer, Database Software,
68 Chester Road, Hazel Grove, Stockport SK7 5NY.

EUR



MUSIC MICRO PLEASE

MIKE PLUMMER scores a hit with this music composition program

I WROTE this program to help my son, who was starting to learn music at school.

The idea is to use the computer as a simple way of entering musical script, hear how the music sounds and edit the tune in memory until it's what is wanted.

Also, the ability to save and load the tune to tape or disc is included.

All the program's actions are called from a master menu, which is returned to at any time by pressing Escape. The options available are:

- Set up and edit a tune by drawing notes on a musical stave.

It's possible to use all the notes between middle C and two Cs above middle or just the unsharpened notes — that is, the scale of C major.

Notes are selected by moving the current note up and down the stave using the cursor control keys.

You move to the last or next note using the left or right cursor keys, and notes can be inserted using Copy and erased using Delete. An arrow points to the current note.

To clear the tune altogether use Return and to change the title use T.

The length of the note can also be changed using digit keys 1-4 for minim, crotchet, quaver and semi-quaver respectively.

- Play the tune stored in the memory and control the tempo at which it is played.

A "tune", the scale of C

major, is set up when the program is run.

The tempo can be speeded up using the right cursor key and slowed down using the left.

A figure of merit which represents the tempo is displayed but it has no meaning in terms of beat per minute. The note being played is pointed at by an arrow.

- Save the tune in memory to tape.

- Load a new tune into memory.

- For completeness it is also possible to turn the sound on or off, but this is of limited use in a music composing program.

The program uses byte arrays and byte indirection to provide maximum speed and compactness of code, and the variables are named, as far as

possible, starting with a different letter, again to help speed of execution.

This means you must be very careful when typing the program in, as the variables names use mixed upper and lower case.

The notes are stored as user defined characters and plotted on the stave using VDU 5 and MOVE.

To draw a note requires a string of these characters and these are stored in the two dimensional string array `vnr$`.

The row dimension represents whether the note is a quaver, minim or so on, and the column whether the note is drawn on a stave line, between two, or above or below them.

The position of the notes on the stave are stored in byte array `ypos%` and indexed by

the number of the note.

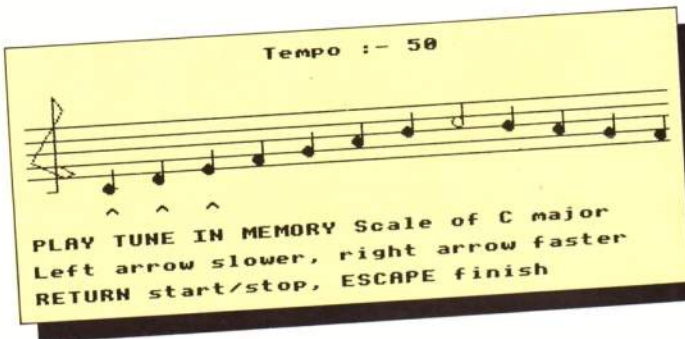
Middle C is 1 and two Cs above middle is 25.

The same indexing system is used for all arrays describing individual notes.

A tune is stored in the byte array `Tune%` and each note is represented by a single byte. The length of the note is stored in the corresponding byte of byte array `Len%`.

The notes are drawn 12 at a time on the stave and when playing a small delay as the next 12 are drawn means that the 12th note plays a little longer than is indicated. Also no time signature is displayed.

If you wanted to improve the program, you could draw the musical bars on the stave, and also change the key signatures. You could devise a way of drawing flattened notes very easily.



PROCEDURES

instructions	Displays main menu.
setup	Defines characters, initialises note positions, names and tune.
playnote (n%,l%,i%)	Plays note number <i>n%</i> for time <i>l%</i> .
shownote (tnt%,llen%,xpos%)	Draws note <i>tnt%</i> at <i>xpos%</i> along the stave. Value of <i>llen%</i> determines whether minim, crotchet etc.
playmusic	Plays and displays the tune in memory.
editmusic	Creates and modifies a tune in memory.
getname(msg\$)	Gets a file name using <i>msg\$</i> as a prompt.
savetune	Saves the tune in memory to tape.
getune	Loads a new tune from tape.
FNchng (num%,inc%)	Returns new note number when going up and down the scale during editing. Skips sharpened notes if <i>all%</i> is FALSE.

VARIABLES

key\$	Key presses.
sn%	TRUE if sound effects on.
all%	TRUE if sharpened notes are included.
Vtitle\$	Title of tune.
ypos%	Byte array storing position of a note on stave.
ptr%	Byte array index.
byte%	General purpose byte.
mnms\$,crt\$,qvr\$,sqv\$	Strings storing characters for various length notes.
i%	General counter.
vnt\$()	Two dimensional array storing note type and length.
rnt\$()	Name of note.
bnt%	Byte array storing individual note type.
Tune%	Byte array storing notes of tune.
Len%	Byte array storing length of notes in tune.
Qlen%	Length of <i>Tune%</i> and <i>Len%</i> .
Tpt%	Marks last note in tune.
Utempo%	Set speed at which tune is played.
Alnote\$	Holds note numbers for notes only used when sharps are being used.
lpt%,kpt%,jpt%	Local array offsets.
Xpos\$,Mnote\$,Lnote\$	Local description of notes.
valkey\$	Stores all valid key responses at a particular time.
Ec%	TRUE when moving up to next page of music.
Dn%	TRUE when going back to previous page of music.
Iname\$	Name of a file.
Gf	Input/output channel number.

Compose listing

```

10REM COMPOSE
20REM (c) Electron User
1985
30REM by M.J.Plummer
40*FX225
50*FX4,1
60MODE4:VDU 23,1,0;0;0;0
;19,0,7;0;19,1,0;0;0;0*FX11,0
70PROCsetup
80ONERROR GOTO 1960
90REPEAT
100PROCInstructions
110REPEAT
120*FX21,0
130key$=CHR$(GET AND &SF)
140UNTIL INSTR("LQPMISA",
key$)
150VDU24,0;0;1279;1023;
160IF key$="Q" sn%=FALSE:
*FX210,1
170IF key$="L" sn%=TRUE:*
FX210,0
180IF key$="P" PROCplaymu
sic
190IF key$="M" PROCeditau
sic
200IF key$="S" PROCsavetu
ne
210IF key$="I" PROCgetune
220IF key$="A" all%=NOT a
11%
230UNTIL FALSE:END
240:
250REM -- Print instructi
on menu --
260DEF PROCInstructions
270CLS:PRINT "TAB(5)"Mus
ic composer by M.J.Plummer"
'TAB(3)"-----
-----"
280PRINT "M: set up music
al script to play a tune"
290PRINT "P: play the tun
e stored in memory"
300PRINT "S: save tune in
memory on tape/disc"
310PRINT "I: input tune f
rom tape/disc"
320PRINT "L: ":IF sn%=TR
UE THEN PRINT"SOUND ON" E
LSE PRINT "sound on"
330PRINT "Q: ":IF sn%=FA
LSE THEN PRINT"SOUND OFF"
ELSE PRINT "sound off"
340PRINT "A: ":IF all% T
HEN PRINT "ALL NOTES/no sha
rpened notes" ELSE PRINT "a
ll notes/NO SHARPENED NOTES
"
350PRINT "TAB(3)STRING$(
33,"-")""Tune stored is- "
Vtitle$:
360ENDPROC
370:
380REM -- Define characte
rs and tune --
390DEF PROCsetup
400*OPT1,1
410*FX210,0
420VDU23,234,52,76,132,13
2,132,68,56,0
430VDU23,235,52,124,252,2
52,252,124,56,0
440VDU23,236,4,4,4,4,4,4,
4,4
450VDU23,237,4,6,5,4,4,4,
4,4

```

From Page 27

```

460VDU23,239,4,6,5,4,6,5,
4,4
470VDU23,239,0,0,0,255,0,
0,0,0
480VDU23,240,255,255,255,
255,255,255,255,255
490DIM ypos% 26:ptr%:=1:RE
STORE 510:ypos%:=0
500REPEAT READbyte%:ypos%
?ptr%:=byte%:ptr%:=ptr%+1:UNT
ILptr%>26
510DATA0,0,15,15,30,45,45
,60,60,75,75,90,105,105,120
,120,135,150,150,165,165,180
,180,195,210
520mn%:=CHR$236+CHR$(10)+CH
R$(8)+CHR$234
530crt%:=CHR$236+CHR$(10)+CH
R$(8)+CHR$235
540qvr%:=CHR$237+CHR$(10)+CH
R$(8)+CHR$235
550sqv%:=CHR$238+CHR$(10)+CH
R$(8)+CHR$235
560 DIMvnt$(6,3):FORi%:=0T
O3:vnt$(0,i%):="":NEXT
570vnt$(1,3):=mn%+CHR$(8)+C
HR$239
580vnt$(1,2):=crt%+CHR$(8)+C
HR$239
590vnt$(1,1):=qvr%+CHR$(8)+C
HR$239
600vnt$(1,0):=sqv%+CHR$(8)+C
HR$239
610vnt$(2,0):=vnt$(1,0)+CH
R$(8)+CHR$(8)+"
620vnt$(2,1):=vnt$(1,1)+CH
R$(8)+CHR$(8)+"
630vnt$(2,2):=vnt$(1,2)+CH
R$(8)+CHR$(8)+"
640vnt$(2,3):=vnt$(1,3)+CH
R$(8)+CHR$(8)+"
650vnt$(3,3):=mn%:vnt$(3,
2):=crt%:vnt$(3,1):=qvr%:vnt$(
3,0):=sqv%
660vnt$(4,3):=mn%+CHR$(8)+C
HR$(8)+"
670vnt$(4,2):=crt%+CHR$(8)+C
HR$(8)+"
680vnt$(4,1):=qvr%+CHR$(8)+C
HR$(8)+"
690vnt$(4,0):=sqv%+CHR$(8)+C
HR$(8)+"
700vnt$(5,3):=mn%+CHR$(8)+"

```

```

- 710vnt$(5,2):=crt%+CHR$(8)+"
- 720vnt$(5,1):=qvr%+CHR$(8)+"
- 730vnt$(5,0):=sqv%+CHR$(8)+"
- 740vnt$(6,0):=vnt$(1,0)+CH
R$(8)+CHR$(8)+"
- 750vnt$(6,1):=vnt$(1,1)+CH
R$(8)+CHR$(8)+"
- 760vnt$(6,2):=vnt$(1,2)+CH
R$(8)+CHR$(8)+"
- 770vnt$(6,3):=vnt$(1,3)+CH
R$(8)+CHR$(8)+"

```



```

780DIM rnt$(25):DIM bnt%
26:RESTORE 800
790ptr%:=1:bnt%:=0:rnt$(0)
="None":REPEAT:READbyte%:bn
t%?ptr%:=byte%:READrnt$(ptr%
):ptr%:=ptr%+1:UNTILptr%>26
800DATA 1,Middle C,2,C#,
3,D,4,D#,3,E,3,F,4,F#,3,G,
4,B#,3,A,4,A#,3,B,3,C ab
ove middle,4,C#,3,D,4,D#,
3,E,3,F,4,F#,3,G,4,B#,1,A
,2,A#,3,B,6,Two C's above
middle
810len%:=500:DIM Tune% Q1
en%:DIM Len% Qlen%:Tpt%:=0:U
tempo%:=1:Vtitle%="Scale of
C major":RESTORE850
820REPEAT READ byte%:Tune
%?Tpt%:=byte%:IFTpt%>77:HENLe
n%?Tpt%:=3ELSELen%?Tpt%:=
830Tpt%:=Tpt%+1:UNTILTpt%>
15:Tune%?Tpt%:=0:Len%?Tpt%>2
840FORi%:=Tpt%TOQlen%-1:Tu
ne%?i%:=0:Len%?i%:=2:NEXT

```

```

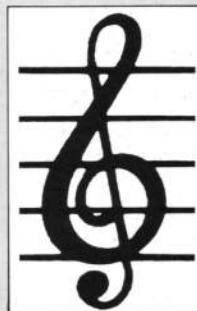
850DATA 1,3,5,6,8,10,12,1
3,12,10,8,6,5,3,1
860all%:=TRUE:sn%:=TRUE
870Alnote%="":RESTORE880:
REPEAT READ i%:Alnote%:=Alno
te%+CHR$(i%):UNTIL i%>255
880DATA 2,4,7,9,11,14,16,
19,21,23,255
890ENDPROC
900:
910REM -- Play note n% fo
r time i% --
920DEF PROCplaynote(n%,i%)
)
930SOUND &11,0,0,1:IF n%>
0:ENDPROC
940SOUND 1,-15,n%+452,1%
950ENDPROC
960:
970REM -- Draw treble sta
ve --
980DEF PROCstave
990VDU24,0,200:1279:570:
CLG:MOVE0,300
1000PLOT1,1279,0:PLOT0,0,3
0:PLOT1,-1279,0:PLOT0,0,30:
PLOT1,1279,0:PLOT0,0,30:PLO
T1,-1279,0:PLOT0,0,30:PLOT1
,1279,0
1010PLOT0,-1240,-150:PLOT1
,20,0:PLOT1,0,225:PLOT1,20,
-35:PLOT1,-70,-120:PLOT1,65
,-40:PLOT1,20,10:PLOT1,-30,
20
1020ENDPROC
1030:
1040:
1050REM -- Show a note on
stave --
1060DEF PROCshownote(tnt%,
llen%,xpos%)
1070VDU5:MOVExpos%,(ypos%?
tnt%)+315
1080PRINTvnt$(bnt%?tnt%,ll
en%):VDU4
1090ENDPROC
1100REM:
1110REM -- Play the tune i
n memory --
1120DEF PROCplaymusic:LOCA
L lpt%,kpt%,jpt%
1130CLS:FFX4,1
1140PRINT TAB(15,0);"Tempo
:- "i%1:Tempo%
1150PRINT TAB(0,27);"PLAY
TUNE IN MEMORY",Vtitle%:"

```

```

Left arrow slower, right ar
row faster""RETURN start/
stop, ESCAPE finish";
1160REPEAT
1170PROCstave:PRINTTAB(10,
20);"Press a key to start"
:key%:=GET$:lpt%:=0
1180REPEAT CLG:PROCstave:j
pt%:=lpt%:kpt%:=0:REPEAT:PROC
shownote(Tune%?lpt%,Len%?lpt
%,kpt%+100+150):kpt%:=kpt%+
1:lpt%:=lpt%+1:UNTILkpt%>12
OR lpt%>Tpt%
1190kpt%:=0:REPEAT VDU5:MOV
E kpt%+100+150,220:PRINT ""
*:VDU4:PROCplaynote(Tune%?
jpt%,255):key%:=INKEY$(2*(Le
n%?jpt%):Utempo%):kpt%:=kpt%
+1:lpt%:=jpt%+1
1200IFkey%>CHR$13 REPEAT U
NTIL GET$>CHR$13
1210IFkey%>CHR$137 IF Utem
po%>1 Utempo%:=Utempo%-1:PRI
NT TAB(15,0);"Tempo :- "
+STRING$(3,CHR$(8));i%1-Utempo
%
1220IFkey%>CHR$136 IF Utem

```



```

po%>60 Utempo%:=Utempo%+1:PR
INT TAB(15,0);"Tempo :- "
+STRING$(3,CHR$(8));i%1-Utempo
%
1230UNTILkpt%>12 OR jpt%>T
pt%
1240UNTIL jpt%>Tpt%
1250TIME:=0:REPEAT UNTILIM
E=60:SOUND &11,0,1,1
1260UNTILFALSE
1270ENDPROC
1280:

```


Music composer by M.J.Plummer

M: set up musical script to play a tune

P: play the tune stored in memory

S: save tune in memory on tape/disc

I: input tune from tape/disc

L: SOUND ON

Q: sound off

R: ALL NOTES/no sharpened notes

Tune stored :- Scale of C major

```
1290REM -- Edit the tune i
n memory --
1300DEFPROCeditmusic
1310LOCALXposX,lp1X,jptX,k
ptX,MnoteX,LnoteX
1320lp1X=0
1330CLS:PRINT TAB(10,27);"
EDIT TUNE ",Vtitles;" "
** See above for edit keys
**"RETURN clear tune,
ESCAPE finish":valkey$=CH
R#13+CHR#127+CHR#135+CHR#13
6+CHR#137+CHR#138+CHR#139+"
123456789012345678901234567890
1340 PRINT CHR#30;"Up arro
w higher note, down arrow l
ower""Left arrow move to
previous note""Right arro
w move to next note""COPY
insert a note at current p
oint""DELETE remove note
at current point"
1350PRINT "T Change the t
itle of the tune"" 1
2
3
4""seai-quaver quaver
crochet minia":DnX=FALSE
:EcX=FALSE
1360REPEAT:VDU24,0;200;127
9;570;kptX=lp1X MOD 12
1370 IF EcX OR(kptX=0 AND
NOT DnX) OR(kptX=11AND Dn
X) CLG:PROCstave:jptX=lp1X;
lp1X=lp1X-(lp1X MOD 12);kpt
X=0;REPEAT:PROCshownote(Tun
eX?lp1X,LenX?lp1X,kptX?100+
140);kptX=kptX+1;lp1X=lp1X+
1;UNTILkptX=12 OR lp1X=TptX
:lp1X=jptX
```

```
1380kptX=lp1XMOD12:XposX=k
ptX?100+140:VDU24,XposX-50;
200;XposX+35;550;CLG:FORI
=380TO430STEP30:MOVEXposX-5
0,I;DRAWXposX+50,I;NEXT
1390MnoteX=TuneX?lp1X:Lnot
eX=LenX?lp1X:PROCshownote(M
noteX,LnoteX,XposX)
1400VDU5:MOVEXposX,220:PRI
NT"";VDU4,31,19,14:PRINT
STRING$(20,"")+STRING$(20,
CHR#8)+TuneX$(MnoteX)
1410REPEAT:#FX21,0
1420key$=GET$:UNTIL INSTR(
valkey$,key$)
1430EcX=FALSE:VDU5:MOVEXpo
sX,220:VDU24,0,4
1440IF INSTR("1234",key$)
LenX?lp1X=EVAL(key$)-1
1450IFkey$=CHR#139 IF Mnot
eX(25 Tunes?lp1X=FChng(Mno
teX,1)
1460IFkey$=CHR#138 IF Mnot
eX(8 Tunes?lp1X=FChng(Mnot
eX,1)
1470IF key$=CHR#137 IF lp1
X(0LenX-1 lp1X=lp1X+1:DnX=F
ALSE:IF lp1X)TptX=lp1X
1480IFkey$=CHR#136 IF lp1
X(0 lp1X=lp1X-1:DnX=TRUE
1490IFkey$=CHR#135 THEN FO
Ri=0LenX-1TOlp1XSTEP-1:Tun
eX?(iX+1)=TuneX?iX:LenX?(iX
+1)=LenX?iX:NEXT:EcX=TRUE:T
uneX?lp1X=0:LenX?lp1X=2
1500IFkey$=CHR#127THEN FOR
iX=lp1XTO0LenX-1:TuneX?iX=T
uneX?(iX+1):LenX?iX=LenX?(i
X+1):NEXT:TptX=TptX-1:EcX=T
```

```
RUE
1510IF INSTR("Tt",key$)=0
GOTO1540
1520PRINT TAB(20,27);SPC(2
0);TAB(10,27);:INPUT" TITLE
=" Vtitles:IF LEN(Vtitles)
>20 Vtitles=LEFT$(Vtitles,2
0)
1530PRINT TAB(10,27);"EDIT
TUNE ",Vtitles:TAB(0,28);S
PC(40);
1540UNTILkey$=CHR#13
1550CLS:PRINT TAB(5,10);"A
re you sure you want to cle
ar""TAB(10);Vtitles;" (Y/N
)?"
1560REPEAT key$=GET$:UNTIL
INSTR("yYnN",key$):IF INST
R("nN",key$)GOTO1320
1570FORiX=0TO0LenX-1:TuneX
?iX=0:LenX?iX=2:NEXT:Vtitl
e$="":TptX=1;GOTO1320
1580ENDPROC
1590REM:
1600REM -- Get file name f
rom keyboard --
1610DEFPROCgetname(asp$)
1620REPEAT
1630CLS:PRINT TAB(15,10);a
sp$;TAB(5,12);
1640INPUT"Type in file nam
e "Iname$:PRINT:IF LEN(Inam
e$)>7 Iname$=LEFT$(Iname$,7
)
1650UNTILLEN(Iname$)>0
1660ENDPROC
1670:
1680REM -- Save existing t
une to filing system --
```

```
1690DEFPROCsaveTune
1700PROCgetname("SAVE TUNE
")
1710Gf=OPENOUT Iname$:
1720PRINT""Saving ";Vtitl
e$;" in file ";Iname$
1730PRINT# Gf,Vtitles:PRIN
T# Gf,TptX:PRINT# Gf,allX:P
RINT# Gf,UtempoX
1740FORiX=0TO0LenX-1:BPOT#
Gf,TuneX?iX:BPOT# Gf,LenX?
iX:NEXT
1750CLOSE# Gf
1760ENDPROC
1770:
1780REM -- Load a tune fro
m filing system --
1790DEFPROCgetTune
1800PROCgetname("LOAD TUNE
")
1810PRINT TAB(10);""Sta
rt tape ""
1820Gf=OPENIN Iname$:
1830INPUT# Gf,Vtitles:INPU
T# Gf,TptX:INPUT# Gf,allX:I
NPUT# Gf,UtempoX
1840PRINT""Loading ";Vtit
le$;" in file ";Iname$
1850FORiX=0TO0LenX-1:TuneX
?iX=0:GET# Gf:LenX?iX=0:GET#
Gf:NEXT
1860CLOSE# Gf
1870ENDPROC
1880:
1890REM -- Move to next no
te on scale --
1900DEF FChng(nuex,incX)
1910nuex=nuex+incX
1920IF INSTR(alnotes,CHR$(
nuex)) AND NOT allX THEN nu
ex=nuex+incX
1930=nuex
1940REM:
1950REM -- Return to menu
when ESC --
1960IF ERR=17 THEN VDU 4,2
4,0;0;1279;1023;16;GOTO 90
ELSE MODE$=REPORT:PRINT " a
t line ";ERL:#OPT
1970END
```

This listing is included in this month's cassette tape offer. See order form on Page 61.

Notebook Part 19

THIS month our notebook contains a simple program that shows how data can be recorded in, and retrieved from, files.

Jim uses it to keep records of the birds he's seen but, of course, it can be used for storing anything.

PROGRAM NOTES

40-100 Make up the part of the program that creates the data file. The routine will write to either tape or disc, the techniques being the same in either case.

50 The function OPENOUT creates a new file called Birds to be written to by whichever filing system is in use, tape or disc. This filing system allocates a channel which the Electron uses as a pathway for sending the data to be saved. The channel's number is stored in the aptly named variable *channel*. Add:

PRINT "Channel " channel

to see which channel is used.

60-90 Form a REPEAT...UNTIL loop which reads in successive versions of *species*. The loop ends when it comes up against the mythical roc.

70 Takes a bird from line 230's data statement. In practice the data would be more likely to come from the keyboard or another file.

80 The PRINT# sends the current contents of *species* to tape or disc via channel number *channel*.

100 Closes the channel, putting in an end of file marker, a sort of electronic full stop. It's important that files are closed when they are finished with. Try leaving this line out and see what happens. Entering:

CLOSE#0

which shuts down any and all open channels, will come to your rescue if you get tangled up in open files after this experiment!

120 Reminds cassette users that the tape will need rewinding before Birds can be read.

140-210 Read the previously created file and print out its contents.

150 Has the function OPENIN opening the file Birds for reading only. The data is to be transferred between the disc or cassette and the Electron via the pathway whose number is held in *channel*.

170-200 This REPEAT...UNTIL loop reads in the species names from the file. The loop ends when it comes across the End Of File marker on channel *channel*.

180 The INPUT# reads in the current identity of *species* from pathway number *channel*.

190 Displays the species.

```

10 REM SIMPLE FILES
20 REM JIM SIMPSON
30 REM *****
40 REM RECORDING
50 channel=OPENOUT "Birds"
60 REPEAT
70 READ species
80 PRINT #channel,species
90 UNTIL species="roc"
100 CLOSE #channel
110 REM *****
120 PRINT "Position tape"
130 REM *****
140 REM READING
150 channel=OPENIN "Birds"
160 PRINT "This year I've seen:"
170 REPEAT
180 INPUT # channel,species
190 PRINT TAB(20);species
200 UNTIL EOF #channel
210 CLOSE #channel
220 REM *****
230 DATA bluthroat, black tern,
    marsh harrier, roc
    
```

create a file called Birds accessed via channel channel

take species from 230 and send to Birds via channel

put in EOF marker close file

Open channel to existing file Birds

take in species from Birds via channel

stop loop + close channel when all file read

write file

Read file

Data

Trevor Roberts

Utilities

Title	Supplier	Description
S-Pascal	ACS	Pascal package designed for teaching by Nicholas Wirth, inventor of Pascal.
Sprite Gen	DAL	Machine code multi-coloured graphics used from Basic to provide arcade-style sprite graphics.
Simonsoft Sortes Version Two	SIM	Comprehensive sprites package animation in user's Basic programs.
Turtle Graphics	ACS	Instructional package for teaching geometry, mathematics and graphics.

Suppliers of programs featured in this Guide:

ACS	Acornsoft, Burlington House, 104 Hills Road, Cambridge CB2 1LD. Tel: 0223 316039.	KSL	Road, Keynham, Bristol BS18 1XA.
AS	Astrosat, CB2 1LD. Tel: 0223 316039.	KSM	Kosmos Software, 1 Piggins Close, Har- 3960, Dunstable, Beds LU5 6LX. Tel: 05285
AVP	AVP Computing, Hoecker Hill House, Chesham, Gwent NP8 5EH. Tel: 02912	LCL	Ludlun's Computer-Assisted Learning, 26 Avalonide Avenue, Staines, Middlesex. Tel: 0784 587711
BES	Bourne Educational Software, Bourne House, The Hundred Romney, Hants SO5 8BY. Tel: 0794 923501	LID	Longman Group Ltd, Longman House, Burt 20321 Harlow, Essex CM20 2JE. Tel: 0279
BRS	Bullfinch, 103 Hildie Road, Cofe 602642.	LIL	Longman Group Ltd, Longman House, Burt 20321 Harlow, Essex CM20 2JE. Tel: 0279
BTL	Beit Tech Limited, St. Leonards Close, 37-39, Elmwood Road, Weymouth DT4 1JF.	MIS	Microsoft, Mirror Group Newspaper, Holborn Circus, London EC1. Tel: 01-822 3800.
CHL	Chalkwell Ltd., PO Box 49, Spalding, Lincs 07482 5420.	SHA	Sharns Software, PO Box 163, Slough SL2 Sharns Software, PO Box 163, Slough SL2
COM	Compton, PO21 5NN, Road, Walsby, N. Yorkshire YO21 5NN. Road, Walsby, N. Yorkshire YO21 5NN. Road, Walsby, N.	SIL	Silversoft Ltd, London House, 271-273 King Surrey, Surrey, Surrey, Surrey, Surrey
DAL	DACC Ltd, 23 Waverley Road, Hindley, Wigan, Lancs. Tel: 061 88 57872.	SIM	Simonsoft, 25 Tatten Road, Aldenham, Oxon OX14 10B.
DAS	Digital Software, 59 Mackenzie Road, Basingstoke, Hants RG24 0JF. Tel: 0253	SL	Slopper, 215 Beacon Road, Chatham, Kent. Surrey, Surrey, Surrey, Surrey, Surrey
DEA	Deane Associates, Provincial House, Snyrs, Sheffield S1 4BA. Tel: 0742 756666.	SOP	Solomon, 1706 St. Paul, St. Paul, St. Paul, St. Paul
EOS	Edinburgh Owl Software, 62 Avenale Avenue 9UL, Doncaster, South Yorkshire DN11	STE	Stella Enterprise, 84 Duddsbury Road, Farnham, Wiltshire, Dorset BH22 8EG. Tel:
GAC	Garland Computing, 35 Dean Hill, Plymouth, Tel: 0752 41287.	SUM	Sumsoft, 141 Worcester Road, 0202 675242.
GOL	Gould, 0244 60720.	SUS	Superior Software Ltd, Regent House, Skinner Lane, Leeds LS7 1AX. Tel: 0532
HC	Hewson Consultants, Hewson House, 56b Millon Trading Estate, Milton, Abingdon, Oxon OX14 3JF. Tel: 0235 428281.	TBS	Total Business Services, 29 Holloway Lane, Amersham, Bucks. Tel: 02403 21702.
HOC	Holly Computers Limited, PO Box 17, Bingley, West Yorkshire BD16 3JQ.	UNS	University Software, 29 St. Peters Street, Walsby, N. York. Tel: 0253 0978.
HST	Hals Software Technology, Dragon Gate, 77 Zetland Street, Hayle, Cornwall. Tel: 0136 745494.	WIS	Wise Software, 2 Nicholson Gardens, London W5 5HY. Tel: 01-567 6941.
DCS	Kingfisher Computing Services, 16 Marock		

NEXT MONTH: Guide to Games software for the Electron

electron user

Guide to Electron Software

PART ONE
Educational programs
Utility programs

Educational

Title	Supplier	Description
Animated Arithmetic	LCL	Teaches using moving colour pictures. Ages 3 to 8
Astronovir (5 program)	AS	Self-teaching of astrological keywords.
Answer Back Junior: General Knowledge	KSL	Combines a compelling game with 15 immense quizzes. Fully re-programmable. Includes multiple-choice. True/False? modes. Ages 6 to 11.
Answer Back Senior: General Knowledge	KSL	Combines a compelling game with 15 immense quizzes. Fully re-programmable. Includes multiple-choice. True/False? modes. Ages 12+.
BridgeMASTER	SES	A tutor for the beginner at Bridge, prepared with world expert Terence Reese.
Business Games	ACS	Two educational games designed for economics, finance, general studies and general interest.
Children From Space	ACS	The player has to help the children from Space with spelling and word selection.
Chocemaster English	WIS	Authoring program allowing the user to input multiple-choice questions including distractor error messages.
Chocemaster French	WIS	As above but with French accented characters on screen.
Chocemaster German	WIS	As above but with German accented characters on screen.
Chocemaster Spanish	WIS	As above but with Spanish accented characters on screen.
Chocemaster English	WIS	Authoring package allowing the user to write in long texts for "Close" deletion and filling in.
Constellation	SUS	View 455 stars in 50 constellations, from anywhere on Earth at any date and time.
Countries of the World	HC	Displays full-colour map of the world indicating position and listing details of each country.
Count with Oliver	MIS	Beginning shape and number work for children aged 4 to 7 with cheeky young Oliver.
Cranky	ACS	Cranky the crazy calculator allows children to explore relationships between numbers.
Early Maths	TWI	Teaches basic numeracy. Animated routines help understanding of addition, subtraction, multiplication/division. Ages 4 to 8.
Early Words	TWI	A package of six colourful programs to teach early spelling. Ages 3 to 6.
Educational 1	GOL	Hours of fun and learning for young children. Includes Math 1, Math 2, Cube-count, Shapes, Spell and Clock.
Educational 2	GOL	Similar to Educational 1 but more advanced. Includes Math 1, Math 2, Area, Memory, Cube-count, Spell.
Effin Tower	CHL	Two programs help brush up your French. Correct answers build the Effin Tower. Age 9 adult.
Face Maker	ACS	You can build up one of over a million possible Identikit faces.

Educational

Title	Supplier	Description
Wordgram	DAS	Helps older children to understand word classifications (nouns, adjectives) by using words from selected groups.
Working	BES	Word guessing game helps children to spell. 250 word list, plus make your own list. Age 5+.
Word Sequencing	ACS	Helps young students develop an awareness of sentence structure.
Word Spot	KCS	Three reading games in one. Graded vocabulary - 500+ words - matches the Ladybird reading scheme. Ages 5 to 12.
Words, Words, Words	ACS	Stimulating game which uses fantasy to help young children with their reading and spelling.
World Geography	SUS	Test your knowledge on over 165 countries, with a high-resolution screen map of the world.

Utilities

Title	Supplier	Description
Astrology	AS	Calculations of natal charts, progressions, transits, midpoints, harmonics, synastry solar and lunar returns.
Bat Gen (Genealogy)	RTL	Menu-driven utility for tracing ancestors and keeping family records.
Creative Graphics	ACS	A spectacular range of pictures in full colour including animation.
Disassembler	SUS	Allows disassembled source code to be output to memory, then modified and re-assembled.
Elman	SL	ROM manager for Stogger ROMbox. Switches ROMs in-out to avoid cabling commands with other ROMs.
Forth	ACS	Complete implementation of the Forth language to 1979 specification.
GameMaker 2	HOC	A superb code generator with simple links to Basic for beginners - Mode 2 version.
GameMaker 5	HOC	As above. Mode 5.
Graphs and Charts	ACS	Build up graphics routines which can be incorporated into your programs.
Lisp	ACS	Fundamental language of artificial intelligence research.
Money Care	SS	Simple money management utility.
Picture Maker	ACS	Complete graphics system for preparing on screen diagrams, design or simple pictures.
Project Graphics	SOP	Simple graphics language, very easy to use.
Summon	SL	Sophisticated machine code monitor in 8K ROM. Debug machine code programs, disassemble ROMs.

Educational

Title	Supplier	Description
Sentence Sequencing	ACS	Consists of two programs designed to test students' ability to order material in a logical sequence.
Serpents Lair	COM	Graphical adventure with many geographical locations and animals in correct habitat. Very interesting program.
Sir Francis Drake Adventure	LCL	Authentic, historical, graphics adventure game.
Sky-Baby	STE	Astronomy package for students and professionals. Prints and calculates Sun, Moon, planets and 469 stars.
Spanish Tutor Level A	KSL	Re-programmable Spanish learning aid including 16 extensive vocabulary lessons covering common verbs, adjectives, adverbs.
Spanish Tutor Level B	KSL	Re-programmable Spanish learning aid including 16 extensive vocabulary lessons covering common verbs, adjectives, adverbs.
Speaking French Speaking German Speaking Spanish	TBS	Applies to each program. While looking at the pictures on the screen they can be heard speaking German or Spanish. The program is self-supplied. Contains revision tests and a letter-writing section.
Squeeze	ACS	Graphic, entertaining way of introducing children to graphic, technical concepts and problem-solving, using unusual shapes.
Star Seeker	MIS	Track planets, plot constellations, and follow the path of Haley's Comet.
Storyboard English	WIS	Authoring program in which the teacher inputs texts. The students have to 'rebuild' it.
Storyboard French	WIS	As above but with French accented characters on screen.
Storyboard German	WIS	As above but with German accented characters on screen.
Storyboard Spanish	WIS	As above but with Spanish accented characters on screen.
Storyline	DAS	Helps children to make up entertaining stories. Two levels.
Table Adventures	ACS	Helps young children with their tables through factorisation.
Talkback	ACS	Educational game which allows the creating of computer characters to carry out a conversation with human beings.
Timeman One	BES	Enables children - 4 to 9 - to tell the time - hours, then minutes, then hours and minutes.
Timeman Two	BES	Enables children - 4 to 10 - to understand the 24-hour clock, minutes to the hour, quarter and half hours.
Tank Tracks	SUM	Game of logic - Drive the tank across the battlefield and learn to program.
Tree of Knowledge	ACS	An interactive program that builds up a branching data program by answering and asking questions.
Treasure Hunt	KCS	Follow the clues to find the treasure. Teaches logic and the main compass points. Ages 6-12.
Word Games with the Mr Men	MIS	Opposites, comparatives, and positional adverbs in two fun games for children aged 5 to 8.

Educational

Title	Supplier	Description
First Moves	LGL	An introduction to Chess for eight-year-olds and over.
First Steps with the Mr Men	MIS	Pre-reading and other early learning skills - ages 4 to 7.
French on the Run	SIL	An exciting adventure game to test your knowledge of French.
French Revision for 16+ O Level and CSE	DEA	Provides extensive revision for students preparing for the 16+ French examinations.
French Mistress Level A	KSL	A fully re-programmable French learning aid including 16 extensive vocabulary lessons covering common nouns.
French Mistress Level B	KSL	A fully re-programmable French learning aid including 16 extensive vocabulary lessons covering common verbs, adjectives, adverbs.
Fun With Numbers	GOL	Age range 4 to 7. Includes Count, Add, Subtract, Rocket, Maths.
Fun With Words	GOL	Age range 5 to 12. Includes Alpha, Vowels, There, Suffixes, Hangman.
German Master Level A	KSL	A fully re-programmable German learning aid including 16 extensive vocabulary lessons covering common nouns.
German Master Level B	KSL	A fully re-programmable German learning aid including 16 extensive vocabulary lessons covering common verbs, adjectives, adverbs.
Happy Numbers	BES	Teaches children to recognise numbers and introduces them to counting. Ages 3 to 5.
Happy Letters	BES	Helps children recognise letters and practise matching upper and lower case letters (3 to 6 years).
Happy Writing	BES	Helps children to write upper and lower case letters and numbers and practise words.
Here and There with the Mr Men	MIS	Early directional skills for those aged 5 to 8.
Hide and Seek	ACS	Designed to develop reading skills. The player has to remember where objects are hidden.
Hotel Fire	SUM	Put out the fires before they reach the basement. Includes an educational version (maths test).
Identify Europe.	KSL	A fascinating way of discovering and learning the geography of Europe, including seas. All ages.
Introduction to Economics	UNS	An interactive course in A Level economics.
Invisible Man	CHL	Ages 7-14. Draws and labels a 10 x 15 Cartesian grid, then hides a man on it, you find with compass point clues.
Jiglet	EDS	Pattern recognition program aimed at primary age range. Four levels of difficulty.
Juggle Puzzle	ACS	Jigsaw puzzle of a special kind. A challenging game designed to exercise and increase mental agility.
Jigsaw Puzzles	GOL	Age range 4-12. Tape includes five jigsaw and sliding puzzles.

Educational

Title	Supplier	Description
Let's Count	ACS	Provides an introduction to the numbers 1-9 and the fundamental concepts of counting.
Logifrench I	WIS	A 'fill-in' program on the forms and use of the Imperfect and Perfect.
Logifrench II	WIS	A 'fill-in' testing program on the forms and use of the Future and Conditional.
Linkword French	LID	Teaches 350 words and a basic grammar in about 10 hours.
Linkword German	LID	Teaches 350 words and a basic grammar in about 10 hours.
Linkword Italian	LID	Teaches 400 words and a basic grammar in about 10 hours.
Linkword Spanish	LID	Teaches 400 words and a basic grammar in about 10 hours.
Look Sharp!	MIS	Sharpens observational and memory skills down on the farm or out in space. Age 6 up.
Map Rally	BES	Helps children understand coordinates and compass directions through a 'car rally'. Ages 7 to 12.
Make Sam Smile - Counting	GAC	Early learning - age 4+ - program featuring delightful graphics and positive educational rewards.
Make Sam Smile - Spelling	GAC	Early learning program - age 4+. Three levels of difficulty.
Make Sam Smile - Word Matching	GAC	Early learning program - age 4+. Utilises speaker and Return keys only.
Masterkey	LQL	Simple, logical, stress-free typing course, which can be completed in under ten hours.
Measuring Temperature	EDS	Teaches the use of thermometers with realistic, clear graphics. Pupil exercises and performance is monitored.
Micro English	LCL	Complete English Language 'O' Level course of 24 programs. Programs incorporate real speech (no extras required).
Micro Maths	LCL	24 program self-tuition or revision course taking beginners to 'O' level standard.
Missing Signs	ACS	This program will serve as an introduction to simple equations.
Monster Maze	KCS	Answer arithmetic questions to defeat monsters as you find your way out of the maze. (Ages 6-12).
Mr Wolf	KCS	Tell the time by setting hands or 'reading' the clock face. Appealing graphics. Ages 6 to 10.
Music Theory Tutor	AVP	Structured learning packages for individual or classroom use to 'O' Level.
Music Theory Tutor 1	AVP	Nine linking programs including staves, clefs, sharps and flats, pitch, note values and names, rests.
Music Theory Tutor 2	AVP	Nine linking programs including time signatures and bar lines, demonstration tune, key signatures, major scales, rests.
Music Theory Tutor 3	AVP	Eight linking programs including minor scales, hints, intervals, rests.

Educational

Title	Supplier	Description
Music Theory Tutor 4	AVP	Twelve linking programs including major and minor chords, bass, clef, pentatonic scales, dynamics, Italian terms, ornaments, tests.
Music Theory Tutor Games	AVP	Three games to reinforce skills learnt. Worddown 1 and 2, and Creeker.
Night Sky	BRS	Enables the astronomer, beginner or old hand, to create starcharts for any date, any place.
Note Invaders	CHL	Two programs which teach note recognition with a challenging invaders-type game. Age 7-adult.
Number Chaser	ACS	Provides children with the opportunity to practise estimation with an exciting race game.
Number Gulper	ACS	A gripping and fast-moving game that helps develop arithmetic skills.
Number Puzzle	ACS	Four games are an exciting way of improving your ability at addition and subtraction.
Osprey!	BES	Exciting game produced in conjunction with RSPB introducing the challenge of wildlife conservation. Age 8+.
Peeke Computer	ACS	Simulates the operation of the simplified micro in order to demonstrate fundamentals of machine code.
Playbox	COM	Three programs on one cassette: Hangman, Memory and Bricksmash. Excellent graphics and very user-friendly.
Podd	ACS	Ask Podd to perform an action such as run or jump. Podd knows 120 words.
Profile Utility	EDS	A program to produce pupil profiles by computer. Profiles may be printed or stored.
Purcman 1 & 2	CHL	Three programs to help children with punctuation via a 'Pac-type' figure called Purcman. Age 7+.
Pie Charts	SUM	Educational program to check understanding of Pie charts with reference to block graphs.
Questionmaster English	WIS	Authoring program allowing the user to input questions and the answer to fill in answers.
Questionmaster French	WIS	As above but with French accented characters on screen.
Questionmaster German	WIS	As above but with German accented characters on screen.
Questionmaster Spanish	WIS	As above but with Spanish accented characters on screen.
Quick Thinking	MIS	Speed up mental arithmetic in two Space Age arcade games for ages 7 and up.
Reading Scales	EDS	To teach the reading of scales on balances. Realistic graphics. Pupil performance monitored.
Readright	DAS	A systematic reading program using regular phonic words.
Science 1	SHS	Comprehensive science 'O' Level revision.

REVERSI REVERSI

By RUSSELL THICKINGS

TAKE a rest from blasting nasties and being chased round mazes and take on your Electron at Reversi.

Exercise your mind and give your fingertips a rest as you ponder your strategy. You'll find your Electron a formidable adversary.

The program works on a grid system with 64 squares. Each square contains a number and the lower the number the better the square.

When it's the computer's turn it checks all 64 squares to see if it can turn over any of the player's counters and find the best legal move. If it can't go then the player has won.

When it is the player's turn it checks that the move is legal. If you can't go then Escape must be pressed and the computer wins.

The data at the end makes the computer play for the corners. Altering this will alter the computer's style of play.

C	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								

REVERSI							
COMP=15%				F5			
YOU =84%				F4			

INSTRUCTIONS

err
set
grid
win
play
comp
turn
check
turnover

PROCEDURES

Prints the instructions.
Report error or computer wins.
Set the variables, characters and envelopes.
Draws the board.
Checks to see if anyone has won.
Player's move.
Computer's move.
Check computer's move.
Check player's move.
Place new counter and turn over the others.

VARIABLES

position%(8,8) Grid of squares.
counter1% Player's counter number.
counter2% Computer's counter number.
colour1% Player's colour.
colour2% Computer's colour.
win% Shows whether anyone has won.
key% Key pressed.
x%,y% Position of counter.
bestgo% Computer's best go.

Reversi listing

From Page 35

```

10 REM Reversi
20 REM by Russell Thicki
nqs
30 REM (c) Electron User
40 MODE1
50 VDU23;8202;0;0;0;
60 PROCInstructions
70 MODE5
80 ONERRORPROCerr:END
90 DIMpositionX(8,8)
100 PROCset
110 REM continue until no
more games
120 REPEAT
130 PROCgrid
140 PROCdata
150 PROCwin
160 REM continue game unt
il some one wins
170 REPEAT
180 PROCplay
190 PROCwin
200 PROCcomp
210 PROCwin
220 UNTILwinX<>0

```

```

230 PROCrestart
240 UNTIL32<>GET
250 END
260 REM store best posi
ons of play
270 DEFPROCdata
280 FORloopX=1TO8
290 FORloopZ=1TO8
300 READ read%
310 positionX(loopX,loopZ
)=read%
320 NEXT:NEXT
330 RESTORE
340 ENDPROC
350 REM see if any one ha
s WON, and print all counter
s.
360 DEFPROCwin
370 counterX=0:counterZ
=0
380 FORloopX=1TO8
390 FORloopZ=1TO8
400 IFpositionX(loopX,loo
pZ)=0THEN450
410 IFpositionX(loopX,loo
pZ)=computerXTHENcolourX=
0:colourZ=3:counterX=coun

```

```

terZ+1
420 IFpositionX(loopX,loo
pZ)=playerXTHENcolourX=3:
colourZ=0:counterX=counte
rX+1
430 VDU5,18,0,colourX,25
,4,(2+loopX*2)*64;1824-(2+
oopZ*2)*32;224
440 VDU18,0,colourZ,25,4
,(2+loopX*2)*64;1816-(2+loo
pZ*2)*32;225,4
450 NEXT:NEXT
460 COLOUR0:PRINTTAB(1,23
)*COMP=INT((counterX+100
)/(counterX+counterZ));"X
";
470 COLOUR3:PRINTTAB(1,25
)*YOU =INT((counterX+100
)/(counterX+counterZ));"X
";
480 IFcounterX+counterZ
=64ANDcounterX=counterZTH
ENwinX=playerX
490 IFcounterX+counterZ
=64ANDcounterX=counterZTH
ENwinX=computerX
500 IFcounterX+counterZ
=64ANDcounterX=counterZTH
ENwinX=3
510 IFwinX=computerXTHENP
RINTTAB(7,27)"I WIN !!"
520 IFwinX=playerXTHENPRI
NTTAB(7,27)"YOU WIN !!"
530 IFwinX=-3THENPRINTTAB
(7,27)"A DRAW ??"
540 ENDPROC
550 REM input players go,
and position
560 DEFPROCplay
570 X=-16:Y=8:SOUND1,1,
120,3
580 PRINTTAB(1,1);"Y";
590 REPEAT
600 REPEAT
610 keyX=INKEY(3000)
620 IFkeyX=-1THENSOUND1,1
,200,3
630 UNTIL(keyX>48ANDkeyX<
58)OR(keyX>64ANDkeyX<73)
640 IFkeyX>48ANDkeyX<58TH
ENY=keyX-48ELSEX=keyX-64
650 PRINTTAB(13,25);CHR$(
X+64);Y;
660 UNTILX<>-16ANDY<>0

```

THOUGHTWARE by **QUAL-SOFT** Experts in sports simulations

WEMBLEY 1966 ENGLAND 4 WEST GERMANY 2

In 1966 Alf Ramsey proved that English club soccer players, with intelligent management, could not only dominate European club football, but could take on, and beat the rest of the world at International level. Could you do the same.

**TAPE 1
QUALIFIERS**

MEXICO '86

**TAPE 2
FINALS**

A WORLD CUP MANAGEMENT SIMULATION

Summer 1984 and English International football is at its lowest ebb. We have failed to qualify for the European Nations Cup, and had a string of very poor international results. In a few months we will set out on the '86 World Cup qualifying trail. You have been given the most important job of restoring English pride in their football. You have a match in Paris, the USSR at Wembley, and a South American tour, to assemble a team, first to qualify, and then to beat the world's best in Mexico.

TAPE 1 (Qualifiers)

- ★ Current squad of 16 players + 20 user defined players.
- ★ Friendlies in Paris, at Wembley + South American tour.
- ★ ANY team formation you choose. 2 from 5 substitutes.
- ★ In match tactics: any no. of individual player adjustments.
- ★ Your qualification group: full results and table.

TAPE 2 (Finals)

- ★ Choose a 20 man squad to take to the finals.
- ★ Group of 4 prelims. 16 to final knockout comp.
- ★ Extra Time, PENALTY SHOOT-OUTS, where relevant.
- ★ Formation and strength information on opposition.
- ★ 2 from 9 substitutes (the FA tells us so).

ENGLAND'S GAMES: FULL PITCH, 22 MAN, 3D GRAPHICS & SOUND EFFECTS

QUAL-SOFT comments: With 5 levels of play, 12 depths of sophistication, and "fun" graphics, this game can be enjoyed by an 8 year old youngster as a "fun" game, and by the most sophisticated as a tactical/strategy challenge of the highest order.

PRICE & SUPPLY: Tape1 + Tape2 + 20 page book + p&p ONLY £9.95. ACCESS 'phone orders 1/2 days, orders by 1st class post 3/4.

QUAL-SOFT,
Dept. EU,
18 Hazelmere Rd.,
Stevenage, Herts SG2 8RX.

Tel: 0438
721936

Please supply:
MEXICO '86
Electron ☐
BBC 'B' ☐

Name:
Address:
Access No. (if applicable)


```

670 IFpositionX(x,y,z)=co
puterXORpositionX(x,y,z)=p
layerXTHENPROCmessage:GOTO5
70

```

```

680 whosgoZ=playerX:PROCt
urn

```

```

690 IFbestgoZ(<)whosgoZTHE
NPROCmessage:GOTO570

```

```

700 xZ=-16:yZ=0
710 ENDPROC

```

```

720 REM computer chooses
it best position

```

```

730 DEFPROCcomp
740 xZ=0:yZ=0:bestgoZ=50

```

```

750 COLOUR0
760 PRINTTAB(1,1);"C";

```

```

770 FORloopZ=1TO8
780 FORloopZX=1TO8

```

```

790 IFpositionZ(loopZ,loo
pZX)<computerXTHEN850

```

```

800 FORacrossZ=-1TO1
810 FORdownZ=-1TO1

```

```

820 IFloopZ+acrossZ<0ORlo
opZ+acrossZ>8ORloopZX+downZ
<1ORloopZX+downZX>8THEN840

```

```

830 IFpositionZ(loopZ+acr
ossZ,loopZX+downZX)=playerX
THENPROCcheck

```

```

840 NEXT:NEXT
850 NEXT:NEXT

```

```

860 IFbestgoZ=50THENwinZ=
playerX:ENDPROC

```

```

870 COLOUR0:PRINTTAB(13,2
3);CHR$(64+X);Y;X:whosgoZ=
computerX:PROCturn

```

```

880 ENDPROC
890 REM check the counter
s to be turned over

```

```

900 DEFPROCturn
910 IFwhosgoZ=computerXTH
ENotherZ=playerXELSEotherZ=
computerX

```

```

920 bestgoZ=positionX(xZ,
yZ):positionX(xZ,yZ)=whosgo
Z

```

```

930 FORacrossZ=-1TO1
940 FORdownZ=-1TO1

```

```

950 IFxZ+acrossZ(10RxZ+ac
rossZ)>8ORyZ+downZ(10RyZ+do
wnZ)>8THEN970

```

```

960 IFpositionZ(xZ+across
Z,yZ+downZ)=otherXTHENPROCt
urnover

```

```

970 NEXT:NEXT
980 positionX(xZ,yZ)=best
goZ

```

```

990 ENDPROC
1000 REM turn the right co
unters over

```

```

1010 DEFPROCturnover
1020 horizZ=0:vertZ=0

```

```

1030 horizZ=horizZ+acros
sZ:vertZ=vertZ+downZ

```

```

1040 IFxZ+horizZ(10RxZ+ho
rizZ)>8ORyZ+vertZ(10RyZ+ve
rtZ)>8THENENDPROC

```

```

1050 bestZ=positionX(xZ+ho
rizZ,yZ+vertZ)

```

```

1060 IFbestZ=otherXTHEN103
0
1070 IFbestZ(<)whosgoZTHENE
NDPROC

```

```

1080 horizZ=0:vertZ=0
1090 REPEAT

```

```

1100 horizZ=horizZ+acros
sZ:vertZ=vertZ+downZ

```

```

1110 positionX(xZ+horizZ,
yZ+vertZ)=whosgoZ

```

```

1120 UNTILhorizZ=horizZXA
NDvertZ=vertZ

```

```

1130 bestgoZ=whosgoZ
1140 ENDPROC

```

```

1150 REM looks to see if c
an turn over a counter

```

```

1160 DEFPROCcheck
1170 horizZ=0:vertZ=0

```

```

1180 horizZ=horizZ+acros
sZ:vertZ=vertZ+downZ

```

```

1190 IFloopZ+horizZ(10Rlo
opZ+horizZ)>8ORloopZX+vertZ
X(10RloopZX+vertZX)>8THENEND
PROC

```

```

1200 bestZ=positionX(loopZ
+horizZ,loopZX+vertZX)

```

```

1210 IFbestZ=playerXTHEN11
80
1220 IFbestZ=computerXORbe
stgoZ(<)bestZTHENENDPROC

```

```

1230 xZ=loopZ+horizZ:yZ=lo
opZX+vertZ

```

```

1240 bestgoZ=positionX(xZ,
yZ)

```

```

1250 ENDPROC
1260 REM display message i
f invalid move made

```

```

1270 DEFPROCmessage
1280 COLOUR3

```

```

1290 PRINTTAB(13,25)*"TA
B(0,27)CHR$(X+64);Y;X" IS
AN ILEGAL MOVE"TAB(2,29)*PI
ease try again"

```

```

1300 keyZ=INKEY(500)
1310 PRINTTAB(0,27)*
"TAB(2,29)*

```

```

1320 ENDPROC
1330 REM set up screen dis
play

```

```

1340 DEFPROCgrid

```

```

1350 CLS:GCOLOR3
1360 COLOUR2:PRINTTAB(7,21
);"REVERSI"

```

```

1370 FORloopZ=1TO8:PRINTTA
B(2+loopZ*2,1);CHR$(64+loop
Z);TAB(11,2+loopZ*2);loopZ;:
NEXT

```

```

1380 FORloopZ=219TO279STE
P128:MOVEloopZ,400:DRAWloop
Z,1023:NEXT

```

```

1390 FORloopZ=400TO960STEP
64:MOVE0,loopZ:DRAW1240,loo
pZ:NEXT

```

```

1400 ENDPROC
1410 REM define all variab
les,sound,etc

```

```

1420 DEFPROCset
1430 computerX=-1:playerX=
-2:winZ=0

```

```

1440 VDU23;020;0;0;0;
1450 VDU23,224,24,60,126,2
55,255,126,60,24

```

```

1460 VDU23,225,0,0,0,129,1
95,102,60,24

```

```

1470 VDU19,2,6;0;
1480 ENVELOPE1,6,16,9,-5,2
,2,126,0,0,-126,126,126

```

```

1490 COLOUR129
1500 ENDPROC

```

```

1510 REM to restart the ga
me

```

```

1520 DEFPROCrestart
1530 PRINTTAB(5,29)"Press
SPACE"

```

```

1540 SOUND1,-15,50,10:SOUN
D1,1,126,0,0,-126,126,126

```

```

1550 VDU1,-10,40,20
1560 winZ=0

```

```

1570 *FX1,1
1580 ENDPROC

```

```

1590 REM what to do on err
or

```

```

1600 DEFPROCerr
1610 IFERR<17THENREPORT:P
RINT" at line ";ERL:ENDPROC

```

```

1620 COLOUR3:PRINTTAB(7,27
);"1 WIN !!!";

```

```

1630 PROCRestart
1640 REPEAT

```

```

1650 keyZ=GET
1660 RUN

```

```

1670 ENDPROC
1680 REM instructions

```

```

1690 DEFPROCinstructions
1700 COLOUR1:PRINTTAB(15,0
)"REVERSI"

```

```

1710 COLOUR3
1720 PRINT" The rules to
REVERSI are identical to t

```

```

hose of the board game."
1730 COLOUR2

```

```

1740 PRINT" The player a
ust, to lay a counter, trap h
is/her opponents counter(s)
between two of his/her own.

```

```

1750 PRINT" The trapped
counter(s) then become , h
is/her own. This continues
between the players taking
alternate goes to lay a co
unter."

```

```

1760 PRINT" Play continu
es until all the squares a
re taken up, in which case
the player with the most c
ounters wins. A percentage of
the number of counters y
ou have is shown through ou
t the game."

```

```

1770 PRINT" Alternately
one of the players cannot l
ay a counter, in which cas
e the other player wins."

```

```

1780 COLOUR3
1790 PRINT" You are whit
e counters, the computer b
lack. Enter co-ordinates
using keys A to H and 1 to
8."

```

```

1800 COLOUR1
1810 PRINT" If you cannot
go press 'ESCAPE' to start
'NEW GAME'. You go FI
RST ! P

```

```

1820 keyZ=GET
1830 ENDPROC

```

```

1840 REM best position dat
a

```

```

1850 DATA 0,22,3,5,5,3,22,
0

```

```

1860 DATA 22,29,1,5,5,1,29
,22

```

```

1870 DATA 3,1,2,4,4,2,1,3
1880 DATA 5,6,4,-1,-2,4,6,
5

```

```

1890 DATA 5,6,4,-1,-1,4,6,
5

```

```

1900 DATA 3,1,2,4,4,2,1,3
1910 DATA 22,29,1,5,5,1,29
,22

```

```

1920 DATA 0,22,3,5,5,3,22,
0

```

```

1930 DATA 22,29,1,5,5,1,29
,22

```

```

1940 DATA 3,1,2,4,4,2,1,3
1950 DATA 5,6,4,-1,-2,4,6,
5

```

```

1960 DATA 5,6,4,-1,-1,4,6,
5

```

```

1970 DATA 3,1,2,4,4,2,1,3
1980 DATA 22,29,1,5,5,1,29
,22

```

```

1990 DATA 0,22,3,5,5,3,22,
0

```

```

2000 DATA 22,29,1,5,5,1,29
,22

```

```

2010 DATA 3,1,2,4,4,2,1,3
2020 DATA 5,6,4,-1,-2,4,6,
5

```

```

2030 DATA 5,6,4,-1,-1,4,6,
5

```

```

2040 DATA 3,1,2,4,4,2,1,3
2050 DATA 22,29,1,5,5,1,29
,22

```

```

2060 DATA 0,22,3,5,5,3,22,
0

```

```

2070 DATA 22,29,1,5,5,1,29
,22

```

```

2080 DATA 3,1,2,4,4,2,1,3
2090 DATA 5,6,4,-1,-2,4,6,
5

```

```

2100 DATA 5,6,4,-1,-1,4,6,
5

```

```

2110 DATA 3,1,2,4,4,2,1,3
2120 DATA 22,29,1,5,5,1,29
,22

```

```

2130 DATA 0,22,3,5,5,3,22,
0

```

This listing is included in this month's cassette tape offer. See order form on Page 61.

Listings

Save yourself the chore of typing in listings by sending for our monthly tapes, packed with games, utilities, graphics and other programs from the pages of *Electron User*.

ONLY
£3.75
each

electron
user
TEX N' DAN

On the September 1985 tape:
TEXNADAN 3D Wild West shooter.
PINTCURSOR Machine code graphics.
SPRITE/ED Sprite editor.
COMPOSE Writing music simplified.
REVERSI Cunning strategy game.
SIMPLEFILE Save and read data.
BOUNCEBALL Two player action.
ROTATE Animation in a spin.

On the August 1985 tape:
DIGGA Exciting arcade action beneath the earth.
DODGE THE ASTEROIDS Fun deep in space among the asteroids.
M/CODE GRAPHICS Sliding prints of beer!
***FX** The OS explored.
MOVEIT An intriguing sliding puzzle.
HEXGRAM An educational game to increase your word power.

On the July 1985 tape:
MANIC MOLE Machine code action at its best.
HIGHER OR LOWER Guess the card.
TIME BOMB Carefully collect TNT.
M/CODE GRAPHICS Two demonstrations.
TX1/2 The OS on call.
PIRATE MATHS Sum fun.
NOTEBOOK Password Generator.

On the June 1985 tape:
QUASIMODO Befriending classic.
DISASSEMBLER Machine code utility.
ACTIVITIES Educational fun.
REFLECT Aggressive aliens.
ENGINE Animation.
DODGE Race track action.
STRINGALONG Scrolling fun.
CASTLE Medieval graphics.
MATHS CURVE Angles and art.
NOTEBOOK Trees.

On the May 1985 tape:
SKRAMBLE! Compulsive arcade action.
SHEEPHIN The logic game.
TEXTWRITER Screen utility.
LIFE A cultured classic.
CEDRIC Educational fun.
THREE-D Outstanding utility.
SPOKES Fascinating graphics.
MOONORBIT Heavenly displays.
BLAZON Heraldic devices.
FLOWERS A Basic bouquet.
NOTEBOOK Annotated animation.

On the April 1985 tape:
SUPER ARCHER Target practice.
BINARY SEARCH Search data efficiently.
JOYPLUS Switched joystick routine.
ODD ONE OUT Educational fun.
POLYGONS 3D rotation.
MONEY CRAZY Arcade action.
STARCHART The night sky.
FORTUNE TELLER Fortune telling.
COLLISION DETECTION Alien encounters.
HILDO Guessing game.
NOTEBOOK Hello to assembler.

On the March 1985 tape:
MR. FREEZE Ice cold arcade action.
SCREENDUMP Two procedures for printer dumps.
FILLER The machine code fill.

edition. **FRED'S WORLD GAME** Educational fun.
BIG LETTERS Large text utility.
PERCY Beat the burning fuse.
ANIMATION Two example programs.
PIGS Frying bacon.
NOTEBOOK Display formatting.

On the February 1985 tape:
CRAAL The mystifying maze adventure.
BOUNCY Addictively annoying action.
PAIRS Can you remember the cards?
BASE A A Binary hexadecimal conversion utility.
CATCHER Collect the eggs before they break.
CLOCK Time-keeping utility.
RACER Grand Prix action.
NOTEBOOK Graphics windows.
TRIG All the right angles.

On the January 1985 tape:
SPACE BATTLE Destroy the deadly descending aliens!
NEW YEAR A Sound and graphics greetings.
ESCAPE From SCARGOV.
MINIFIELD action.
PIE CHART Statistics made simple.
CLAYPIGION An Electron birdshot.
ORGAN Music maestro.
SIESTA **NOTEBOOK** An original program.
RANDOM NUMBERS Or not so random!
SNAKES Reptilian arcade action.
CHEESE RACE Beat rival mice.

On the December 1984 tape:
CHRISTMAS BOX Align the presents logically.
SILLY SANTA Sort out the middle.
SNAP Match the Xmas pictures.
RECOVERY The Bad Program message tamed.
CAROL Interrupt driven music.
AUTODATA A program that grows and grows.
NOTEBOOK Simple string handling.

On the November 1984 tape:
STAR FIGHTER Anti-alien missions.
SCROLLER Wrap around machine code.
URBAN SPRAWL Environmental action game.
SPELL Alphabetic education.
JUMPER Level headed action.
CAESAR Code breaking broken.
KEYBOARD Typing game.

On the October 1984 tape:
BREAKFREE Classic arcade action.
ALPHASWAP A logic game to strain your brain.
SOUND GENERATOR Tame the Electron's sound channels.
MULTICHARACTER GENERATOR. Complex characters made simple.
RIGEL 5 Out of this world graphics.
MAYDAY Help with your mouse code.
NOTEBOOK Palindromes and string handling.

On the September 1984 tape:
HUNTED HOUSE Arcade action in the spirit world.
SPLASH A logic game for non-swimmers.
SHORT SHOWS How sorting algorithms

work. **CLOCK TIME** The time they take.
CLASSROOM INVADERS Multicoloured characters go to school.
ACCOUNT Nautical arithmetics.
MATHS TEST Try out your mental powers.

On the August 1984 tape:
SANDCASTLE The Electron seaside outing.
KNOCKOUT Bouncing balls batter brick walls.
PARACHUTE Keep the skydivers dry.
LETTERS Large letters for your screen.
SUPER-SPELL Test your spelling.
ON YOUR BIKE Pedal power comes to your Electron.
SCROLLER Slotted strings slide sideways.
FLYING PIGS Bacon on the wing.

On the July 1984 tape:
GOLF A day on the links with your Electron.
SOLITAIRE The classic solo logic game.
TALL LETTERS Large characters made simple.
BANK ACCOUNT Keep track of your money.
CHARTIST 3D graphs.
FORMULAE Aras, volumes and trig.

On the June 1984 tape:
MONEY MADE Avoid the ghosts to get the cash.
CODE BREAKER A masterpiece is needed to crack the code.
ALIEN See little green men - the Electron way!
SETUP Colour characters without tears.
CRYSTALS Beautiful graphics.
LASER SHOOT OUT An atmospheric shooting gallery.

On the May 1984 tape:
RALLY DRIVER High speed car control.
SPACE PODS More aliens to annihilate.
CODE A Secret messages made simple.
FRUIT MACHINE Spin the wheels to win.
CHASER Avoid your opponent to survive.
TIC-TAC-TOE Electron mounds and crosses.
ELECTRON DRAUGHTSMAN Create and save Electron masterpieces.

On the April 1984 tape:
SPACEHIKE A hopping arcade classic.
FRIEZE Electron wallpaper.
PELICAN Cross roads safely.
CHESSTIMER Clock your moves.
ASTEROID SPACE is a minefield.
LIMERICK Automatic rhymes.
ROMAN Numbers in the ancient way.
BUNNYBLITZ The Easter program.
DOGDUCK The classic logic game.

On the March 1984 tape:
CHICKEN Let dangerous drivers test your nerve.
COFFEE A tantalising word game from Down Under.
PARKY'S PERIL Parky's lost in an invader.
REACTION TIMER How fast are you?
BRAINTEASER A puzzling program.
SCOUTS Arithmetic can be fun!
PAPER, SCISSORS, STONE Out-guess your Electron.
CHARACTER GENERATOR Create shapes with this utility.

On the February 1984 tape:
NUMBER BALANCE Test your powers of mental arithmetic.
CALCULATOR Make your Electron a calculator.
COILIES Multi-coloured patterns galore.
TOWERS OF HANOI The age old puzzle.
LUNAR LANDER Test your skill as an astronaut.
POSITION INVADERS A version of the old arcade favourite.

On the introductory tape:
ANAGRAM Sort out the thumbled letters.
DOODLE Multicoloured graphics.
EUROMAP Test your geography.
KALEIDOSCOPE Electron graphics run riot.
CAPITALS Now upper case letters.
ROCKET, WHEEL, CATCH Three fireworks programs.
BOMBER Drop the bombs before you crash.
DUCK Simple animation.
METEORS Collisions in space.

Use the order form on Page 61

Software Surgery

THE COLUMN THAT TAKES A LOOK INSIDE THE LATEST RELEASES

Strange, but there's fun down drains

Drain Mania
Icon Software

WHEN I first loaded this game into my computer, I wasn't particularly impressed. It appeared to have shades of Killer Gorilla, although in a novel setting.

Since then, however, playing it and getting the hang of it rather better, I have rapidly become hooked on this game.

It has that fatal quality of all super games — it becomes truly addictive, being easy to play yet difficult to master.

The rather unusual scenario is a system of underground sewers, in which our hero, Theodore, has to counter the attentions of such noxious creatures as Inky, Dinky and Pinky.

There are platforms on to and from which Theo can leap with either a small or a large leap.

Movement is also possible to the left or right, and these keys may be selected once only during the loading of the game.

Moving from the initial platform, which promptly vanishes, Theo has a habit of moving continuously. But with practice his speed can be adjusted, and he can even come to rest.

As the creatures bounce their way from the top to the bottom of the screen, there are two courses of action open to the player.

You can merely avoid them, or gain points and sweet revenge by jumping up and knocking the creature above off its feet. But some need rather more persuasion than others to topple.

If Theo can then leap on to that level and kick the stranded creature off, there are bonus points to be had. But too long a delay brings a

metamorphosis into an even more deadly beast.

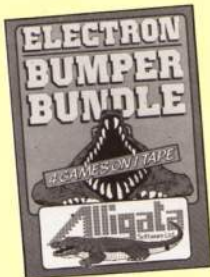
The authors have also kindly included a Zap button which on being head-butted has the effect of scoring for all the animals currently on the screen, and also any coins.

These tend to appear in the oddest places and bring you further points.

However, this little kindness on their part is countered by the malign water balls, which bounce strangely around on the more difficult stages.

It's a little strange to begin with, but it will soon become a favourite in your collection.

Phil T aylor



Neat package

Bumper Bundle
Alligato Software

Bumper Bundle is a tape



collection of four programs: Bugblaster, Lunar Rescue, Hell Hole and Crown Jewels.

Bugblaster is an action-packed arcade game with the sole object of blasting everything that moves — and those things that sit still!

You control the left and right motion of the zipper which fires vertically.

You can push it up and down, but the window of movement is limited to the bottom five lines of the screen.

At the start, the display contains randomly-placed mushrooms. Immediately a centipede begins crawling left then right across the screen and slowly descending.

As you fire and hit the bug, it breaks into separate sections, each with a life of its own.

Falling vertically down the screen and moving from left to right are various other creatures — snails, spiders, scorpions, dragonflies and snails. Each of these scores points if zapped.

If you come into contact with any of the bugs there's an explosion and one of your three lives is lost.

Your Lunar Rescue mission is to descend from an orbiting station, carefully avoid asteroids, and land.

After a man has boarded your craft, it ascends. On the way up you have to avoid or destroy the aliens.

Eventually, you dock the rescue vehicle on the mother ship.

You have three attempts in

each game. Scoring is based upon the number of aliens zapped and the difficulty of the landing site chosen.

Hell Hole is definitely a more intellectual arcade game. I've spent many hours working at it, but I still haven't sussed how to trap or capture the fiend. Please let me know if you have the answer.

Like the two other arcade games, the graphics and sound are very good. All three are quality software.

The fourth program of the suite is an adventure game based upon the unlikely event that a joker has stolen the Crown Jewels and then hidden them at various locations in London.

The graphics are not outstanding but, as far as I could tell not having finished it, the adventure is well worth pursuing.

I was really impressed with this collection of programs. All four proved to be of a high standard of presentation and content. This is truly a Bumper Bundle.

John Woollard

Good value

Ring Of Time
Kansas

THIS is the first Kansas adventure I've managed to get a look at and I'm quite impressed.

Although written in Basic, the responses are excellent and a peek at the listing shows that a lot of work has gone into producing the program.

Right. Now for the plot.

Legend tells of a "time-ring" belonging to Zor, an evil magician of the Middle Ages. Your task is to search for and find the ring. No easy task, I can assure you.

I won't reveal too much about the game. There is one

From Page 39

problem, however, that is likely to stump you – how to get past the crocodiles.

This is a bit nasty, but man's best friend should come in handy here.

The other problems are totally logical (in retrospect).

A good atmosphere is generated by wise use of room descriptions, but don't try TAKEing the things you are told about, most of them aren't recognised.

Incidentally, Kansas gives a lifetime guarantee on its cassettes. This along with the reasonable price of the game seems quite good value to me.

There is a superb puzzle involving a locked door and a piece of parchment that isn't all it seems. But I'll leave the pleasure of finding out exactly what I mean for you to discover.

The program itself is a bit frustrating in that it doesn't recognise GET and all the verbs I tried had to be typed in in full.

For instance, you have to type in EXAMINE, EXAM isn't recognised. Possibly I just getting lazy.

The actual level of the adventure is aimed at the average player. However, I think beginners will find it interesting, though the more-

experienced player shouldn't take all that long to solve it.

Overall, a well-linked plot that's very nice to play, and a well-priced product that's good value for money. More please.

Merlin



Brian's hard to beat

Brian Jacks Superstar Challenge
Martech

THE object of this game is to challenge and try to beat Brian Jacks in a series of eight activities.

The skill of play is entirely

dependent upon your ability to manipulate five keys of the keyboard or use a joystick and fire button.

The instructions for each event are very brief and it takes several attempts before a good technique can be developed.

The first challenge is a 50-metres swim. Using X and Z you have to coordinate your strokes to keep a straight line.

Periodically you have to take a breath by tapping the Return key.

On the earlier rounds it's relatively easy to beat Brian.

Still in, or on, water, canoeing follows. Although you still use the X and Z keys to paddle, the technique is subtly different.

The archery section that follows requires you to hit a moving target by predicting its movement and judging correct elevation of the bow. The wind speed is given as a guide.

This challenge certainly needs practice.

A cycle race makes up the fourth section. This time the keys are used to drive the pedals.

Careful use of the gears has to be made to enable a fast speed to be accomplished.

The next event, the 100-metres sprint, is the simplest of the activities.

The superb graphics of

many of the sections are highlighted in the squat thrust competition.

Using the familiar X and Z keys you move the body through four stages between being stretched fully out and the squat position.

Again, the technique requires practice and development before a high score can be achieved.

The arm dips have equally impressive graphics. To lower the body the Return key is tapped once. Raising it requires several taps of X and Z which are also used to arrest the fall of the body.

The final section is a football challenge. I found this most difficult to understand. The instructions with the package are extremely limited and non-existent in the program.

You first have to collect the ball, dribble it between the cones and then into the red semi-circle.

I didn't realise when I fell over the first cone that I'd lost the ball.

Then I tried to move the ball to the centre of the screen and not go into the semi-circle. Once in the semi-circle you have only a few seconds to aim your kick and fire.

Be warned – the goalkeeper is very good!

At the end of each event the

Bert Boot Highlight Software

WITH Bert Boot, Highlight have attempted to brighten up straightforward multiplication and division practice.

The star of the program is a boot called Bert.

Bert's passion in life is squashing insects. You can choose whether they are flies, wasps or beetles.

If you choose to practice multiplication, you are told how many insects Bert can crush in one second.

You then watch him do it – and afterwards you are asked how many he can squash in a certain number of seconds.

If you have opted for Easy, you are given help with how to tackle the problem. With Medium you get less help, and

on Hard you're on your own.

The same options are available for division, except that now you are told how many seconds it takes Bert to squash a number of insects.

You're job is to find out how many he can squash in one second.

To make the "work" more palatable, there is a reward in the form of a game if you get at least 80 per cent of your answers right.

Now to the drawbacks. When it's said that Bert squashes eight flies in one second, he actually takes more than two seconds.

This is not only wrong, it can also be very tedious. Watching the demise of 90 insects takes over 40 seconds.

Another problem concerns the division part of the program.

The computer "beeps" every time Bert has done one second's worth of crushing. To successfully answer the division questions, you need only remember the number at which you heard the first "beep".

The reward game is based on the charming notion that the insects should have a chance of outwitting streams of boots and helping themselves to some jam.

It is in fact a version of Frogger.

It's a nice idea, but made very frustrating by the fact that the keyboard buffer isn't cleared.

This means that when you get your first insect to the jam, the second one starts, out of control, and probably commits suicide.

Also, the keyboard delay

time and auto-repeat need setting, so that your insect doesn't start, stop and then start again.

The keys you have to use are the cursor keys. You are expected to discover this for yourself.

These are bad keys on the Electron, being right by Break, and are better avoided in children's programs.

These faults could very easily be put right and I hope that Highlight will amend them in future and perhaps provide an upgrade for existing customers.

If that were done, I could recommend this educational program for home and school use. As it stands, the idea is good and the graphics appealing, but it is too frustrating for children to use.

Rog Frost

They're booting maths around

scores for you and Brian are shown and the running totals displayed before the next challenge.

Overall, this program meets the high standard set by other Martech programs I've used.

While there's a great emphasis upon key-tapping, I was pleased to see that there were considerably different techniques to be adopted for tackling the various challenges.

John Woollard

A must of a ROM

Advanced Disc Toolkit
Advanced Computer Products

ADT is a ROM compatible with both the Electron and BBC micros and designed to be used with either an ordinary disc filing system or the advanced disc filing system.

The ROM adds 32 new commands which are available from within a program or directly from the keyboard.

Most of these commands use the disc filing system, but several don't, although I wouldn't really recommend it if you haven't yet upgraded to discs.

ADT is available as a ROM cartridge which plugs into the Plus 1 or as a bare ROM. This could be plugged into something like Slogger's Rombox, tested in the August issue of *Electron User*.

*HELP ADT reveals all the extra commands and their syntax.

Several commands, *BACKUP, *BUILD, *FORM, *TYPE and *CATCALL should be familiar. These have been included in the ROM as they aren't in the ADFS but are on the Welcome disc supplied with the Plus 3.

*BACKUP copies the contents of one disc to another. *BUILD creates a file, usually text, which can be executed when the disc is booted with Shift+Break.

*CATALL catalogues the whole disc and *FORM formats a new disc. *TYPE displays a text file under line numbers.

There are several useful search commands. *DFIND

Repton
Superior Software

REPTON is the latest, and claims to be the best, release from Superior Software, one of the leading Electron software houses.

In short, it is.

It's one of those arcade-style adventure games where you playing the part of our hero, Repton.

His mission is to retrieve all the diamonds from a series of twisting underground caves.

Unfortunately, the caverns are also full of precariously-balanced rocks that tend to drop on you if you dig under them.

They're often arranged so that if you loosen some before others, they fall in the wrong

searches a disc. *MFIND searches the memory and *BFIND searches a Basic program, printing the address of all occurrences of a given string. The search can be for a hex or ASCII string.

Programs can be loaded and run at any address, relocation is automatic.

*MLOAD loads a program while *MRUN loads, relocates and runs a program. This saves a lot of fiddling about with programs that have to run with PAGE set to &E00 for example.

Memory contents can be examined in hex, ASCII or assembly language with *MEX.

The disassembler is excellent and is the best I have seen so far on the Electron. It allows you to follow subroutines and branches by pressing the Return key when one is encountered. It even disassembles backwards.

A disc can be examined and edited with *DEX and sectors loaded and saved with *SECTORS. *DUMP displays the contents of a file.

I didn't realise how important these commands were until I accidentally saved one file with the same name as another.

Arcade you must enter

order and seal off the passage to certain diamonds forever.

In later caverns the diamonds lie underneath giant eggs which fall and hatch into ferocious reptiles when you take the diamond.

Needless to say, they then spend all their time chasing after you.

In even later caverns you have to open a safe using a special key that you must find.

Now for the technical side. The entire screen acts as a window on to the area of the cavern you're in, so that you can only see a sixteenth of the cavern.

As you move, the view through the window scrolls very smoothly in the appropriate direction.

Repton is a colourful green-headed character and is

beautifully animated. If you don't move him, he starts looking round of his own accord.

Not to be outdone, the reptiles strike a fearsome pose with their webbed feet and yellow bellies.

At any time during play you can look at a map of the entire cavern to see where the remaining diamonds are.

After completing each screen you're given a password enabling you to skip that screen in future.

There are 12 caverns in all, getting progressively harder.

This is an astounding game reaching new heights in Electron arcade adventures.

So if you feel that you're an Indiana Jones type then go out and buy it today.

Philip Tudor

By examining the disc I found the old program and used *SECTORS to load it back to PAGE and OLD to restore it.

*LIST lists a text file like *TYPE but adds line numbers. *VERIFY checks that a disc is OK.

*FCOMP compares two files to see if they are the same and *DCOMP compares two discs.

*SETADR changes the load and execution addresses of a file and *FCOPY makes a copy of a file.

Several commands act on ROMs. *ROMS prints all the ROMs present and *UNPLUG turns off a particular ROM.

This is necessary if one ROM is interfacing with the operation of another and can happen if two ROMs have the same name for two entirely different commands. Simply *UNPLUG the one you don't want.

*FREE displays the amount of free space on a disc and *MAP displays a map of the free space.

*FSN tells you which filing system is active and *XFER will copy a file from one filing system to another.

I've only briefly mentioned each command and given an

indication of what it does.

Many of the commands have several options and functions which are invoked by passing parameters and I haven't the space to explain in detail the full capability of such a comprehensive toolkit.

Suffice it to say that it has just about every utility you're likely to need.

None of the utilities is new - they're all old hat on the BBC Micro. It is new on the Electron, however.

The big plus point for this toolkit though is that it's compatible with an ordinary DFS, the ADFS, the Electron, BBC Micro, and most commands work across the Tube.

One point worth mentioning though is that for some of the utilities to work in Modes 0 to 3 a link may need soldering inside the Plus 3 on the circuit board.

However, all the commands work in Mode 6 whether the link has been made or not, so it's not that important.

I found the ADT an invaluable tool. It saved time and effort and helped save the day on several occasions.

If you have discs, then you'll need a toolkit. Take a close look at ADT - it's superb.

Roland Waddilove

The ultimate guide to the Electron!

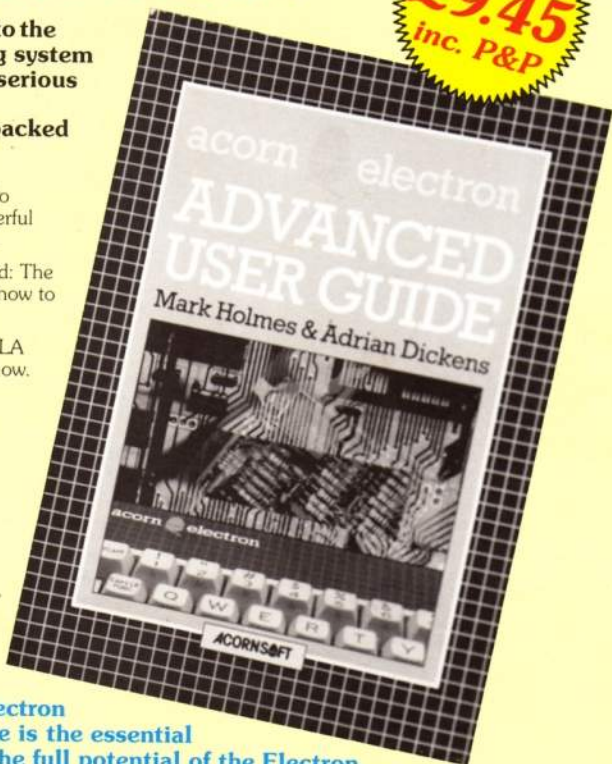
ONLY
£9.45
inc. P&P

This detailed guide to the Electron's operating system is a must for every serious Electron user. In its information packed pages you'll find:

- ★ Full details of how to implement the powerful *FX/OSBYTE calls.
- ★ Page ROMs revealed: The way they work and how to write your own.
- ★ Programming the ULA – all you need to know.
- ★ Full coverage of memory allocation and usage – make every byte count.
- ★ Complete circuit diagram: How to use the Electron's exciting expansion capabilities to the full.

and much,
much more ...

Quite simply, the Electron Advanced User Guide is the essential guide to exploiting the full potential of the Electron. Make sure of your copy.



☐ Please send me a copy of Acorn Electron Advanced User Guide, £9.45 UK, £11.45 Overseas.

Payment: please indicate method (✓)

☐ Access/Mastercard/Eurocard

No. _____

☐ Barclaycard/Visa

No. _____

☐ Cheque/PO made payable to Database Publications Ltd.

Expiry date: / /

Name _____ Signed _____

Address _____

Send to: **Database Publications, FREEPOST, Europa House, 68 Chester Road, Hazel Grove, Stockport SK7 5NY.**

(No stamp needed if posted in UK) Please allow 28 days for delivery

Don't forget to quote your credit card number and give your full address.

You can also order by phone:

061-480 0171

IT'S GREAT BEING TWO-FACED



QFS DISK FILING SYSTEM FOR THE BBC MICROCOMPUTER

- Simple installation – plugs into existing empty sockets.
- No soldering required fitted in under 15 minutes.
- Utilities in ROM
- Designed to be compatible with most Acorn Disk Software.
- Double Density capacity is 18 sectors per track, giving a massive 1.4 mega bytes.
- QFS kit contains a 16k ROM containing the firmware. A small printed circuit board contains disk controller and associated custom IC. In addition there are a further 7 support IC's and a link to plug into the BBC micro PCB.
- The QFS comes complete with operating manual and full fitting instructions including diagrams.

QFS
£79.95
Inc VAT
postage & packing
£1.50 extra

ELECTRON DISK INTERFACE

- Plugs straight into electron's plus-one expansion.
- Compatible with 5¼" and 3½" disk drives.
- Up to 89 file names can be stored on each disk.
- Interface contains a real time clock/calendar which allows time and date stamping of saved files.
- Interface comes in hard wearing BBC beige cabinet, complete with operating manual.

ELECTRON INTERFACE
£115.95
Inc VAT
postage & packing
£1.50 extra

Because Cumana's QFS and Electron interfaces are **DOUBLE DENSITY** they provide extra storage capacity and increase file space.



ORDER FORM

To: CUMANA LIMITED, THE PINES TRADING ESTATE,
BROAD STREET, GUILDFORD, SURREY, GU3 3BH.
TEL. 0483 503121.

Please rush me QFS Quantity Electron I/F Quantity
I enclose cheque/PO* for or debit
my access/visa card* no *Delete as applicable
Name

Address

Tel:
E&OE

Micron User

CUMANA®
The best name in memory

BOUNCE BALL

FEEL like a ball game but can't be bothered to go out?

Well get your opponent and let your Electron provide the court with Bounce Ball.

Written by Ian Kirby, it's a two player game that harks back to the earliest days of video games but is still as much fun as ever.

VARIABLES

ang% Contains angle of ball.
bx% Contains across position of ball.
by% Contains position of ball down screen.
sa% Position of player one across screen.
sb% Position of player two across screen.
ua% Position of player one up screen.
ub% Position of player two up screen.
turn% Contains number of player who must hit ball next.
num% Contains number of player who hit ball last.
pl_a% Player number one's score.
pl_b% Player number two's score.

Bounce Ball listing

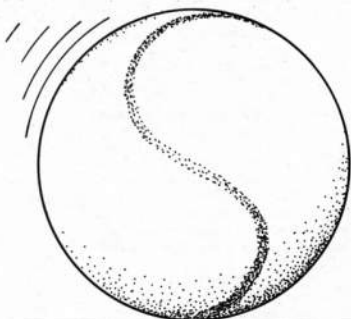
```

10 REM Bounce_Ball
20 REM by Ian Kirby
25 REM (C) ELECTRON USER
30 REPEAT
40 MODE1
50 PROC_init
60 PROC_inst
70 REPEAT
80 PROC_re_set
90 PROC_draw_screen
100 COLOUR7
110 REPEAT
120 PROC_move_man_a
130 PROC_move_ball
140 PROC_move_man_b
150 UNTILpointX=1
160 PROC_score
170 UNTILwinner=0
180 MODE2:PROC_winner
190 UNTILFALSE
200 END
210 DEFPROC_move_man_a
220 A=INKEY$(0)
230 VDU19,3,1,0,0,0
240 IFuaX=1THENuaX=uaX+2:
PRINTTAB(saX,1);" "
250 IFuaX=29THENuaX=uaX-2:
PRINTTAB(saX,29);" "
260 IFsaX=0THENsaX=saX+2:
PRINTTAB(0,uaX);" "
270 IFsaX=38THENsaX=saX-2:
PRINTTAB(38,uaX);" "
280 COLOUR3
290 PRINTTAB(saX,uaX);CHR
$241
300 IFINKEY=66THENuaX=uaX
-2:PRINTTAB(saX,uaX);CHR$24
1:PRINTTAB(saX,uaX+2);" "
ENDPROC
310 IFINKEY=98THENuaX=uaX
+2:PRINTTAB(saX,uaX);CHR$24
1:PRINTTAB(saX,uaX-2);" "
ENDPROC
320 IFINKEY=67THENsaX=saX
-2:PRINTTAB(saX,uaX);CHR$24
1:PRINTTAB(saX+2,uaX);" "
ENDPROC
330 IFINKEY=83THENsaX=saX
+2:PRINTTAB(saX,uaX);CHR$24
1:PRINTTAB(saX-2,uaX);" "
ENDPROC
340 ENDPROC
350 DEFPROC_move_ball
360 COLOUR1
370 VDU19,1,7,0,0,0
380 IFangX=1ANDbyX=1THENa
ngX=2
390 IFangX=0ANDbyX=1THENa
ngX=3
400 IFangX=1ANDbxX=39THEN
angX=0
410 IFangX=2ANDbxX=39THEN
angX=3
420 IFangX=3ANDbxX=0THENa
ngX=2
430 IFangX=0ANDbxX=0THENa
ngX=1
440 IFbyX=29THENGOTO570
450 IFangX=0THENbxX=bxX-1
:byX=byX-1:GOTO490
460 IFangX=1THENbxX=bxX+1
:byX=byX-1:GOTO490
470 IFangX=2THENbxX=bxX+1
:byX=byX+1:GOTO490
480 IFangX=3THENbxX=bxX-1
:byX=byX+1:GOTO490
490 PRINTTAB(bxX,byX);CHR
$240
500 IFangX=0THENPRINTTAB(
bxX+1,byX+1);" "
510 IFangX=1THENPRINTTAB(
bxX-1,byX+1);" "
520 IFangX=2THENPRINTTAB(
bxX-1,byX-1);" "
530 IFangX=3THENPRINTTAB(
bxX+1,byX-1);" "
540 IFbxX=0THENSOUND2,-15
,87,2ELSEIFbxX=39THENSOUND2
,-15,87,2ELSEIFbyX=1THENSOU
ND2,-15,87,2ELSEIFbyX=29THE
NSOUND2,-15,87,2
550 IFbxX=saXANDbyX=uaX-1
THENnumX=1:PROC_hit
560 IFbxX=sbXANDbyX=ubX-1
THENnumX=2:PROC_hit
570 IFbyX=29THENPROC_off
580 ENDPROC
590 DEFPROC_move_man_b
600 IFubX=1THENubX=ubX+2:
PRINTTAB(sbX,1);" "
610 IFubX=29THENubX=ubX-2:
PRINTTAB(sbX,29);" "
620 IFsbX=0THENsbX=sbX+2:
PRINTTAB(0,ubX);" "
630 IFsbX=38THENsbX=sbX-2:
PRINTTAB(38,ubX);" "
640 COLOUR2
650 PRINTTAB(sbX,ubX);CHR
$241
660 IFINKEY=73THENubX=ubX
-2:PRINTTAB(sbX,ubX);CHR$24
1:PRINTTAB(sbX,ubX+2);" "
ENDPROC
670 IFINKEY=108THENubX=ub
X+2:PRINTTAB(sbX,ubX);CHR$2
41:PRINTTAB(sbX+2,ubX);" "
ENDPROC
680 IFINKEY=103THENsbX=sb
X-2:PRINTTAB(sbX,ubX);CHR$2
41:PRINTTAB(sbX-2,ubX);" "
ENDPROC
690 IFINKEY=104THENsbX=sb
X+2:PRINTTAB(sbX,ubX);CHR$2
41:PRINTTAB(sbX+2,ubX);" "
ENDPROC
700 ENDPROC
710 DEFPROC_init
720 *FX1,1
730 *FX12,1
740 VDU23,020;0;0;0;0
750 VDU23,240,0,0,60,60,6
0,60,0,0
760 VDU23,241,255,255,255
,255,255,255,255,255
770 VDU23,250,126,126,126
,0,0,231,231,231
780 wall=STRING$(39,CHR$
250)
790 angX=1:bxX=0:byX=10:

```


PROCEDURES

PROC_move_man_a Allows player one to move his man.
PROC_move_ball Moves ball across the screen.
PROC_move_man_b Allows player two to move his man.
PROC_init Defines the programs variables, etc.
PROC_inst Prints instructions on the screen.
PROC_hit Takes action if player hits the ball.
PROC_draw_screen Draws the screen.
PROC_score Calculates the score.
PROC_re_set Sets the variables for a new game.
PROC_off Takes action if the ball goes off the screen.
PROC_winner Shows the winner.



```
lengthZ=1:acrossZ=24:uaZ=15
:saZ=10:ubZ=15:sbZ=30:pl_bZ
=0:pl_aZ=0:winner=0:turnZ=1
:nuaZ=2
800 ENVELOPE2,2,RND(255)-
128,RND(255)-128,RND(255)-1
28,RND(255)-128,RND(255)-12
8,RND(255)-128,126,0,0,-126
,126,126
810 pointZ=0
820 word$="BOUNCE BALL"
830 VDU19,3,1,0,0,0
840 ENDPROC
850 DEFPROC_inst
860 SOUND2,2,25,254
870 REPEAT
880 VDU19,1,RND(7),0,0,0:
COLOUR1
890 long$=LEFT$(word$,len
gthZ)
900 PRINTTAB(acrossZ,4):1
ong$
910 lengthZ=lengthZ+1:acr
ossZ=acrossZ-1
920 #FX21,0
930 AS=INKEY$(100)
940 UNTIL lengthZ=12
950 VDU19,1,7,0,0,0:COLOU
R1
960 PRINTTAB(2,6):"The id
ea of BOUNCE BALL is to hit
the ball to the top of the
screen. This is done by u
sing the keys shown below."
970 PRINTTAB(0,9):"Each p
```

```
layer should take his/her t
urn. Points are awarded a
gainst you if you hit the
ball out of turn or let th
e ball"
980 PRINTTAB(0,12):"go of
f of the bottom of the scre
en when it is your turn."
990 PRINTTAB(4,15):"Playe
r 1 (Red):TAB(20,15):"Playe
r 2 (Green):"
1000 PRINTTAB(6,17):"A=up"
:TAB(6):"Z=down":TAB(6):"Y=
left":TAB(6):"C=right"
1010 PRINTTAB(22,17):"*=up
":PRINTTAB(22,18):"?=down"
::PRINTTAB(22,19):"<=left":
:PRINTTAB(22,20):">=right":
1020 PRINTTAB(0,25):"First
Player to score 8 wins!"
1030 PRINTTAB(8,26):"Playe
r one to go first"
1040 #FX21,0
1050 AS=GET$:CLS
1060 ENDPROC
1070 DEFPROC_hit
1080 IFnumZ=2ANDturnZ=1THE
NpoZ=2:pointZ=1:ENDPROC
1090 IFnumZ=1ANDturnZ=2THE
NpoZ=1:pointZ=1:ENDPROC
1100 IFnumZ=1ANDturnZ=1THE
NturnZ=2:GOTO1120
1110 IFnumZ=2ANDturnZ=2THE
NturnZ=1:GOTO1120
1120 IFangZ=0THENangZ=1
```

```
1130 IFangZ=1THENangZ=0
1140 IFangZ=2THENangZ=1
1150 IFangZ=3THENangZ=0
1160 SOUND2,-15,87,2
1170 ENDPROC
1180 DEFPROC_draw_screen
1190 VDU19,2,2,0,0,0:COLOU
R2
1200 PRINTTAB(0,0):CHR$250
+wall$
1210 ENDPROC
1220 DEFPROC_score
1230 SOUND2,2,87,100
1240 pointZ=0
1250 IFpoZ=1THENpl_aZ=pl_a
Z+1
1260 IFpoZ=2THENpl_bZ=pl_b
Z+1
1270 IFturnZ=1THENturnZ=2
1280 IFturnZ=2THENturnZ=1
1290 IFpl_bZ=0THENwinner=1
ELSEIFpl_aZ=0THENwinner=2:E
NDPROC
1300 CLS:PRINTTAB(4,4):"Pl
ayer 1":TAB(20,4):"Player 2
":TAB(6,0):pl_bZ:TAB(22,0):
pl_aZ
1310 PRINTTAB(20,20):"Pres
s 'Y'.":PRINTTAB(20,22):"P
layer :turnZ":to go first
"
1320 AS=GET$:IFA$="Y"THEN
CLS ELSE1320
1330 ENDPROC
```

```
1340 DEFPROC_re_set
1350 angZ=1:bxZ=10:byZ=10:
lengthZ=1:acrossZ=21:uaZ=15
:saZ=10:ubZ=15:sbZ=30:nuaZ=
2
1360 COLOUR3:PRINTTAB(10,1
5):CHR$241:COLOUR2:PRINTTAB
(30,15):CHR$241
1370 ENDPROC
1380 DEFPROC_off
1390 IFbyZ=29ANDnuaZ=2THE
NpoZ=1:pointZ=1:ENDPROC
1400 IFbyZ=29ANDnuaZ=1THE
NpoZ=2:pointZ=1:ENDPROC
1410 ENDPROC
1420 DEFPROC_winner
1430 VDU23,0:0:0:0:0
1440 COLOUR0:COLOUR140:CLS
1450 FORPX=0TO200STEP4:SOU
ND2,-15,PX,2:NEXT:SOUND2,2,
25,100
1460 PRINTTAB(5,10):"Playe
r 'winner' wins"
1470 #FX21,0
1480 PRINTTAB(5,15):"Anoth
er go?":AS=GET$:IFA$="N"THE
N CLS :END
1490 ENDPROC
```

This listing is included in this month's cassette tape offer. See order form on Page 61.

21st. Software

(BBC VERSIONS AVAILABLE)

PRESENTS A SELECTION OF HARDWARE, UTILITIES & SOFTWARE FOR THE ELECTRON

ROMBOX
for the Electron
8 ROM sockets
(Phone for details)
OUR PRICE JUST
£27.50!!

FIRST BYTE JOYSTICK INTERFACE
Includes Conversion Tape
R.R.P. £19.95 OUR PRICE £12.25

PLUS3 SOFTWARE ACORN/SHARP GAMES DISC
(Contains Maze, Tetris & Planetside)
R.R.P. £19.75 OUR PRICE £17.95
Database **R.R.P. £19.75 OUR PRICE £17.95**

SUPER3 PACK SUPERIOR SOFTWARE GAMES
3 Cassettes consist of:-
1. STRANDED (Graphic Adventure)
2. FRUIT MACHINE (Bizarre money play this!)
3. INVADERS (Classic Arcade Game)
ALL 3 FOR JUST £5.95 incl.

MEMOREX 31" blank disc
512 3D
Box of 10 in case
R.R.P. £52.00 OUR PRICE £45.00

NEW U.S. GOLD BEACH HEAD
(Available August 17)
R.R.P. £9.95 OUR PRICE £6.95

SLOGGER SOFTWARE ROMS
ILKMAN RRP £17.50 OUR PRICE £15.75
STARMIN machine code mod RRP £22.50 OUR PRICE £20.25

VINE MICRO ADDOC
R.R.P. £28.00 OUR PRICE £26.00

NEW TYNE SOFT'S SUPERGRAN
Our Price
Supergran ADV £7.95 9.95
Supergran IARC £4.95 £4.25

POWERSOFT ROM JOYSTICK INTERFACE
R.R.P. £24.95 OUR PRICE £22.65

	R.R.P.	OUR PRICE		R.R.P.	OUR PRICE		R.R.P.	OUR PRICE
A'NF			Sprite Generator	9.95	8.95	Space Shuttle	8.00	7.00
Bargain Pack	14.95	12.95	DURELL MARTECH			MP SOFTWARE		
AARDVAK			Minishift	6.95	5.95	Sadim Canyon	7.50	6.50
Zalaga	6.95	5.95	Brian Jacks Superstars	7.95	6.95	Valley of the Kings	7.50	6.50
ACORN/SHARP			Combat Lynx	8.95	7.95	Frien Wood	7.50	6.50
Elite	12.95	11.65	Eddie Kidd Jump	6.95	5.95	Woodland Terror	7.50	6.50
Magic Mushrooms	11.95	10.95	Gisburne's Castle	5.95	4.95	Blue Dragon	7.50	6.50
Snooker	6.99	5.99	EDGE COMPUTERS	9.95	8.95	Sandwich	7.50	6.50
Sphinx's Adventure	6.99	5.99	ENGLISH SOFTWARE			MICROPOWER		
Starship Command	6.99	5.99	Spaceman Sid	7.95	6.95	Ghouls	7.95	6.95
Snapper	6.99	5.99	Jet Boot Jack	7.95	6.95	Jet Power Jack	6.95	5.95
Free Fall	6.99	5.99	Kissin' Cousins	4.95	4.25	Pushtron	6.95	5.95
Metors	6.99	5.99	EPIC SOFTWARE			Swag	6.95	5.95
Maze	6.99	5.99	The Wheel of Fortune	9.95	8.45	Gauntlett	6.95	5.95
Boxer	6.99	5.99	Castle Frankenstein	7.95	6.55	Chaos	7.95	6.95
Philosophers Quest	6.99	5.99	The Quest of the Holy Grail	7.95	6.55	Killer Gorilla	7.95	6.95
Snapper	6.99	5.99	Kingdom of Klein	7.95	6.55	Moonsraider	7.95	6.95
Monsters	6.99	5.99	GLOBAL	10.95	9.95	U.X.B.	7.95	6.95
Hopper	6.99	5.99	O.C. Cleaner (Cleaning kit)			Felix/Evil Weevils	6.95	5.95
Finiting	6.99	5.99	GOLEM LTD			Felix in Factory	6.95	5.95
Lip	16.85	15.35	Education I	8.00	7.00	Fruit/Fruit Monsters	7.95	6.95
Personal Money Management	6.99	5.99	Education II	8.00	7.00	Galactic Commander	7.95	6.95
Tree of Knowledge	6.99	5.99	Fun with Words	8.00	7.00	Cybertown	7.95	6.95
View Rom Cartridge	29.99	27.65	Fun with Numbers	8.00	7.00	Stock Car	6.95	5.95
Viewsheet Rom Cartridge	29.99	27.65	HEWSON	8.00	*00	Which Salt	6.95	5.95
Hopper ROM (Cart)	14.95	13.45	Heathrow A.T.C.	7.95	6.95	Rubble Trouble	6.95	5.95
Snapper ROM (Cart)	14.95	13.45	HIGHLIGHT SOFT			Adventure	7.95	6.95
ACORN/SHARP			Reading Pack I	7.95	6.95	MIRRORSOFT		
Happy Letters	8.95	7.95	Reading Pack II	7.95	6.95	Star Trek	9.95	8.95
Tinman One	8.95	7.95	Reading Pack 3	7.95	6.95	Count with Oliver	7.95	6.95
Happy Numbers	8.95	7.95	Reading Pack 4	7.95	6.95	Look Sharp	7.95	6.95
Wordhug	8.95	7.95	HOLLY SOFTWARE			First Steps	8.95	7.95
Omniplay	9.95	8.95	Gamemaker Mode 2	12.00	10.65	Here/There with Mr Men	7.95	6.95
ACORN/LINKWORD			Gamemaker Mode 5	12.00	10.65	Quick Thinking +	6.95	5.95
German	14.95	12.95	ICON SOFTWARE			OASIS		
French	14.95	12.95	Caveman Capers	7.95	6.95	Aces High	14.95	12.95
Italian	14.95	12.95	Bug Eyes	7.95	6.95	ACEAN		
Spanish	14.95	12.95	Zigzag the Conqueror	7.95	6.95	Hunchback	6.90	5.90
ACORN/BERG			Warp I	7.95	6.95	QUALSOFT		
Theatre Quiz	12.95	11.75	Ultrun	7.95	6.95	Soccer Supremo	9.95	8.95
Royal Quiz	12.95	11.75	Wion	7.95	6.95	REDSHIRT		
Science Fiction Quiz	12.95	11.75	INCENTIVE			English Civil War	9.95	8.95
ADDICTIVE GAMES			Millionaire	6.50	5.50	SALAMANDER		
Football Manager	7.95	6.95	Interceptor	6.00	5.00	137 Flight Sim	9.95	8.95
ADVENTURE INT:			KANSAS CITY			Graphics System	9.95	8.95
Gremkins	7.95	6.95	Ring of Time	9.50	6.50	SHARDS		
The Hulk	7.95	6.95	KOSMOS SOFTWARE			Empire	6.95	5.95
Spiderman	7.95	6.95	French Mistress A or B	8.95	7.95	Pettigrews Diary	7.95	6.95
Adventureland	7.95	6.95	German Master A or B	8.95	7.95	Mystery of Java Star	7.95	6.95
The Count	7.95	6.95	Spanish Tutor A or B	8.95	7.95	Gallies	6.95	5.95
Mystery Funhouse	7.95	6.95	Answer Back Jun or Sen.	9.95	8.95	SOFTWARE INVASION		
ALLIGATA			Identify Europe	7.95	6.95	3D Bomb Alley	7.95	6.95
Blagge	7.95	6.95	L.C.L.			Gunsplode	7.95	6.95
Bumper Bundle	7.95	6.95	Micro Maths (24 prog)	24.50	21.50	Blitzkrieg	7.95	6.95
Contract Bridge	9.95	8.95	Micro English (24 prog)	24.50	21.50	Super Pool	7.95	6.95
Guardian	9.95	8.95	LONGMAN'S SOFTWARE			Votex	7.95	6.95
Nightworld	7.95	6.95	First Moves (Chess 8+)	9.95	8.95	SLOGGER		
ATARISOFT			Master Key (Typing Tutor)	9.95	8.95	Dogfight (2 player joystick)	7.95	3.00
Robotron	9.95	8.95	MAGEN SOFT			SQUIRRELSOFT		
A.S.K.			Block Busters	7.95	6.95	Supergolf	7.50	6.50
Number Painter	9.95	8.95	MELBOURNE HOUSE			Trailgator	7.95	6.95
Number Guesser	9.95	8.95	Classic Adventure	6.95	5.95	Polar Perils	7.95	6.95
Best 4 English	19.95	18.45	Hamptoned House	6.95	5.95	STELL SOFTWARE		
Best 4 Maths	19.95	18.45	M.C. LOTHORIEN			Identities (12 8-ans)	7.95	6.95
BUG BYTE			Parads	6.95	5.95	Maths Invader (4-12)	7.95	6.95
Twin Kingdom Valley	9.50	8.50	Johnny Reb	6.95	5.95	Stell Railroad (4-12)	7.95	6.95
COMSOFT			Special Operations	6.95	5.95	Stell Time (3-10)	7.95	6.95
Serpents Lull	4.95	3.95	MICROBYTE			SUPERIOR SOFTWARE		
Playbox	4.95	3.95	ErBert	4.95	3.95	Mr Wiz	7.95	6.95
A.S.S. Commando	4.95	3.95	3D Space Ranger	4.95	3.95	Smash and Grab	7.95	6.95
C.D.S.			MICRODEAL			Overdrive	7.95	6.95
Birdie Barrage	7.95	6.95	Arena 3000	8.00	7.00	Tempest	9.95	8.95
C.R.L.						Percy Penguin	7.95	6.95
Test Match	6.95	5.95				Repton	9.95	8.95
DR. SOFT						TALENT		
747 Night Sim.	7.95	6.95				West	7.95	6.95
Gorf	7.95	6.95				Laser Reflex	7.95	6.95
D.A.C.C.						VISIONS/CSM		
Flight Sim 747 (DACC)	9.95	8.95				Snooker	8.95	7.95
						Daredevil Dennis	7.95	6.95
						Sim	7.95	6.95

BOX OF 10 C15 COMPUTER CASSETTES £4.50 inc VAT & P&P.

ALL PRICES ARE INCLUSIVE OF VAT AND CARRIAGE

We guarantee all titles are originals. We offer a quick and reliable service. Most Electron and BBC titles are available on request with the guarantee of at least £1.00 off the R.R.P.

Please send me:	Cost	Please make cheques payable to:	Name
1. _____ £		21st Software.	_____
2. _____ £		Send orders to:	Address
3. _____ £		21st SOFTWARE	_____
4. _____ £		20 Woodside Drive	_____
		High Lane, Stockport SK6 8HU	_____
		Tel: Disley (06632) 3160. (After 6pm)	Post Code

			Tel. No.

TOTAL £			

Micro Messages

Wrong? No, just memory trouble...

I AM so frustrated with the programs in your July issue. Either I have a bad copy or there is something wrong with the listings.

I would very much appreciate your help.

For instance:

Time Bomb comes up all squiggly. If I take out the \$data, I get the screen up then I get no room at line 2210.

In Manic Mole I get Bad Dim at line 50.

Higher Lower comes up Bad Mode at line 40. If I change the mode from one to five the game works, but the cards are a bit distorted.

I have been through all the games several times and there are no errors. — Marilyn Rodger, Kircaldy, Fife.

● It sounds as if you're running out of memory. Have you recently bought a Plus 3 disc drive? This grabs nearly 4k of precious RAM.

Luckily it can be retrieved after loading a program. There's a routine in the Plus 3 manual and one in Micro Messages in the August issue of Electron User.

A riddle is solved

JUST a quick note for the very simple solution of the cube root riddle in the August edition of Electron User.

$x^2 = x^2, x^3 = x^3$ and so on...
 $x^{1/2} = x^{1/2}, x^{1/3} = x^{1/3}$ and so on...
but also $x^{1/2} = \sqrt{x} = 2/\sqrt{x}, 3/\sqrt{x}, 4/\sqrt{x}$
So on the Electron:

3 cubed=313=27

cube root of 27=27^{1/3}=3

Here's a suggestion for anyone having big problems saving and loading programs on tape.

The signal from the computer sometimes is larger in amplitude than one the tape recorder can handle.

It can be attenuated (reduced) by adding a 100k Ω resistor in series with the centre wire of the tape recorder's microphone input.

More assembly language

programming, please. — Neil Rollins, Keighley, W. Yorks.

● This is just one of many letters we've had. Every one used a different method. Here's a short program using Neil's method of calculating cube roots.

```
10INPUT "Number ";N
20PRINT "Cube root is ";
N^(1/3)
30GOTO 10
```

Which system should I buy?

THE article by Nigel Peters on the Cumana floppy disc system for the Electron was extremely interesting and informative.

I note that Solidisk Technology also produce an Electron disc interface, which plugs into the Plus 1, but is much cheaper.

Can you please help with a comparison, as I would like to purchase a disc system but do not want to waste my money.

— D. Elliott, Ballymoney, N. Ireland.

● By the time you read this we should have a Solidisk system. A review will appear as soon as possible.

Plus 3 Mini Office

I AM very interested in interfacing with the Electron and read the review in the November, 1984, issue on Mushroom's printer/user port.

However, I noticed that in Micro Messages of February, 1985, you said that Electron User might be starting an interfacing series based on the Plus 1.

Does this mean that there is

going to be a user port peripheral, plugging in to a cartridge slot Plus 1?

In July's Micro Messages you mentioned that Mini Office is likely to be on Plus 3 disc soon. Is this still in the pipeline?

Also in July's issue was an advert for Superior Software's Repton with a £100 prize for the first person to complete it successfully.

Surely an Electron user with Slomo from Cambridge Computing Research could use this to win the competition? — G.J. Lord, Munster.

● We haven't got round to doing an interfacing article yet — we've been snowed under with work. Can anyone help us out?

The Mini Office team are still working on the Plus 3 disc version. They've had a few problems but reckon they'll have it licked soon.

The Slomo isn't much help in a game like Repton. It's not a fast shoot-'em-up — it requires a bit of thought and planning.

Yes, Repton can be done

WE have received enquiries from several customers regarding our new game Repton asking whether it is possible to complete all 12 screens.

We have had a letter from one customer who was so sure that the game could not be completed that he thought there was a bug in the program.

Could I assure Repton fans that all 12 screens can be completed without losing a life?

Screen J seems to cause the most problems. Some lateral thought is required to

complete this screen.

Incidentally, the prize of £100 has now been won, but look out for Repton 2 ... coming soon. — Richard Hanson, Superior Software, Leeds.

● Thanks for the reassurance, Richard. Some of us haven't got past Screen 1...

Hunt for those bugs

I AM writing to complain about the programs in your magazine. They do not work.

Yesterday me and my dad programmed in Quasimodo but it would not run past the title page. Can you help me, please? After all I spent my pocket money on it and I am only 11. — Christopher Brammall, Ashton-under-Lyne.

● Typing in programs is easy. Debugging them is very difficult. The problem is that it's next to impossible to type in a long listing without making a few slips.

It's easy to misread or mistype something, so afterwards go through it line by line, looking for simple typing errors. It gets easier and quicker with practice.

Just a typing error

CAN you help me with Mark Johnson's program Quasimodo in the June issue of Electron User?

When I had finished typing it in, I ran it and the instructions came up on the screen.

But when I had pressed the

From Page 47

number of which screen I wanted, it printed "Get ready" and played a little tune and then went back to the instructions.

What have I done wrong? — **Wesley Hall, Milton Keynes.**

● The problem is ON ERROR in line 20. If you remove this you'll be able to see where you've gone wrong. It's probably a simple typing error somewhere.

When the Electron discovers it, it starts the program again because the ON ERROR sends it to line 30.

Search is in vain

I HAVE an Electron and the Plus 3. I also have lots of games on tape and no games on disc.

I have been into every computer shop in Kidderminster for a tape-to-disc copier but no one has one.

If you know of a tape-to-disc copier for the Electron, could you please send me details? — **Russell Crowe, Kidderminster, Worcs.**

● We don't know of any tape-to-disc copiers for the Electron. Such a program might infringe copyright so it should be used with care.

Problems with Sim

HERE is my personal view on your publication. It has come of age. Being a regular reader I can honestly say that Electron User is now more interesting and more helpful.

After reading Micro Messages in the July issue, in particular your comments on "long machine code arcade games" well if you do only publish short and simpler listings, I'll have to cancel my regular order.

It may interest you to know I am married with three children. We all use the Electron which I bought over a year ago.

My two eldest children use an Electron at school, and my

WHAT would you like to see in future issues of Electron User?

What tips have you picked up that could help other readers?

Now's here is your opportunity to share your experiences.

Remember that these are the pages that you write yourselves. So

wife and I always type in your educational listings — Counting, Combinations, Euromap, Balance, Australian Coffee, Pelican, Fred's word game.

I also type in many of your games, and must say what a very good game Mr Freeze is.

I sometimes buy other computer magazines, I'll look one over see what it's got in for the Electron. If it's a game I look at the length of the listing.

If it's a long one I buy it. This I find is good practice.

I say don't spoil the magazine with 50 line listings.

I'm having problems with Sim. Somebody help, please. — **D. Wynne, Sherburn-in-Elmet, Yorks.**

● Has anyone completed Sim? It seems to be causing problems.

... and more

AFTER reading your July issue I was glad to hear that other people had problems with the game Sim.

I have had many problems. It is difficult enough just getting into the first cave let alone past "Wot no adverts".

I would recommend anyone buying it to be ready with lots of patience. — **R. Hudson, Chorley, Lancs.**

A tricky one this

I WOULD be extremely grateful if you could inform me of a way of disabling the combined effect of Ctrl and Break during the execution of a Basic program.

I own an Electron and have scoured the pages of magazines and books looking for the solution, whether it be a *FX command or an assembly

tear yourself away from your Electron keyboard and drop us a line. And please, if you want a reply, enclose an SAE.

The address is:

Micro Messages
Electron User
Europa House
68 Chester Road
Hazel Grove
Stockport SK7 5NY.

language, routine.

I can disable the Break key alone by using *KEY10 to re-run the program but would be over this world if I could find out how to prevent the program being halted and everything reset to normal by Ctrl and Break — **Lawrence Fereday, Camborne, Cornwall.**

● This is quite a tricky problem which requires a bit of machine code. John Woollard will be covering this in his series on *FX calls.

Just keep practising

I FIND it hard to make up games. I can produce fairly good graphics and sound, but find it hard to combine them.

I also find it very hard knowing which line goes where in a program. Perhaps if I knew this I could write a game that works.

I read through all your programs until I can understand them and then have a go myself at programming, and always end up copying pieces out of other programs.

But in my mind I feel a cheat. Am I the only Electron user who can't program yet? If not, this is for all you other Electron users too embarrassed to put pen to paper.

Don't get me wrong. Every month I read all your excellent tips on graphics, sound, etc, and they really help me to get a grip on the Electron.

Your programs are fantastic too. But could you tell me how your programmers learn to write such ace games?

Does this gift come to only certain people such as R. Waddilove or does it take long hard hours sitting at the

keyboard?

I do hope you could answer this for me and fellow Electron users. — **Charles Gilmour, Higham Ferrers, Northants.**

● Everyone starts off by copying other people's programs and techniques.

It's not cheating, it's all part of the learning process that we all went through. Keep on programming.

Remember the old saying: "Practice makes perfect".

Wanted — a bright spark

I AM in anguish! I have a copy of Alligata's Blagger but cannot get past the fourth screen (Loco Park). I cannot even get on to this screen very often.

I would appreciate it if you could tell me a code or program that I could enter so that when I pressed "4" on my Electron it would go to screen four and the same for the other 19 screens.

I would get more enjoyment out of Blagger if I could go to any screen. — **Simon Andrews (age 15), Gosport, Hants.**

● Can any bright spark tell us how to cheat at Blagger?

Verdict on the Plus 1

EVER since the Plus 1 became available the magazine correspondence columns seem to have been littered with complaints and enquiries highlighting loading problems, speed reductions, joystick option differences and so on.

Many have offered solutions varying in approach and complexity, but so far no official words from Acorn themselves.

The same can be said for the ROM cartridges. So far no articles of explanation, reviews, or user list of available titles.

And for the Acorn-produced analogue joystick, again no articles, reviews or user adverts.

Are Acorn so unconcerned

with customer relations?

If you can supply any further words of wisdom on the uses and abuses of the Plus 1, I would be most grateful. — R. Burley, Hull.

● The Plus 1, although there are one or two problems associated with it, is actually very good.

The joysticks and ROM cartridges are excellent. The trouble is this tends to be taken for granted and we only hear about the bugs.

My screen went black

I WAS playing about with one of my games when I accidentally pressed Break. The screen went black and nothing I did made the computer print Acorn Electron, etc.

So I loaded up my game again and noticed these lines:

```
10 ?%267=44C
20 ?%288=487
30 ?%289=482
```

at the start of the program. When I added them to one of my programs I noticed that when I pressed Break the same thing happened again.

I give this valuable information so that anybody who wants to protect their Basic programs can do so in safety. — Ieuan Watkins, Usk, Gwent.

PS. To disable the Escape key, use:

```
*FX208,1
```

We just can't tell...

WHILE playing Smash'n'Grab, I decided to have a look at the program.

I loaded the first part and then when I tried to load the second part, the computer displayed the message "Locked". Why is this?

Could you also show how this is done, please. — Liam Ruddock, Laxey, Isle of Man.

● The Locked message means that the program has been

protected so it can't be copied.

We cannot explain or publish a routine to lock and unlock programs as this would make the protection system useless.

Increasing the RAM

WITH 32k of RAM on board, the Electron sounds like it has plenty of memory to work with.

However Modes 0, 1 and 2 use 20k of RAM to store the screen display, and if you have a Plus 3 it also uses 3.5k of precious RAM.

A programmer using Mode 0 with a Plus 3 attached would have only 8.5k of RAM free for his program — not much room for a complex Basic one.

Is there then no way of expanding the RAM available via the cartridge ports on the Plus 1?

There are as yet virtually no cartridges, perhaps a RAM pack could be made to plug in. — Stephen Arnold, Finchley, London.

● The only way of increasing the amount of RAM would be to have a second processor similar to the BBC's 6502 and Z80 second processors.

Simply plugging RAM into a ROM socket will not work.

No Mode 7

HAS any company that you know of brought out Mode 7 for the Electron, or is any company thinking of doing so? — M. Milner, Ossett.

● There isn't a Mode 7 adaptor available for the Electron and we haven't heard of anyone who is making one.

A follow-up, please

THANK you very much for the screen dump routine in the April Electron User. As a follow-up, could you please have a second article on screen dumps showing how to use different dot-densities to imitate the different colours of the screen on the printer?

Secondly, concerning Mini

Strange calls...

WHILE messing about on my Electron I discovered some strange *FX calls not mentioned in the manual.

*FX 214 changes the duration of the note played when the Copy key is pressed. It is normally 5. Try *FX 214,1.

*FX 213 changes the pitch

of the note. Try *FX 213,200.

*FX 212,5 switches the note on Copy off altogether. — C. Morrison (13), Long Eaton, Notts.

● Thanks for the *FX calls. Have a look at John Woolard's series for more information on *FX.

Office, is it possible to achieve an 80-column display on the word processor to make it easier to set addresses on letters?

Also, with my Brother HR-5, when using "double height" characters, a line of spaces appears between letters (see example given). Is there any way round this? — Ben Still, Bushey Heath, Herts.

● The double line feed problem can be cured by setting the appropriate dip switch in the HR-5. As yet you can't have 80 columns on the Mini Office screen but you can, of course, on the printer.

New games on the way

HAVING spend a lot of money on the Acorn Electron, I was horrified to hear today at H.M.V., Oxford Street, that new games for this computer are no longer being made. Please would you clarify? — Nathaniel Baroukh (13), London.

● Don't panic — there are several new games coming out soon for the Electron.

Going round in circles

I GET completely baffled when it comes to drawing circles on the Electron.

I have had my computer since last November and started trying to draw circles a couple of days later, but I just can't do it.

I have tried all different theories but none of them

works. Could you help me? — Steve Peters, Swansea.

● You need to use a bit of maths to draw a circle as there isn't a built-in circle function on the Electron.

It isn't that hard, though. Try this short program which draws random coloured circles in Mode 2:

```
10 REM Circles
20 MODE 2
30 FOR circle=1 TO 20
40 GCOL 0,RND(7)
50 x=RND(1280)
60 y=RND(1023)
70 radius=RND(300)
80 MOVE x+radius,y
90 FOR angle=0 TO 360 ST
EP 20
100 DRAW x+radius*COS(RAD
(angle)),y+radius*SIN(RAD(a
ngle))
110 NEXT angle
120 NEXT
130 END
```

Electron is a winner!

MOST of my friends have Spectrums.

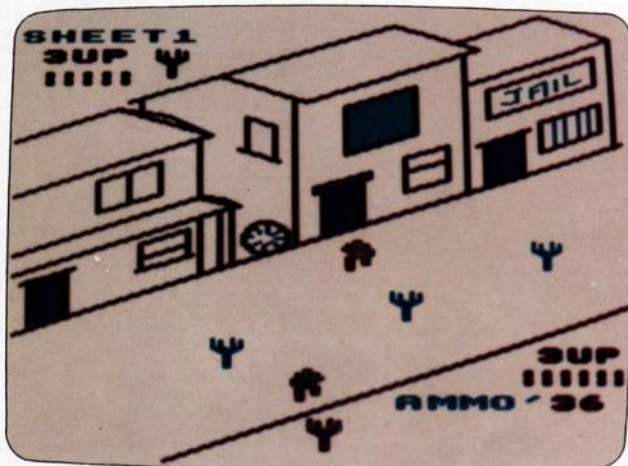
They say theirs is better as they have a much wider range of software, but I say the Electron is better because it has a much better keyboard compared to the Spectrum's rubber keys.

Without being biased, could you tell us which you think is better? — J.P. Forbes, Weymouth.

● This argument often comes up, but there's really nothing to compare — the Electron is much better by far.

Ride out West with KEN GOODACRE and do what a man's got to do

TE



TIRED of arcade action but don't want to hurt your brain with logic games? Well, why not go back to the days when a man was a man and do what a man has to do way out West?

Despicable Dan has ridden into town and the scene is set for a showdown between Dan and Tex the sheriff (you).

Tex has six shots in his gun, which is reloaded when Dan has used his six shots.

Each player has three lives, and when Dan has lost all his lives the game moves on to the next level.

On each progressive level the number of shots Tex starts with is reduced.

To make things a little more difficult, Tex can only fire straight, or at a preset angle, left or right depending on the proximity to Dan. Points also

PROCEDURES

auto	Main loop on one-player game.
test2	Main loop on two-player game.
jmp1	Tex jumps.
jmp2	Tex alights.
mr	Moves Tex and Dan.
sh	Tex fires.
sh2	Dan fires.
chek	Has anybody hit a cactus?
rico	Cactus has been hit.
del	Progressively deletes a cactus.
DGR	Tex and Dan dodge about.
turn_dan	Dan turns to face Tex.
at	Computer fires at Tex.
snake	Moves snake.
bite	Snake has bitten Tex!
run_on	Let battle commence!
over	Game over or next level.
advance	Advance to next level.
cac1/2/3	Draws a cactus.
w	Waiting loop.
up	Blind goes up.
shut	Shut that door!
carry	Undertaker carries Tex off.
run	Prints undertaker.
ask	How many players are there?
load	Loads a gun.
spent	Deletes a bullet.

MAIN VARIABLES

A%	Tex's ammo in one-player game.
B%/b%	Number of shots in respective gun.
ca1/2/3%	Piece of cactus.
D%/d%	Holds value for leg animation.
DIF%	Difference in Ypos of Tex and Dan.
E%/e%	Holds value for body animation.
ER%/er%	Error of Dan.
GM%/gm%	Number of games won.
P%/pp%	Number of players.
SC%/sc%	Score.
UP%/up%	Number of lives left.
u%	Timing of jump.
UX%	Xpos of undertaker.
UY%	Ypos of undertaker.
SN%	Type of snake, left or right facing.
SX%	Xpos of snake.
SY%	Ypos of snake.
X%/x%	Xpos of Tex or Dan.
Y%/y%	Ypos of Tex or Dan.

FLAGS

O%=1	If a cactus has been hit.
ov%=1	During play.
U%=1	If Tex jumps.



are awarded for shooting pieces off the cacti, which can only be hit when firing straight up.

On the third screen, one of Dan's gang throws a rattlesnake onto Tex's side of the

road. This snake proceeds to chase Tex for the rest of the game.

Tex can jump over the snake by pressing the spacebar. But if he comes into contact with the snake he

loses a life.

On the third level onwards, Dan's accuracy improves.

If Tex loses all his lives, an undertaker will come out and carry him off. As you might guess, the game is then over.

As well as this one player versus the micro, there's a two-player option in which both players are evenly matched.

The game will also demonstrate itself.

```
10REM Tex'n Dan
20REM By K.Goodacre
30REM (C) ELECTRON USER
40REM
50REM DO NOT RENUMBER!
60REM SAVE BEFORE RUNNIN
G:
70*KEY10 OLD:MRUNIM
80MODE6:VDU19,1,2,0,0,0
90RESTORE280:FORA=224T02
55
100READ B,C,D,E,F,G,H,I
110VDU23,A,B,C,D,E,F,G,H,I:
NEXT
120RESTORE340:FORA=1T04
130READ B,C,D,E,F,G,H,I,J
,K,L,M,N
140ENVELOPEA,B,C,D,E,F,G,
H,I,J,K,L,M,N
150NEXT
160*KEY0 DELETE18,340:MRU
N:M
170PRINTTAB(14,2)"TEX'N'D
AN"
180PRINTTAB(6,5)"*** One
Player Controls ***"
190PRINTTAB(2,7)"J=Left :
K=Shoot : L=Right : SPC=Ju
ap"
```

```
200PRINTTAB(6,9)"*** Two
Player Controls ***"
210PRINTTAB(4,11)"*=Left
: **Shoot : return=Right"
220PRINTTAB(5,13)"ctrl=Le
ft : A=Shoot : S=Right"
230PRINTTAB(5,15)"*****
*****"
240PRINTTAB(5,17)"Sound O
ff=Y":SPC(3):****:SPC(3):"
Sound On=U"
250PRINTTAB(3,20)"Press F
unction Key-0 & Please Wait
"
260END
270REM CHARACTERS
280DATA60,126,255,255,219
,231,255,255,24,24,126,24,
126,255,189,189,60,182,182
,182,182,182,36,182,60,182
,182,38,182,6,4,6,60,182,1
82,180,182,96,32,96,24,60,
153,219,255,126,60,60
290DATA8,16,16,24,4,120,1
29,126,24,24,126,24,198,12
7,61,61,24,24,126,24,125,2
54,188,188,3,54,124,121,63
,111,207,159,1,14,56,224,1
92,192,224,240,23,55,99,49
```

```
,24,12,4,4
300DATA240,248,285,199,19
5,232,128,24,0,0,0,24,24,3
2,0,0,72,242,183,71,135,2,
15,23,0,1,18,28,34,64,128,
0,39,71,47,13,12,6,6,3,0,
0,128,128,192,96,96,48,0,1
42,138,142,138,234,0,0
310DATA80,238,132,228,36,2
28,0,0,0,234,138,238,42,23
4,0,0,0,238,164,164,164,22
8,0,0,24,24,126,24,189,126
,60,60,32,80,136,136,136,0
0,32,0,119,69,117,21,119,0
,0,132,165,165,165,165,2
47,126,60
320DATA24,24,24,24,24,24,
24,24,128,128,128,128,128,
192,64,0,0,1,1,1,1,3,2,0,
0,32,32,32,32,48,48,48,4,4
,4,4,4,4,12,12,16,8,8,24,3
2,38,129,126
330REM ENVELOPES
340DATA1,0,0,0,0,0,126,
-1,0,-3,180,126,128,-2,-1,
-1,5,18,18,127,-1,-1,-1,180
,0,128,-1,-1,-1,20,20,20,2
0,0,-127,-5,126,126,2,4,4,
4,25,25,25,180,180,-1,-5,12
```

```
6,126
350 ON ERROR MODE6:PROCer
ror:END
360PROCInit:MODE5:VDU23,1
,0,0,0,0
370VDU5:PROCTitle:PROCPla
y:END
380:
390DEFPROCPlayrovX=1
400PROCAsk:IFPPX>80T0420
410PROCdemo
420PROCscreen:PROCw(180)
430GCOL3,3:MOVE550,410:PR
INT"DRAW!"
440PROCcllang:PROCw(50):PX
=PPX
450MOVE550,410:PRINT"DRAW
!"
460IFPPX=1PROCauto
470IFPPX=2PROCtest2
480ENDPROC
490:
500DEFPROCauto
510G=RND(30)
520IFB1>5ANDb1>5B1=0:b1=0
:PROCLoad(0,850,3):PROCLoad
```

DEALERS

PLEASE RETURN THIS COUPON
FOR ADVANCE INFORMATION
AND PRICES ON

VOXBOX

AN ALLOPHONE BASED SPEECH
SYNTHESISER FOR THE ELECTRON
OR CALL NOW ON

0480~218477

available from September

NAME _____

ADDRESS _____

POSTCODE _____

Send to Millsgrade Ltd., Dept 1M,
22b Market Square, St. Neots, CAMBS. PE19 2AT

SALE

BBC/ELECTRON PROFESSIONAL SOFTWARE

Our educational software is used in thousands of schools and homes
throughout Great Britain.

EDUCATIONAL 1

Hours of fun and learning for children aged five to nine years. Animated graphics will encourage children to enjoy counting, maths, spelling and telling the time. The tape includes six programs: MATH 1, MATH 2, CUBECOUNT, SHAPES, SPELL and CLOCK.

... 'An excellent mixture of games'... Personal Software - Autumn 1983

Tape £6.95 Disc £8.95

EDUCATIONAL 2

Although similar to Educational 1 this tape is more advanced and aimed at seven to eleven year olds. The tape includes MATH 1, MATH 2, AREA, MEMORY, CUBECOUNT and SPELL.

Tape £6.95 Disc £8.95

FUN WITH NUMBERS

These programs will teach and test basic counting, addition and subtraction skills for four to seven year olds. The tape includes COUNTING, ADDING, SUBTRACTION and an arcade type game called RICKET MATHS which will exercise addition and subtraction. With sound and visual effects.

'These are excellent programs which teachers on the project have no hesitation in recommending to other teachers'... Computers in Classroom Project.

Tape £6.95 Disc £8.95

FUN WITH WORDS

Start your fun with alphabet puzzle, continue your play with VOWELS, learn the difference between THERE and THEIR, have games with SUFFIXES and reward yourself with a game of HANGMAN.

... 'Very good indeed'... A&B Computing - Jan/Feb 1984

Tape £6.95 Disc £8.95

JIGSAW AND SLIDING PUZZLES

There are two jigsaw and four sliding puzzles on a 3 x 3 and 4 x 4 grid. Each program starts off at an easy level to ensure initial success but gradually becomes harder. It helps children to develop spatial imagination and in solving problems. The tape includes: OBLONG, JIGSAW, HOUSE, NUMBERS, CLOWN and LETTERS.

Tape £6.95 Disc £8.95

****SPECIAL OFFER****

Buy three titles and deduct £3.00
Add 50p p&p per order. Please state BBC or ELECTRON or
40 or 80 track for discs.

Golem Ltd, Dept E, 77 Qualitas, Bracknell, Berks RG12 4QG. Tel: 0344 50720

EPIC ADVENTURES...EPIC ADVENTURES...EPIC ADVENTURES...EPIC ADVENTURES...EPIC ADVENTURES



The Definitive Adventures for the Electron...

The Wheel of Fortune

This game is a classic puzzle
adventure with all the features you'd
expect from EPIC...

PLUS

- Intelligent moving characters with varying moods. And you can talk to them too!
- Multistatement language and speech interpreters.
- Runs in real time.
- 250 locations and over 30,000 characters of text. Only Epic's compression techniques can pack so much into the Electron.

"Having now tried all the Epic Adventures, they must be the yardstick by which all other adventures for the Electron should be judged."

ELECTRON USER

"The Wheel of Fortune for the BBC and Electron is a highly-recommended state-of-the-art adventure."

SHIELDS GAZETTE

"This has to be the adventure of 1984. It really is superb."

MICRONET 800

"The definitive adventure. Highly recommended."

ELECTRON USER

Our other three adventures have also received superb reviews in Electron User. They each contain approximately 230 locations and 25,000 characters of text.

TO: EPIC SOFTWARE, DEPT. E, 10 GLADSTONE ST., KIBWORTH BEAUCHAMP, LEICESTER LE8 0HL. Please Rush Me -

	CASSETTE	DISC	STATE:
_____ qty THE WHEEL OF FORTUNE	£9.95	£11.95	BBC/
_____ qty CASTLE FRANKENSTEIN	£7.95	£9.95	ELECTRON
_____ qty THE QUEST FOR THE HOLY GRAIL	£7.95	£9.95	(Delete)
_____ qty THE KINGDOM OF KLEIN	£7.95	£9.95	No Graphics on Electron

POSTAGE & PACKING FREE FOR 2 OR MORE. ADD 50p FOR ONE.

I enclose Cheque/P.O. to the value of _____ (Payable to 'Epic Software')

NAME _____

ADDRESS _____

POST CODE _____

All programs available for immediate despatch. Dealer enquiries welcome. Help Service. Send letter if you don't want to cut magazine.

*** NEW: FREE HELP SHEETS NOW AVAILABLE. EACH CONTAINS 100's OF CLUES - JUST SEND SAE ***

From Page 51

```
(1820,180,2)
530IFca1X%254PROCcac1
540IFca2X%254PROCcac2
550IFca3X%254PROCcac3
560IFbX%5ANDbX%15PROCdgr
570IFbX%18ANDbX%28ANDbX%
2PROCsh2
580IFbX%18ANDbX%28ANDbX%
=2PROCcat
590IFbX%15ANDbX%25PROCdgl
600IFbX%28ANDbX%1PROCcna
ke
610PROCtest:60T0510:ENDPR
OC
620:
630DEFPROCtest
640IFINKEY-69sX=0:*FX210,
1
650IFINKEY-54sX=1:*FX210,
0
660IFINKEY-87PROCcar
670IFINKEY-78PROCcal
680IFINKEY-71PROCsh
690IFU=1uX=0uX+1
700IFU=3PROCjap2
710IFINKEY-99ANDbX%1ANDU
X=0PROCjap1
720IFPOINT(SX,SY)=2PROC
bite
730ENDPROC
740:
750DEFPROCtest2
760IFbX%5ANDbX%5bX=0bX=0
:PROCLod(8,850,3):PROCLod
(1820,180,2)
770IFca1X%254PROCcac1
780IFca2X%254PROCcac2
790IFca3X%254PROCcac3
800IFINKEY-69sX=0:*FX210,
1
810IFINKEY-54sX=1:*FX210,
0
820IFINKEY-74PROCcar
830IFINKEY-88PROCcal
840IFINKEY-73PROCsh
850IFINKEY-82PROCcar
860IFINKEY-2PROCcal
870IFINKEY-56PROCsh2
880SOT0768:ENDPROC
890:
900DEFPROCjap1:PROCTex(EX
,Dx)
910YX=YX+50:PROCTex(EX,Dx
)
920SOUNDt0,4,80,1
930U=1:ENDPROC
940:
950DEFPROCjap2:PROCTex(EX
```

```
,Dx)
960YX=YX-50:PROCTex(EX,Dx
)
970U=0:U=0:ENDPROC
980:
990DEFPROCcar:PROCTex(EX,D
X)
1000X=X+30:IFX%1140X=1
140:60T01820
1010YX=YX+10:D=X+1:IFDX%
2280X=227
1020PROCTex(EX,Dx):ENDPROC
1030:
1040DEFPROCcar:PROCdan(eX,d
X)
1050X=X+30:IFX%1140X=1
140:60T01870
1060YX=YX+10:d=X+1:IFDX%
2280X=227
1070PROCdan(eX,dX):ENDPROC
1080:
1090DEFPROCcal:PROCTex(EX,D
X)
1100X=X-30:IFX%290X=29
0:60T01120
1110YX=YX-10:D=X+1:IFDX%
2280X=227
1120PROCTex(EX,Dx):ENDPROC
1130:
1140DEFPROCcal:PROCdan(eX,d
X)
1150X=X-30:IFX%290X=29
0:60T01170
1160YX=YX-10:d=X+1:IFDX%
2280X=227
1170PROCdan(eX,dX):ENDPROC
1180:
1190DEFPROCtest(EX,Dx):8COL
3,2
1200MOVEX-32,YX+20:VDUEX,
10,8,Dx
1210ENDPROC
1220:
1230DEFPROCdan(eX,dX):8COL
3,3
1240MOVEX-32,YX+20:VDUEX,
10,8,Dx
1250ENDPROC
1260:
1270DEFPROCsh:IFbX%SENDPRO
C
1280PROCspen(1820+8X+40,1
80,2)
1290B=X+1:J=X:Y=X:YX+D1
FX+30
1300IFP1=2THEN1330
13108COL3,2:MOVE1090,130:P
RINTAX
1320AX=AX-1:MOVE1090,130:P
RINTAX
```

```
1330IFovX=0ENDPROC
1340PROCturn_text:PROCturn_
dan
1350IFEX=232JX=JX+420:jX=j
X+140
1360IFEX=231JX=JX-420:jX=j
X-140
1370IFEX=2316X=70ELSEG6X=
0
1380IFEX=2256YX=16ELSEG6YX=
0
1390IFJX%1200JX=1200
1400IFJX%218JX=210
1410IFJX%400+D1FXJ=400+D1
FX
1420IFJX%70+D1FXJ=70+D1FX
14308COL3,1:MOVEX-61X,YX+
26-6YX:VDU46
1440SOUNDt0,1,4,2:8COL3,2
:0X=0
1450PROCchek(IX,YX,EX)
1460IFOX=1SCX=SCX+50:60T01
520
1470MOVEX,YX:PL0T21,JX,JX
:PROCW(2)
1480MOVEX,YX:PL0T21,JX,JX
14908COL3,1:MOVEX-61X,YX+
26-6YX:VDU46
1500IFAX=1PROCup
1510IFPOINT(JX,JX)=3PROCchi
tdan:ENDPROC
1520IFAX%1WIN="DAN WINS!
":PROCover
1530ENDPROC
1540:
1550DEFPROCsh2:IFbX%SANDPP
X=60T01500
1560IFbX%SENDPROC
1570PROCspen(bX+40,850,3)
bX=bX+1
1580JX=X:jX=YX-D1FX-40
1590IFovX=0ENDPROC
1600PROCturn_dan:PROCturn_
tex
1610IFEX=232JX=JX+420:jX=j
X+140
1620IFEX=231JX=JX-420:jX=j
X-140
1630IFJX%1200JX=1200
1640IFJX%218JX=210
1650IFJX%400JX=400
1660IFJX%70JX=70
1670IFEX=2316X=70ELSEG6X=
0
1680IFEX=2256YX=16ELSEG6YX=
0
16908COL3,1:MOVEX-61X,YX+
26-6YX:VDU46
1700SOUNDt0,1,5,2:8COL3,3
```

```
:0X=0
1710PROCchek(X,X,YX,eX)
1720IFOX=1scX=scX+50:ENDPR
OC
1730MOVEX,YX:PL0T21,JX,JX
:PROCW(2)
1740MOVEX,YX:PL0T21,JX,JX
17508COL3,1:MOVEX-61X,YX+
26-6YX:VDU46
1760IFPOINT(JX,JX)=2PROCchi
tex
1770ENDPROC
1780:
1790DEFPROCchek(KX,kX,EE)
1800IFPOINT(KX,230)=1ANDEE
X=225PROCric(260,KX,kX):EN
DPROC
1810IFPOINT(KX,330)=1ANDEE
X=225PROCric(360,KX,kX):EN
DPROC
1820IFPOINT(KX,440)=1ANDEE
X=225PROCric(470,KX,kX):EN
DPROC
1830ENDPROC
1840:
1850DEFPROCric(RX,XX,YX)
:0X=1
1860JX=RND(1279):jX=RND(30
0)+X
1870MOVEX,RX:PL0T21,XX
,RX:PROCW(2)
1880MOVEX,RX:PL0T21,XX
,RX
1890MOVEX,RX:VDU247,240
1900MOVEX,RX:PL0T21,JX,j
X:PROCW(2)
1910MOVEX,RX:PL0T21,JX,j
X
1920MOVEX,RX:VDU247,240:
8COL3,1
1930MOVEX-RX-61X,YX+26-6YX
:VDU46
1940IFRX=260PROCdel
1950IFRX=360PROCdel
1960IFRX=470PROCdel
1970SOUND1,2,280,1:ENDPROC
1980:
1990DEFPROCdel:IFca1X%254E
NDPROC
2000MOVE410,255:VDUca1X
2010IFca1X%253MOVE410,255-
32:VDU250
2020ca1X=ca1X+1:ENDPROC
2030:
2040DEFPROCdel:IFca2X%254E
NDPROC
2050MOVE770,355:VDUca2X
2060IFca2X%253MOVE770,355-
```

From Page 53

```

32:VDU250
2870ca21=ca21x1:ENDPROC
2880:
2890DEFPROCdeR:IFca3X>254E
NDPROC
2100MOVE1070,465:VDUca3X
2110IFca3X>253MOVE1070,465
-32:VDU250
2120ca3X=ca3Xx1:ENDPROC
2130:
2140DEFPROCchitdan:SOUND1,3
,220,5
2150PROCdan(eX,dX)
2160MOVES0,900:PRINTUpZrup
Z=upZ-1
2170MOVE50,900:PRINTupZ
2180MOVEX,Z,YX+50:PRINTD$:P
ROCW(40)
2190MOVEX,Z,YX+50:PRINTD$
2200MOVEX,Z,YX+30:PRINTK$
2210IFupZ<1PROCdead:END
PROC
2220IFPPX=1ANDX=0PROCcover
2230PROCW(100):MOVEX,Z,YX+3
0:PRINTK$
2240XZ=RD(850)+290:YX=X/
3+(DIFX)
2250PROCdan(eX,dX):ENDPROC
2260:
2270DEFPROCdandead:AZ=AZ+1
X=AZ+1
2280GCOL3,2:MOVEX,X+32,YX+1
6:VDU237
2290PROCW(100):GCOL3,1:JX=
YX
2300FORX=200TO0STEP-10
2310SOUND1,-15,5X,1:JX=X-
30:#FX19
2320MOVEX,X,JX:VDU226,0,11,
229
2330MOVEX,X,JX:VDU226,0,11,
229:NEXT
2340WIN#="Tex Wins!"
2350IFPPX=1MOVE320,950:PRI
NTGX+1
2360GX=GX+1
2370IFPPX=1MOVE320,950:PRI
NTGX+1
2380PROCcover:ENDPROC
2390:
2400DEFPROCDBR:REPEAT:PROC
NR
2410UNTILX<=RD(850)+290:
ENDPROC
2420:
2430DEFPROCdgr
2440PROCcr:PROCTest
2450IFX=RD(850)+290:END
PROC
2460GOTO2440:ENDPROC
2470:
2480DEFPROCDBL:REPEAT:PROC
mL
2490UNTILX<=RD(850)+290:
ENDPROC
2500:
2510DEFPROCdgl
2520PROCcl:PROCTest
2530IFX<=RD(850)+290:END
PROC
2540GOTO2520:ENDPROC
2550:
2560DEF PROCturn_dan
2570IFX=X+1+100PROCdan(eX,
dX):eX=231:PROCdan(eX,dX)
2580IFX<X+1+100PROCdan(eX,
dX):eX=232:PROCdan(eX,dX)
2590IFX<X+1+100ANDX+X-10
0PROCdan(eX,dX):eX=225:dX=2
26:PROCdan(eX,dX)
2600ENDPROC
2610:
2620DEFPROCturn_tex
2630IFX=X+1+100PROCtex(EX,
DX):EX=231:PROCtex(EX,DX)
2640IFX=X+1+100PROCtex(EX,
DX):EX=232:PROCtex(EX,DX)
2650IFX=X+1+100ANDX+X-10
0PROCtex(EX,DX):EX=225:DX=2
26:PROCtex(EX,DX)
2660ENDPROC
2670:
2680DEFPROCcr:IFbX500TO27
00
2690PROCspnt(bX+40,850,3)
bX=bX+1
2700BZX=RD(erX):IX=X+ERX
2710PROCturn_dan:PROCturn_
tex:PROCTest
2720IFeX=231GX=70ELSEGIX=
0
2730IFeX=225GY=10ELSEGIX=
0
2740GCOL3,1:MOVEX,X-GX,YX+
26-GYX:VDU46
2750SOUND10,1,5,2:GCOL3,3
:0X=0
2760PROCchek(X,YX,eX)
2770IFOX=1scI=scI+50:ENDPR
OC
2780MOVEX,X,YX:PLOT21,1X,YX
:PROCW(2)
2790MOVEX,X,YX:PLOT21,1X,YX
2800GCOL3,1:MOVEX,X-GX,YX+
26-GYX:VDU46
2810IFPOINT(1X,YX)=2PROChI
tex
2820ENDPROC
2830:
2840DEFPROCchitex:SOUND1,3,
200,5
2850PROCtex(EX,DX)
2860MOVE1070,230:PRINTUPX:
UPX=UPX-1
2870MOVE1070,230:PRINTUPX
2880MOVEX,YX+50:PRINTD$:P
ROCW(40)
2890MOVEX,YX+50:PRINTD$
2900MOVEX,YX+35:PRINTK$:U
Z=0:U=0
2910IFUPX<1PROCtexdead:END
PROC
2920PROCW(150):MOVEX,YX+3
5:PRINTK$
2930XZ=RD(850)+290:YX=X/
3-36
2940PROCtex(EX,DX):ENDPROC
2950:
2960DEFPROCtexdead
2970GCOL3,3:MOVEX,X+32,YX+2
1:VDU237
2980PROCW(100):GCOL3,2:JX=
YX
2990FORX=0TO200STEP0
3000SOUND1,-15,5X,1:JX=X+
40:#FX19
3010MOVEX,X,JX:VDU229,0,10,
226
3020MOVEX,X,JX:VDU229,0,10,
226:NEXT
3030WIN#="Dan Wins!"
3040IFPX=1PROCcarry
3050gaZ=gaZ+1:PROCcover:END
PROC
3060:
3070DEFPROCsnake:GCOL3,3
3080MOVESIX-36,SYX-12:VDUS
NX
3090IFSX(X=IXSNX=230:PROCS
nrt:ENDPROC
3100IFSX)IXSNX=255:PROCSn
rt:ENDPROC
3110:
3120DEFPROCsnrt:SI=SI+30
3130IFSX)IXSI=X:1:GOTO315
0
3140SYX=SYX+10
3150MOVESIX-36,SYX-12:VDUS
NX:ENDPROC
3160:
3170DEFPROCsnlt:SI=SI-30
3180IFSX(X=IXSI=X:1:GOTO320
0
3190SYX=SYX-10
3200MOVESIX-36,SYX-12:VDUS
NX:ENDPROC
3210:
3220DEFPROCbtex:SOUND0,3,0
,20
3230PROCW(50):PROCtex(EX,D
X)
3240SOUND1,3,100,5
3250MOVE1070,230:PRINTUPX:
UPX=UPX-1
3260MOVE1070,230:PRINTUPX
3270MOVEX,YX+35:PRINTK$:U
Z=0:U=0
3280IFUPX<1PROCtexdead:END
PROC
3290PROCW(150):MOVEX,YX+3
5:PRINTK$
3300XZ=RD(850)+290:YX=X/
3-36
3310PROCtex(EX,DX):ENDPROC
3320:
3330DEF PROCinit
3340C#CHR#249+CHR#10+CHR#
8+CHR#250
3350S#CHR#230+CHR#239+CHR
#10+CHR#8+CHR#8+CHR#240+CHR
#241
3360K#CHR#233+CHR#234+CHR
#10+CHR#8+CHR#8+CHR#235+CHR
#236
3370L#CHR#242+CHR#243+CHR
#0+CHR#8+CHR#10+CHR#244+CHR
#245
3380M#CHR#10+CHR#3+CHR#1+
CHR#225+CHR#10+CHR#3+CHR#2+
CHR#10+CHR#8+CHR#220
3390AIZ=36:DIFX=210:GMZ=0:g
mZ=0:PPZ=0
3400SCZ=0:scZ=0:siZ=1:0Z=0:
WIN#=""
3410UPI=3upX=3:ovX=1:ENDP
ROC
3420:
3430DEFPROCscreen:BX=0:bZ=
0:CLG
3440FORLX=1TO2:VDUI9,LX,0,
0,0,0:NEXT
3450VDUI9,3,2,0,0,0:GCOL3,
3
3460MOVE350,350:PRINT"PLAY
ERS="PPZ
3470IFPPX=0MOVE440,250:PRI
NT"DEMO"
3480GCOLB,2:RESTORE6430:F0
RLX=1TO112
3490READP,X,Y:PLOTP,X,Y:NE
XT:GCOLB,1
3500RESTORE6530:FORLX=1TO1
7:READP,X,Y
3510PLOTP,X,Y+60,Y:NEXT:REST
ORE6560
3520FORLX=1TO8:READP,X,Y:P
LOTP,X,Y:NEXT
3530IFPPX=1MOVE0,950:PRINT
"SHEET"GMZ+1:MOVE770,130:PR
INT"AMMO""

```



```

3540PROCopen(600,0,200,0):
PROCopen(0,0,0,0):PROCopen(
0,330,0,110):MOVE160,390
3550PRINTW:MOVE740,580:PR
INTW:
3560PROCwheel(1,1,0,0)
3570BGC0L0,0:MOVE495,485:VD
U42
3580PROCwheel(0,2,0,4)
3590PROCload(1020,100,2):M
OVE300,900
3600PRINTC:MOVE600,00:PRI
NTC:
3610IFPPX<2MOVE1090,130:PR
INTX:
3620MOVE1070,230:PRINTUPX*
UP:6COL3,3
3630MOVE350,350:PRINT*PLAY
ERS="PPX"
3640IFPPX=MOVE440,250:PRI
NT*"DEND"
3650VDU20:VDU19,3,2,0,0,0
3660PROCload(0,850,3):MOVE
1060,610
3670VDU255:MOVE940,570:VDU
230
3680MOVE50,900:PRINTUPX*UP
*:PROCW(50)
3690PROCcac1:PROCcac2:PROC
cac3
3700PROCrun_on:PROCW(50)
3710MOVE160,390:PRINTW:
3720PROCopen(600,0,200,0):
PROCshut(600,0,200,0)
3730SOUND&10,1,6,1:PROCW(2
5)
3740MOVE740,580:PRINTW:
3750PROCopen(0,0,0,0):PROC
shut(0,0,0,0)
3760SOUND&10,1,6,1:PROCW(2
5)
3770BGC0L3,3:MOVE1060,610:V
DU255
3780MOVE940,570:VDU230
3790PROCopen(0,330,0,110):
PROCshut(0,330,0,110)
3800SOUND&10,1,6,1:PROCW(5
0)
3810PROCdown(0):PROCW(50)
3820PROCnoon:PROCW(100):EN
DPROC
3830:
3840DEFPROCwheel(beq,C,inc)
3850MOVES20,475+35:6COL0,C
3860FORA=0TORAD370STEPinc
3870X=520+45*6IN(A):Y=475+
35*COS(A)
3880IFbeq=1THENMOVES20,475

```

```

3890DRAWX,Y:NEXT:ENDPROC
3900:
3910DEFPROCrun_on:ZX=1140:
YX=ZX/3-35
3920XZ=290:YX=XZ/3+(DIFX)
3930EX=225:YX=225:DX=226:d
Z=226
3940PROCtex(EX,DX):REPEAT:
PROCcl
3950FORSX=220TO130STEP-15:
SOUND&11,-15,SX,1:NEXT:UNTIL
ZX<=600
3960PROCdan(eX,dX):REPEAT:
PROCcar
3970FORSX=200TO10STEP-15:
SOUND&11,-15,SX,1:NEXT:UNTIL
ZX<=850:ENDPROC
3980:
3990DEFPROCerror:VDU19,1,2
,0,0,0
4000REPORT:FX15,1
4010PRINT* at line "ERL:V
DU14:ENDPROC
4020:
4030DEFPROCTitle2:6COL3,1
4040MOVE0,970:PRINT*TEX"N"
DAN*
4050MOVE750,130:PRINT*PRES
S*
4060MOVE600,85:PRINT*SPACE
BAR*
4070MOVE740,40:PRINT*TO PL
AY*:ENDPROC
4080:
4090DEFPROCcovertoVX=0
4100IFAX=1PROCdown(1)
4110IFAX=0ANDUPX*8ANDPPX=1
PROCAdvance:ENDPROC
4120IFPPX=0PROCTitle2
4130BGC0L0,1:MOVE600,85
4140PRINT*GAME OVER*:PROCj
ohn
4150IFPPX=0PROCW(150):RUN
4160PROCW(150):PROCplay:EN
DPROC
4170:
4180DEFPROCAdvance:AX=aX:6
COL3,1
4190IFGNX(360TO4210
4200RZX=rZX-25:IFRZX<0RZX=
0
4210FORLX=1TO12:PROCdel:PR
OCdelN:PROCdelR: SOUND&11,1,15
0,1:NEXT
4220FORLX=1TO6:PROCsh:PROC
W(2):NEXT
4230PROCload(1020,100,2):B
X=0
4240BGC0L3,3:MOVEXZ,YX+30:P

```



```

RINTKX:MOVES0,900:PRINTUPX:
upX=3:MOVE50,900:PRINTUPX:6
COL3,2:MOVEXZ+32,YX+16:VDU2
37
4250MOVE1090,130:PRINTX:A
X=36
4260AX=AX-6+6MX:IFAX(6AX=6
4270MOVE1090,130:PRINTX:A
4280XZ=RND(850)+290:YX=XZ/
3+(DIFX)
4290MOVE1070,230:PRINTUPX:
UPX=UPX+1
4300IFUPX>SUPX=5
4310MOVE1070,230:PRINTUPX:
ovX=1
4320PROCW(50)
4330IFGNX(>260TO4430
4340SX=100:SYZ=200
4350PROCshut(600,0,200,0):
PROCopen(600,0,200,0)
4360MOVE150,300:PRINTW:
4370BGC0L3,3:MOVESXZ-32,SYX
-12:VDUSNX

```

```

4380PROCW(30):MOVESXZ-32,SY
YX-12:VDUSNX
4390SX=270:SYX=SYX/3-36
4400MOVESXZ-32,SYZ-12:VDUS
NX
4410MOVE150,300:PRINTW:
4420PROCopen(600,0,200,0):
PROCshut(600,0,200,0)
4430PROCdan(eX,dX):PROCaut
o:ENDPROC
4440:
4450DEFPROCdemo:PX=1
4460PROCscreen:PROCTitle2:
PROCW(100)
4470BGC0L3,3:MOVE550,410:PR
INT*"DRAW!"
4480PROCclang:PROCW(50)
4490MOVES50,410:PRINT*"DRAW
!":FX15,1
4500EX=RND(30):MX=RND(30):
mX=RND(30)

```

From Page 55

```

4510IFINKEY=69x1:0:FX1210,
1
4520IFINKEY=54x1:1:FX1210,
0
4530IFB1:5ANDb1:5b1:0:PROCLoad(0,850,3):PROCLoad
(1020,100,2)
4540IFa1:254PROCCac1
4550IFa2:254PROCCac2
4560IFa3:254PROCCac3
4570IFB1:5ANDb1:15PROCCah
4580IFB1:15ANDb1:25PROCCah2

4590IFX1:20PROCDGR
4600IFa1:20PROCDGR
4610IFX1:10PROCDGL
4620IFa1:10PROCDGL
4630X=INKEY(0):IFX=32PROCP
lay:ENDPROC
4640GOTO4500:ENDPROC
4650:
4660DEFFPROCCac1:ca1X=251:6
COL3,1
4670FORL1=1TO4:PROCDel:SOU
ND410,1,0,1
4680PROCW(3):NEXTica1X=251
:ENDPROC
4690:
4700DEFFPROCCac2:ca2X=251:6
COL3,1
4710FORL1=1TO4:PROCDel:SOU
ND410,1,1,1
4720PROCW(3):NEXTica2X=251
:ENDPROC
4730:
4740DEFFPROCCac3:ca3X=251:6
COL3,1
4750FORL1=1TO4:PROCDel:SOU
ND410,1,1,2,1
4760PROCW(3):NEXTica3X=251
:ENDPROC
4770:
4780DEFFPROCW(t):TIME=0
4790REPEAT UNTIL TIME>=t:
NDPROC
4800:
4810DEFFPROCP:6COL3,1:SOU
ND2,2,2,6
4820FORL1=66870746STEP8:ND
VE690,L1
4830DRAW820,L1+45:NEXT
4840GCOL3,3:MOVE700,766:PR
INTL#
4850ENDPROC
4860:
4870DEFFPROCDwn(bq):SOUND
0,2,2,6
4880IFbq=0THEN4900

```

```

4890GCOL3,3:MOVE700,766:PR
INTL#
4900GCOL3,1:FORL1=764TO668
STEP-8
4910MOVE690,L1:DRAW820,L1+
45
4920NEXT:ENDPROC
4930:
4940DEFFPROCCshut(A,B,C,D):6
COL3,1
4950RESTORE6580:FORL1=1TO5
:READP,X,Y
4960PLOT,P,X-A+B,Y-C+D:NEXT
:ENDPROC
4970:
4980DEFFPROCCopen(A,B,C,D):6
COL3,1
4990RESTORE6590:FORL1=1TO5
:READP,X,Y
5000PLOT,P,X-A+B,Y-C+D:NEXT
:ENDPROC
5010:
5020DEFFPROCCarry:UYX=645:U
Y1=566
5030PROCCshut(0,0,0,0):PROC
open(0,0,0,0)
5040IFX1=UX1PROCCgoR:ENDPR
OC
5050IFX1:UX1PROCCgoL:ENDPR
OC
5060:
5070DEFFPROCCgoR:PROCCrun(225
,D1)
5080REPEAT:PROCW(1):PROCr
un(225,D1)
5090IFUX1=X180T05310
5100UYX=UYX+20
5110IFUYX=X180T05310
5120UYX=UYX-10
5130DX=D1+1:IFDX>2280X=227
5140PROCCrun(225,D1)
5150UNTIL UYX=X1 AND UYX<
Y1+110
5160PROCCrun(225,D1):PROCr
un(225,226)
5170PROCCopen(0,0,0,0)
5180PROCCshut(0,0,0,0):PROC
non
5190PROCCshut(0,330,0,110):
PROCCopen(0,330,0,110):6COL3
,3:MOVEX+32,Y1+21:VDU237
5200GCOL3,2:MOVEX,Y1+35:P
RINTK#
5210MOVEX,Y1+35:VDU224
5220PROCCrun(225,226):PROCr
un(246,226)
5230PROCW(100):uxX=1000:uy
Y=658
5240IFX1:1000PROCCretL(0):E
NDPROC

```

```

5250PROCCretR:ENDPROC
5260:
5270DEFFPROCCgoL:PROCCrun(225
,D1)
5280REPEAT:PROCW(1):PROCr
un(225,D1)
5290IFUX1=X180T05310
5300UYX=UYX-10
5310IFUYX=X180T05310
5320UYX=UYX+10
5330DX=D1+1:IFDX>2280X=227
5340PROCCrun(225,D1)
5350UNTIL UYX=X1 AND UYX<
Y1+110
5360PROCCrun(225,D1):PROCr
un(225,226)
5370PROCCopen(0,0,0,0)
5380PROCCshut(0,0,0,0):PROC
non
5390PROCCshut(600,0,200,0):
PROCCopen(600,0,200,0):6COL3
,3:MOVEX+32,Y1+21:VDU237
5400GCOL3,2:MOVEX,Y1+35:P
RINTK#
5410MOVEX,Y1+35:VDU224
5420PROCCrun(225,226):PROCr
un(246,226)
5430PROCW(100)
5440uxX=48:uyY=349:PROCCret
L(1):ENDPROC
5450:
5460DEFFPROCCretR:MOVEX,Y1+
35:VDU224
5470PROCCrun(246,226):PROCr
un(224,D1)
5480PROCCrun(100)
5490REPEAT:PROCW(1):PROCr
un(224,D1)
5500IFUX1=uxX180T05520
5510UYX=UYX+10
5520IFUYX=uyY180T05540
5530UYX=UYX+10
5540DX=D1+1:IFDX>2280X=227
5550PROCCrun(224,D1)
5560UNTIL UYX=uxX AND UYX
=uyY
5570PROCCrun(224,D1):PROCCop
en(0,330,0,110):PROCCshut(0,
330,0,110):ENDPROC
5580:
5590DEFFPROCCretL(bq)
5600MOVEX,Y1+35:VDU224
5610PROCCrun(246,226):PROCr
un(224,D1)
5620PROCW(100)
5630REPEAT:PROCW(1):PROCr
un(224,D1)
5640IFUX1<uxX180T05660

```

```

5650UYX=UYX-20
5660IFUYX=uyY180T05680
5670UYX=UYX+10
5680DX=D1+1:IFDX>2280X=227
5690PROCCrun(224,D1)
5700UNTIL UYX=uxX AND UYX
=uyY
5710IFbq=0PROCCrun(224,D1)
:PROCCopen(0,330,0,110):PROCC
shut(0,330,0,110):ENDPROC
5720PROCCrun(224,D1):PROCCop
en(600,0,200,0):PROCCshut(60
0,0,200,0):ENDPROC
5730:
5740DEFFPROCCrun(EX,D1):6COL
3,2
5750MOVEUX1,UY1:VDUEX,10,0
,D1:ENDPROC
5760:
5770DEFFPROCClang
5780SOUND11,1,81,6:ENDPR
OC
5790:
5800DEFFPROCTitle:CLG:D1=22
7:EX=225
5810UYX=10:NX=650:Y1=150:6
COL0,1
5820MOVE150,750:PRINT#
5830MOVE1100,750:PRINT#
5840MOVE285,745:PRINT"TEX
'N' DAN"
5850MOVE155,755:PRINT#
5860MOVE1105,755:PRINT#
5870MOVE290,750:PRINT"TEX
'N' DAN"
5880MOVE375,585:PRINT"from
the:6COL0,3
5890MOVE380,590:PRINT"from
the"
5900PROCW(100):RESTORE6610
5910FORL1=300T01050 STEP12
5
5920X=L1:D1=D1+1:IFDX>228
DX=227
5930PROCCretX(EX,D1):6COL3,3
5940GX=0:PROCCric(750,L1,
150)
5950SOUND10,1,4,2:PROCW(2
)
5960MOVEX,166:VDU46:6COL0
,2:READV,U
5970MOVEUYX-75,425:PRINTCHR
#V+CHR#U
5980GCOL0,1:MOVEX-70,430
5990PRINTCHR#V+CHR#U:6COL3
,3
6000GX=70:PROCCric(425,L1

```



```

,150)
6010SOUND40,1,5,2:PROCW(2)
)
6020MOVE1-70,166:VDU46:PR
OCTEX (EX,DX)
6030NEXT:MOVE1X,Y:PRINTX#
:SCOL0,1
6040MOVE1X+32,Y-12:VDU237
:N1-300
6050PROCJohn:PROCW(200):EN
DPROC
6060:
6070DEFPROCask:CL6:SCOL0,1
:IFPX=1PPX=0
6080MOVE430,850:PRINT<GAM
ES>*
6090MOVE430,200:PRINT<SCD
RE>*
6100MOVE360,670:PRINTWIN#
:SCOL0,2
6110IFAX(1ANDUPX)0MOVE150,
570:PRINT*TEX OUT OF AMMO**
6120MOVE1000,850:PRINT*TEX
*:MOVE1000,750:PRINTGMX:MOV
E1000,200:PRINTSCX
6130SCOL0,3:MOVE100,850:PR
INT<DAN*:MOVE100,750:PRINTG
M:MOVE100,200:PRINTSCX
6140SCOL3,2:MOVE50,400:PRI
NT<ONE OR TWO PLAYERS?>:FX
15,1
6150TIME=0:REPEAT
6160IFINKEY-69X=0:FX1210,
1
6170IFINKEY-54X=1:FX1210,
0
6180IFINKEY-40PPX=0:TIME=4
00
6190IFINKEY-49PPX=1:TIME=4
00
6200IFINKEY-50PPX=2:TIME=4
00
6210UNTIL TIME=400
6220WEX=100:UPX=3:UPX=3:UX
=0:UX=0
6230IFPPX<20MX=0:UX=0:SCX
=0:SCX=0
6240AX=36:SYX=0:SYX=0:SNX=
230:ENDPROC
6250:
6260DEFPROCload(X,Y,C):BCO
L3,C
6270FORLX=X TO X+200 STEP4
0
6280MOVE1X,Y:PRINT*!>:NEXT
:ENDPROC
6290:
6300DEFPROCspent(X,Y,C):BCO
L3,C

```

```

6310MOVEX,Y:PRINT*!>:ENDPR
OC
6320:
6330DEFPROCnoon:IFX=0:ENDP
ROC
6340RESTORE6630:FX15,0
6350FORLX=1029:READA,P,D
6360SOUND2,A,P-39,D:NEXT:E
NDPROC
6370:
6380DEFPROCJohn:IFX=0:ENDP
ROC
6390RESTORE6650:FX15,0
6400FORLX=1015:READA,P,D
6410SOUND2,A,P+1,D:NEXT:E
NDPROC
6420REM BUILDINGS
6430DATA4,0,264,5,1279,69
0,4,312,0,5,1279,322,4,3
84,394,5,384,520,5,456,54
4,5,0,392,4,456,544,5,38
4,566,5,384,698,5,400,706
,5,0,570,4,400,706,5,222
,766,5,0,692
6440DATA4,384,566,5,0,430
,4,453,542,5,453,413,4,4
26,532,5,426,406,4,216,76
5,5,327,750,5,411,705,4,
387,565,5,435,562,5,465,5
47
6450DATA4,278,753,5,278,7
89,5,246,781,5,426,841,5
,600,783,4,426,841,5,789,
962,5,963,904,5,600,783,
4,576,791,5,576,458,4,930
,894,5,930,576
6460DATA4,1257,600,5,1257
,932,5,930,823,4,1257,932
,5,1098,985,5,912,923
6470DATA4,39,278,5,39,382
,4,114,384,5,114,406,4,1
6,372,5,128,410,4,264,462
,5,363,495,5,363,435,4,2
70,428,5,366,460,4,261,40
1,5,372,438,4,267,460,5,
267,406
6480DATA4,177,601,5,306,6
44,5,306,575,5,100,533,5
,100,602,4,240,622,5,240,
553,4,406,670,5,406,745,
5,540,727,5,540,649,4,550
,646,5,468,673
6490DATA4,636,477,5,636,5
82,4,717,582,5,717,604,4
,621,572,5,735,611,5,735,
623,5,621,585,5,621,572,
4,681,769,5,825,817,5,825
,789,5,681,661,5,681,769
6500DATA4,804,653,5,808,6
81,5,808,686,5,807,579,5
,807,654,4,807,621,5,808,
640,4,1230,782,5,1095,737
,5,1095,671,5,1230,716,5
,1230,782,4,981,747,5,121
0,826,5,1218,889,5,981,81

```

```

0,5,981,747
6510DATA4,975,580,5,975,6
87,4,1050,613,5,1050,716
,4,1060,721,5,954,683
6520REM JAIL SIGN
6530DATA4,959,805,5,992,8
18,4,980,809,5,980,785,5
,953,782,4,1014,810,5,1014
,4,833,5,1044,800
6540DATA4,1014,810,5,1014
,794,4,1014,809,5,1032,81
2,4,1071,812,5,1071,836,
4,1098,840,5,1098,827,5,1
128,839
6550REM BARS
6560DATA4,1283,769,5,1203
,712,4,1176,761,5,1176,70
7,4,1149,753,5,1149,696,
4,1122,744,5,1122,687
6570REM DOORS
6580DATA4,639,574,5,639,4
84,85,711,596,5,639,484,
85,711,586
6590DATA4,670,585,5,670,5
22,85,711,596,5,670,522,
85,711,586
6600REM TITLE
6610DATA69,100,101,99,116,
114,111,110,39,85,115,101,1
14,46
6620REM MUSIC
6630DATA1,101,3,0,0,1,1,
121,3,0,0,1,1,129,3,0,0,
1,1,137,3,0,0,1,1,121,3
,0,0,1,1,141,2,0,0,1,1,1
37,3,0,0,1,1,129,3,0,0,1
,1,121,16,0,0,2,1,121,3
,1,129,3,0,0,1,1,137,4,0
,0,1
6640DATA1,129,3,0,0,1,1,
121,3,0,0,1,1,109,7,1,12
9,17
6650DATA1,53,4,0,0,2,1,5
3,4,0,0,2,1,41,4,1,53,2
,1,73,4,1,81,2,1,89,4,0,
0,0,1,89,2,0,0,0,1,89,4
,1,81,2,1,73,12

```

This listing is included in this month's cassette tape offer. See order form on Page 61.



FOR CONNOISSEURS OF MODERN LANGUAGE LEARNING

COMMODORE 64 • BBC (32K) • ELECTRON • SPECTRUM (48K)



Dealers, contact
Lightning, Proteus,
Centresoft, Microdeal
or Tiger.

For beginners, O-level and beyond, these best-selling programs are unique and highly successful aids to language learning. Each cassette provides a comprehensive series of vocabulary lessons and a variety of self-paced learning and test modes. All accents and special characters are clearly displayed and different colours denote masculine, feminine and neuter words to reinforce gender learning. The create command enables new lessons in vocabulary or grammar to be entered, edited as required, then saved on tape. By using this simple yet vital feature, homework lists and exam revision can be retained indefinitely and recalled on demand. Two cassettes are available for each language, covering thousands of words. Level A provides 16 lessons in general vocabulary; Level B provides a further 16 lessons including adjectives, adverbs and fully conjugated verb lists.



KOSMOS SOFTWARE LTD 1 Pilgrims Close, Harlington, DUNSTABLE, Beds. LU5 6LX Tel: (05255) 3942



The French Mistress Level A ☐ £8.95 The French Mistress Level B ☐ £8.95 Computer type _____ (Commodore 64/BBC/Electron/Spectrum)
The German Master Level A ☐ £8.95 The German Master Level B ☐ £8.95 Mr/Mrs/Miss _____
The Spanish Tutor Level A ☐ £8.95 The Spanish Tutor Level B ☐ £8.95 Address _____

KOSMOS SOFTWARE LTD.

1 Pilgrims Close, Harlington, DUNSTABLE, Beds. LU5 6LX.

Postcode _____

BOBBY CHARLTON SOCCER

For BBC Model/B and Acorn Electron

"It's the best computer soccer game I have ever seen"

Adrian Heath - Everton F.C.

Full Arcade-action Soccer Game - YOU build your teams
- then YOU play Soccer.

Package contains two modules - MANAGER Module and
MATCH-PLAY Module.

Manager Module Features:

- Select 4-4-2, 4-3-3, 4-2-4 or Sweeper System.
- Decide Separate SKILL, ACCURACY and STAMINA levels and any special field positions for each of your eleven men.
- Pre-match injuries (optional - allocated by computer) affect players' performance.
- Select 2-player game, or 1 player v. computer, or computer v. computer.

Match-Play Module Features:

- Full 22-man Soccer action - in 3D perspective.
- YOU control the men - Tackle, Dribble, Pass, Shoot and SCORE!
- Use joysticks OR keyboard to vary pace and direction of men and ball.
- Includes Corners, Throw-ins and Goal-kicks and variable-height passes etc.
- Play anywhere from 3 to 45 minutes each way.

There is no other computer football game to match the realism of BOBBY CHARLTON SOCCER. Introduction and playing tips recorded on cassette by Bobby Charlton.

"We've worked hard for a year now and we've produced what we think is a fantastic game. It's very realistic, the players can move individually from the joystick ... they can pass and they can shoot ..."

Bobby Charlton

£11.95 Package with Manager Module and Match-play Module £11.95

Available through all computer specialists or direct from DACC (post free).

From
DACC



Name (BLOCK LETTERS) _____

Address _____

County _____

Postcode _____

Please send me _____ copies of the Bobby Charlton Soccer Game from DACC at _____

My computer is a _____

I enclose cheque/Postal Order for the total of _____



You may order with Access or Barclaycard, either by post or 24hr. telephone (0942) 522002.

Please debit my account no. _____

Despatch within 48 hours.

dacc
LIMITED

Tel: DACC Ltd (Dept. EU 685),
23 Waverley Road, Hindley,
Wigan, Lancashire
WN7 3BN.

EXTRA MODULES AVAILABLE SOON!
The World Cup Module and
Canon League Module will be
created by Bobby Charlton's
knowledge of individual
players and teams.

ROTATE

This superb animated square must be seen on screen to be believed!

ROTATE, written by PAUL HEATH, takes Electron Basic to its limits as it shows what skilful animation can do.

Consisting of four "distortions" of a square, it's amazing how much action there is in such a short program.

The REPEAT... UNTIL loop of lines 130-220 contains the main workings of the program. Inside this, the FOR... NEXT loop draws the square in white and then black.

The program then jumps out of the loop to change the values of the square's coordinates by calling the relevant procedure. The result is the apparent motion of the square.

```
10 REM**ROTATE**
20 REM**By Paul Heath**
30 REM
40 REM
50 MODE6
60 PROCmenu
70 IF A<1 OR A>4 THEN PR
INT TAB(0,5);SPC(50);GOTO60
```

```
80 ON ERROR GOTO290
90 MODE4
100 VDU23;8202;0;0;0;
110 X1=400;X2=400;X3=700;
X4=700
```

```
120 Y1=400;Y2=700;Y3=700;
Y4=400
130 REPEAT
140 FOR N=1 TO 0 STEP -1
150 GCOL0,N
160 MOVEX1,Y1;DRAWX2,Y2;D
RAWX3,Y3;DRAWX4,Y4;DRAWX1,Y
1
```

```
170 NEXT N
180 IF A=1THENPROCROT1
190 IF A=2THENPROCROT2
200 IF A=3THENPROCROT3
210 IF A=4THENPROCROT4
220 UNTILX4(400ORY4)700
```

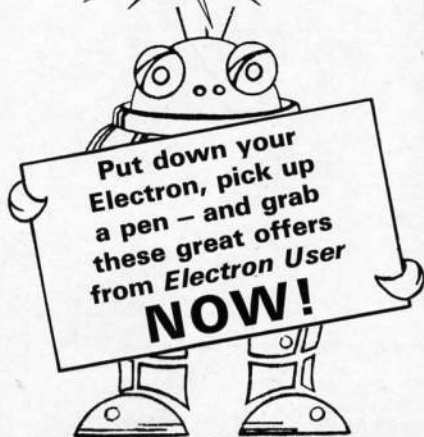
```
230 GOTO110
240 DEF PROCmenu:PRINT TA
B(0,0)"Press Escape at any
time to restart":INPUT TAB(
0,5)"Please enter a number
(1 to 4)":A:ENDPROC
250 DEF PROCROT1:X2=X1+15
:X4=X4-15;Y2=Y2-15;Y4=Y4+15
:ENDPROC
```

```
260 DEF PROCROT2:X1=X1+9;
X2=X2+10;X3=X3-9;X4=X4-10;Y
1=Y1+9;Y2=Y2-10;Y3=Y3-9;Y4=
Y4+10:ENDPROC
270 DEF PROCROT3:X1=X1+10
```

```
:X2=X2+10;X3=X3-10;X4=X4-10
:ENDPROC
280 DEF PROCROT4:Y1=Y1+10
:Y2=Y2-10;Y3=Y3-10;Y4=Y4+10
:ENDPROC
290 IF ERR=17 THEN RUN EL
SE MODE6:REPORT:PRINT* at l
ine*ERL
```

This listing is included in this month's cassette tape offer. See order form on Page 61.

electron user



Be one of the first to get each issue

A subscription will ensure you get your own personal copy **HOT OFF THE PRESSES** month after month for the next year.

Every owner of an Electron — and everyone thinking of buying one — needs to get *Electron User* every month. It's the brightest, most authoritative yet completely independent guide to a machine that has so much potential you will never tire of reading about its remarkable capabilities.

You can buy *Electron User* from your local newsagent or station bookstall. Or you can take out a 12 months subscription and have it delivered to you by post.



Your Electron need protecting!

Protect your Electron with our luxury dust cover made of soft pliable water-resistant vinyl, bound with strong cotton and decorated with *Electron User* logo.

£3.95



Keep your collection of *Electron User* complete with these handsome binders

Bound in attractive red pvc with the *Electron User* logo in gold blocking on the spine, this binder will hold 12 magazine firmly secured in place by metal rods. **£3.95**

All prices include postage, packing and VAT

Overseas rate stated is Surface Mail. Air Mail price on application.

Valid to September 30

Please enter number required in box £ p

Electron User back issues

£1.50 UK	Set of 4 introductory issues	3006	
£2.25 Overseas (Surface)	February 1984	3007	
	March 1984	3008	
	April 1984	3009	
	May 1984	3010	
	June 1984	3011	
	July 1984	3012	
	August 1984	3013	
	September 1984	3014	
	October 1984	3015	
	November 1984	3016	
	December 1984	3017	
	January 1985	3018	
	February 1985	3019	
	March 1985	3020	
	April 1985	3021	
	May 1985	3022	
	June 1985	3023	
	July 1985	3024	
	August 1985	3025	

Electron User annual subscription

UK & Eire (Sterling only)	£12	3001	
Overseas (Surface)	£20	3003	
Overseas (Airmail)	£40	3004	

Commence with _____ issue TOTAL _____

Dust cover

£3.95 UK	3058	
£4.45 Overseas		

TOTAL _____

Binder

£3.95 UK	3059	
£5.00 Overseas		

TOTAL _____



TOTAL _____

Electron User tapes

£3.75 UK	26 introductory programs	3032	
£4.25 Overseas	Lunar Lander	February 1984	3033
	Chicken	March 1984	3034
	Spacehike	April 1984	3035
	Rally Driver	May 1984	3036
	Money Maze	June 1984	3037
	Golf	July 1984	3038
	Castles of Sand	August 1984	3039
	Haunted House	Sept 1984	3040
	Breakfree	Oct 1984	3041
	Star Fighter	Nov 1984	3042
	Christmas Box	Dec 1984	3043
	Space Battle	Jan 1985	3044
	The Kingdom of Cral	Feb 1985	3045
	Mr Freeze	Mar 1985	3046
	Super Archer	April 1985	3047
	Skramble	May 1985	3048
	Quasimodo	June 1985	3049
	Manic Mole	July 1985	3050
	Digga	August 1985	3051
	Tex'n Dan	Sept 1985	3052

Cassette tape annual subscription

£40 UK	3005	
£46 Overseas		

Commence with _____ tape (state month) TOTAL _____

Classroom Computing on the Electron

UK & Overseas	Cassette £5.95	3070	
	Magazine £1.95	2210	
	Cassette and Magazine £7.00	3071	

TOTAL _____

Mini Office

£5.95 UK	3062	
£6.45 Overseas		

TOTAL _____



TOTAL _____



See Page 38 for the program listings contained in the monthly cassette.

Ten of the Best

£5.95 UK	Volume 1	3068	
£6.45 Overseas	Volume 2	3069	

TOTAL _____

Getting Started in BBC Basic

£5.95 UK	2289	
£7.95 Overseas		

TOTAL _____

Electron Advanced User Guide

£9.45 UK	3072	
£11.45 Overseas		

TOTAL _____

Payment: please indicate method (✓)

TOTAL _____

☐ Access/Mastercharge/Eurocard

No. _____

☐ Barclaycard/Visa

No. _____

Expiry Date
/ /

☐ Cheque/PO made payable to Database Publications Ltd.

Name _____ Signed _____

Address _____

Send to: **Electron User, Freepost, Europa House, 68 Chester Road, Hazel Grove, Stockport SK7 5NY.**

(No stamp needed if posted in UK) Please allow 28 days for delivery

You can also order by phone

Don't forget to quote your credit card number and give your full address

061-480 0171

E
EU/8

HOW TO BE SECOND BEST...

We tried to write an exciting advertisement about the **ADDCOMM ROM**.

We wanted to tell you that **ADDCOMM** is...

"probably the best value for money out of the Toolkits", but "Acorn User" (Oct. '84) and "Micro User" (Oct. '84) told you first, followed by "Personal Computing Today" (April '85) and "The BBC ROM Book" by Bruce Smith.

We thought you should know that **ADDCOMM** is...

"Highly recommended for graphics programming", but "Using the BBC Micro" said that in their No. 1 issue.

We could have informed you that the...

"**ADDCOMM** chip vastly increases the power of the Micro from the programmers' point of view".

but "Education Equipment" (Oct. '84) found out first.

We could sum up by simply announcing...

"**ADDCOMM** is brilliant".

but, guess what, "Electron User" (June '85) got in before us!

So, that just leaves us with the boring bits of what it costs:

£28.00 including VAT and Post.

and where to get it.

Vine Micros
Marshborough, Nr. Sandwich,
Kent CT13 0PG.
(Or some Dealers)

If you want to read about **ADDCOMM**, send us a stamp for the sixteen page brochure which also contains recent reviews. **ADDCOMM** is suitable for the **ELECTRON** with ROM Box, also the BBC 'B' O.S. 1.20 and the BBC 'B+.'

ADVERTISERS INDEX

21st Software	46
Advanced Computer Products	13
Blue Ribbon Software	2
Cumana	43
D.A.C.C.	52
Epic Software	58
Golem	53
Kosmos Software	58 & 62
Mayday Software	62
Millsgrade	52
Qualsoft	36
Slogger Software	18
Solidisk	8 & 9
Superior Software	64
Vine Micros	62

**FREE
RACING
ANALYSER**

**ELECTRON
POOLS
PREDICTOR**

**14,000
MATCH
DATABASE**

After three successful seasons of pools prediction on the BBC micro, we are pleased to announce the Electron version of our renowned Pools Predictor program. Complete with powerful form analysis, a massive database and much more. And making this an outstanding punter's package, there is a free Racing Analyser Program to let you analyse any horse race using the racecard from your daily paper. Now beat that for value!

**MAYDAY
SOFTWARE**

**181 Portland Crescent
Stanmore, Middx. HA7 1LR**

£8.99

FOR CONNOISSEURS OF ACTION, LEISURE OR LEARNING BBC Electron

**ANSWER BACK Sports
Game £9.95**
(ages 14 and over)
Challenge the KOSMOS
team of football or
tennis. But be warned, we
don't lose easily...
- **NEW RELEASE**
Whatever your sport,
this program probably
knows a lot more than
you do!
**ANSWER BACK Junior
£9.95**
(ages 6 to 11)
Defeat the dragon and
save the princess of
KOSMOS Castle...
- a superb program
with vast potential... (A
& B Computing
November 1984)

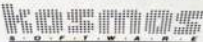


**ANSWER BACK Senior
£9.95**
(ages 12 and over)
Outwit the KOSMOS robot
and destroy the alien
invaders...
- superb program...
(Personal Computing
Today, October 1984)
IDENTIFY EUROPE £7.95
(for all ages)
Solve the European
jigsaw puzzle by land or
sea...
- **NEW RELEASE** Discover
Europe without leaving
your home!

The **IDENTIFY EUROPE** program provides a fascinating way of discovering and learning the geography of Europe. The program will provide hours of amusement for all the family and everyone is sure to benefit from it.

The **ANSWER BACK** series needs little introduction. Each program combines a massive wealth of information with a fascinating and compelling game. The Senior and Junior quizzes each contain 750 questions and 3000 optional answers on General Knowledge. The Sports program is even larger containing a mind-bending 800 questions on Sport and two high-speed machine code games - Football and Tennis. But that's not all. For quiz fans, full facilities are provided for creating and saving new quizzes or modifying those supplied - and you don't need to be a programmer!

KOSMOS SOFTWARE LTD
1 Pilgrims Close, Harlington, DUNSTABLE, Beds. LU5 6LX
Tel. (05255) 3942



Dealers, contact Lightning, Microdeal, Proteus or Tiger.

Please supply the following programs for the BBC/Electron computer

ANSWER BACK Sport @ \$9.95 ☐ **ANSWER BACK Junior** @ \$9.95 ☐
IDENTIFY EUROPE @ \$7.95 ☐ **ANSWER BACK Senior** @ \$9.95 ☐

Orders are normally despatched within 48 hours

KOSMOS SOFTWARE LTD, 1 Pilgrims Close, Harlington, DUNSTABLE, Beds. LU5 6LX Tel. (05255) 3942

Mr/Mrs/Miss
Address
Postcode



Out of the many thousands of programs submitted to Electron User... out of the dozens that have been considered good enough to appear in these pages... we have selected 20 of the most outstanding to delight, intrigue – and frustrate! – Electron users everywhere.



**Only
£5.95
each**

*Please use the
order form
on Page 61*



Volume 1 contains:

Jam Butty

Machine code simulation of high drama on a building site

Golf

Play a round by yourself, or play against your pals.

Haunted House

Fight against all the odds to get out alive.

Space Hike

Another classic. Help the spacemen avoid marauding monsters.

Parky's Peril

Help Parky through an invisible maze, racing against time.

Rally Driver

All the thrills of high-speed driving, with none of the risks.

Alphascope

Your letters are in a twist. Can you put them in order?

Knockout

Fast and furious action as you batter down a brick wall.

Money Maze

Avoid ghosts and collect coins in an all-action arcade classic.

Lunar Lander

The traditional computer game specially written for the Electron.

Volume 2 contains:

Atom Smash

Machine code thrills as you help to save the world from destruction.

Bunny Blitz

Go egg collecting, but keep away from the proliferating rabbits.

Castles of Sand

Build castles – but beware the rising tide and hungry sandworms.

Reaction Timer

Test your reactions with this traffic lights simulation.

Solitaire

The Electron version of the age-old game of logic and patience.

Jumper

Jump for your life in this exciting arcade action game.

Break free

Test your wits and reflexes in this popular classic ball game.

Code Breaker

Crack the code in a colourful if frustrating brainteaser.

Parachute

Save the plunging sky divers from a watery end.

Star Fighter

Attack the bandit ships in this fast-moving 3D punch-up.

A CHALLENGING ARCADE-STYLE ADVENTURE

REPTON



THE INTRODUCTORY SCREEN



AN EGG ABOUT TO HATCH



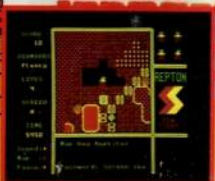
SCREEN L



A LURKING REPTILE



THE MAP (SCREEN H)



ACORN ELECTRON VERSION

£9.95 cassette/£11.95 disc

**ACORN
ELECTRON
BBC
MICRO**

Your mission is to retrieve all the diamonds from a series of underground caves; some of the diamonds are easy to collect but many are located in cleverly-constructed traps of falling rocks and boulders. Other diamonds lie nearby giant eggs which hatch into ferocious reptiles. You are aided by maps to guide your way through the 12 increasingly difficult levels. Each level features 4-way screen-scrolling over an area of 16 times the size of the screen — an enormous challenge by any standards! A fascinating strategic game with an ingenious "password" feature which enables you to skip screens which you have already completed once. Our best game yet!

Competition

When all 12 levels of Repton have been completed in succession, a congratulatory message is displayed on the screen. The first person to send us a photograph of this screen will win **£100**. Closing Date: 30th September, 1985.

WE PAY UP TO 20% ROYALTIES FOR HIGH QUALITY BBC MICRO AND ELECTRON PROGRAMS.



SUPERIOR SOFTWARE LTD.

Dept. MU7, Regent House,
Skinner Lane, Leeds 7.
Tel: 0532 459453.



OUR GUARANTEE

- (1) All our software is despatched within 48 hours by first-class post.
- (2) In the unlikely event that any of our software fails to load, return your cassette to us and we will immediately send a replacement.

